"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers to-day; fair to-morrow; light winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,098. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 9, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MAGAZINE EXPLODES; 15 DIE, SCORES HURT

Baseball Crowd Ignores Warning to Run from Blazing Explosive Works in Canada.

OTTAWA IS BADLY SHAKEN

Trees and Houses Leveled for Miles Around While Great Stones Crush Out Lives.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 8.—Five tons of an explosive in a magazine exploded at the works of the General Explosives Company near Hull this afternoon and at least fifteen persons were killed and scores were injured. Many of the victims had formed part of a crowd at a ball game and persisted in watching the fire at the works after having been warned of the peril if the big magazine exploded.

Everything within a radius of a mile and a half of the works was torn and shattered. Giant trees were snapped off close to the earth, barns and houses were converted into kindling wood. Many small houses were wrecked in Hull and larger buildings were damaged, while in Ottawa, four miles away, the Government and other buildings were shaken and many windows were smashed.

The Known Dead.

The known dead from the explosion are:

AGH, ROBERT, 63 years old.
ANDERSON, HORACE.
BEDARD, JOSEPH.
BLASHFIELD, JOHN, struck by a stone as he was sitting on the doorstep of his home surrounded by his family.
CARRIERE, ROSALIE and YOLANDE, struck by a stone, which came through the roof of their house.
CERVANTE, ANTOINE, 12 years old.
GAGNE, THEODORE.
JARDINE, LEONARD, badly crushed.
LAURIN, FERDINAND, 3 years old.
LEBLANC, ALBERT.
McCANN, LOUIS, a boy, struck by a big stone.
SABAIRIN, WILLIAM, 21 years old.
BOY and GIRL found together, and too badly crushed to be recognized.

Among the more seriously hurt were: Miss Brisson, leg broken; P. Dupuis, arm broken; Patrick Blashfield, internal injuries; George Coleman, leg broken; M. Seguin, skull fractured; Hector Fiset, skull fractured; Walter Scott, Robert Hasty, Allen Hartley, Henry Longley. All the hospitals of Ottawa are filled with the injured, and it is believed that from 100 to 150 casualties have occurred.

City Tried to Remove Works.

The factory comprised a number of small buildings in the outskirts of Hull. It was devoted to the manufacture of a specially powerful explosive used in railway construction and similar work, which under ordinary conditions of handling is extremely safe.

Uneasiness had been long felt in Hull at the situation of the factory, and the City Council had taken steps to oblige the company to remove its establishment. Litigation resulted in a defeat for the municipality, the latest judgment in the case having been rendered a short time ago.

The disaster was caused by small boys, who started a brush fire this afternoon near the works. It extended about 5 P. M. to a building used as a workshop. This burned for about three-quarters of an hour, when the building in which the detonators were stored exploded with a sharp report which was heard all over the City of Ottawa. Soon afterward the main magazine, which contained about five tons of the explosive, detonated with a tremendous shock. Enormous clouds of smoke rose to a great height, while stones, many of which were of great size, were sent great distances away.

There were many shanties nearby in which laborers lived, and these were shattered by the shock or by stones, and many of their occupants suffered.

Baseball Crowd Watched Fire.

A baseball game had been in progress a short distance from the powder works about 6 o'clock this evening. The teams were playing the last inning, and when a fire was seen in one of the small buildings of the powder plant the crowd began to swarm up the hill to get a better view of the blaze.

Warning of the danger came to the onlookers in two minor explosions soon after the fire got well under way. A shower of sparks and fragments of the wrecked building fell among them, and there was a scurrying out of what was considered the danger zone. Some men in the crowd, aware of the peril when the main magazines were reached by the flames pleaded with the crowd to go still further back, and many heeded the warning. Others, apparently enjoying the element of danger in the spectacle, stood within 1,000 yards of the burning buildings. They were kept excited by detonations which sent showers of brands in all directions.

The baseball game ended and the remainder of the spectators and the players rushed up to join the crowd at the fire. It was then that the main magazines exploded. The spectators were knocked down, and some headless, armless, and legless bodies were lying among the scores of unconscious forms.

The falling stones also beat down many. A bridge over Brewery Creek was thronged with onlookers, and it is feared that some of those fell into the stream.

Many small buildings were blown down in Hull and windows were broken everywhere. The electric light plant was put out of business.

The damage in Hull, however, was less than that in Ottawa. Government Hall, which is nearly three miles away from the scene of the explosion, was badly shaken and much harm was done.

Every window on one side of Rideau Hall was blown out and two great stone chimneys toppled over on the roof of the building. Rideau Hall is still occupied by Earl Grey and his family. The whole vice regal establishment fled panic-stricken to the street. They were soon reassured that there was no further danger.

All over Ottawa plate glass fell in fragments. It is particularly remarked that nearly every bank in the city suffered greatly. Practically every one to-night has a policeman standing at its vacant window frames.

The first call for aid from the hospitals and the police came from the section of Hull nearest the magazines. There it was found that fully forty small frame dwellings had been shattered and many injured people were imprisoned in the wreckage. The Police and Fire Departments were joined by scores of volunteers in the work of rescue.

It was fully an hour and a half after the explosion that word came into this city of the extent of the disaster. Ambulances and automobiles were rushed to the scene and the frightfully injured were carried to the local hospitals until there was room for no more, and then they were brought across the river to this city. As soon as Earl Grey learned the extent of the disaster he ordered a detachment of troops sent across the river.

The shock brought thousands of terror-stricken people into the streets of Hull. Some thought it was an earthquake, while others cried out that the comet had struck the earth.

FRENCH SOCIALISTS GAIN.

Capture 14 Seats from Government—Castellane Is Defeated.

PARIS, May 8.—The second ballots for 229 seats in the Chamber of Deputies, taken to-day throughout France, passed off quietly.

Late returns showing the election of 196 Deputies give 116 to the Government, 44 to the Socialist, and 36 to the parties of the Right. The Government has lost 14 seats and the Socialists have gained 14. The other parties stand as before.

Count Boni de Castellane was defeated for re-election by the Radical Republican Perchod. M. Jaurès, leader of the Socialists, was re-elected.

Among those elected are M. Millerand, Minister of Public Works; Henri Brisson, President of the Chamber; Jules Siegfried, Prof. Paul Painleve, and Abbé Jules Lemire. Among those defeated are Paul Doumer and Fernand Dubief, the former a Republican Radical and the latter a Radical Socialist.

MADRID, May 8.—Elections were held to-day throughout Spain for the Chamber of Deputies. One hundred and fourteen Deputies whose candidacies were uncontested had already been officially declared elected. These comprised 69 Liberals, 34 Conservatives, 3 Republicans, 3 Carlists, and 5 representing other parties.

To-day's election passed off quietly except at Bilbao, where the Republicans besieged the Basque Club and shots were fired, and at Ciudadola, where troops were called out to quell disturbances

The few returns available to-night show that the Government is likely to have a working majority. The Republicans carried the day in Madrid, six Deputies being elected by large majorities as compared with three in 1909.

At Barcelona the Radical group, of which Alejandro Lerroux is the leader, captured five seats.

Premier Canalejas y Mendes, prior to the election, declared that the election law was not satisfactory, but the Government intended to prevent abuses, and, if necessary, to annul the elections where money was employed or the monks or clergy interfered.

GIRLS TO FAST THREE DAYS.

Three Will Eschew Food in Hope of Curing Indigestion.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., May 8.—Mrs. Keith Trask, Miss Marian MacKellar, and Miss Anne D. Townsend, well known residents of Garden City, will eat their last meal to-night for three days to test the declarations in a recently printed magazine article that fasting is a panacea. They will not go as far as the story proposes. Their families will not let them, but they have decided to eschew food from Monday morning until Wednesday night. A milk diet will follow.

Saturday afternoon a game of golf was forsworn, and the trio went in search of a cow guaranteed to yield eighteen quarts of milk a day, for, according to their programme, each will consume six quarts a day for a week. In this way they hope to get themselves in perfect physical condition. None of the young women was in poor health, but each has suffered from indigestion and was not helped by doctors.

Mrs. Frederick Sawyer has left home to visit Morristown, N. J., giving the girls the use of the house during her absence. The maid has been dismissed and eatables abolished. The progress of the experiment will be watched with interest by friends of the girls. Many young men in the set to which the girls belong were importuned to join the fast. They argued, however, that while no doubt it would be interesting it was not conducive to success in Wall Street. In a spirit that hardly may be counted altruistic, companions of the girls are planning to visit them with offerings of well-stocked hampers to test the sincerity of their endeavor.

Wagers are being made that one of the girls who is fond of sweets will give out by Tuesday morning.

BOMB WRECKS A DRUG STORE.

Tenants Rush Out in Terror as Explosion Shakes the Building.

Fifty families in a double tenement at Chrystie and Stanton Streets were suddenly awakened at 4 o'clock yesterday morning when a terrific explosion blew in the front of the drug store of Dr. Vincenzo Buffa on the street floor. The explosion was heard ten blocks away.

The bomb was placed in the entrance to the store behind an iron pillar. Policeman Albert Ehrlich of the Eldridge Street Station was about fifteen feet away when the explosion took place, and Policeman Feinlander of the same station was not far away.

Ehrlich said he saw a little spurt of flame and immediately after there was an explosion. Both policemen ran to the building and ordered the tenants who had run to the fire escapes not to jump. When they saw there was no fire the tenants became calm. Reserves from the Eldridge Street Station were called, and detectives from the Italian Bureau were also sent to investigate.

The explosion tore away the windows, on both sides of the store, destroyed the contents of the windows, and wrecked every showcase. A huge hole was blown in the entrance, where the explosive had been placed.

Dr. Buffa, who lives in the building, has conducted the store for seven years and is also a practicing physician. He said he had no enemies he knew of, and had received no threatening letters.

The explosion aroused the neighborhood and the streets soon were crowded with an excited mob. The police reserves had difficulty in keeping the crowd back.

Three months ago an explosion in the hallway of the tenement at 266 Chrystie Street tore away the stairways and caused a panic. The only clue was a hat which had been left in the hall, but there have been no arrests.

FATAL RIOT AT A MINE.

One Man Killed, Others Wounded in Fight with Guards.

PITTSBURG, May 8.—In a riot at the Westmoreland Coal Company's mines at Yukon, about thirty miles from here, one man was killed to-night, two others fatally hurt, and more than a score wounded. A squad of thirty guardsmen employed by the company clashed with the miners, and revolvers and shotguns were freely used for fully twenty minutes.

Paul Koenan, a miner, about 35 years old and married, was shot through the heart and instantly killed. Michael Fasig and Antonio Martini have fatal wounds in the lung and abdomen, respectively. An unknown woman and a child standing in a doorway received bullet wounds. Three guardsmen bear bullets in legs or arms, and many miners have similar wounds.

There is but one telephone from the mine settlement. As that is owned by the coal company it was difficult to-night to get details of the trouble. As soon as the rioting began word was sent to the garrison of State police at Greensburg, and within twenty minutes a squad of mounted men were on the scene, promptly overawing the rioters. Half a dozen doctors were also sent from Greensburg. At midnight it was reported that the mining settlement had quieted down.

SHOTLAND,
Tailor, 275 Fifth Ave.,
Authority on Gentlemen's Apparel.—Adv.

PRINCE HERE WITH 'CANNED' INTERVIEW

Iyesato Had It Ready Printed, and Reporters Failed to Get Him to Add Much.

HE SCOFFS AT WAR TALK

As for His Views About It, See Paragraph Three—Japan Soon to Have the Sky-Scraper.

Prince Tokugawa Iyesato, President of the Japanese House of Peers and sixteenth in line of descent from a famous Shogun of Japan, fenced with reporters for nearly an hour yesterday afternoon to keep himself from telling any more about himself, his country, or his impressions of America than was contained in a prepared and printed interview which his secretary had all ready to hand out. He answered politely some 200 questions supplementary to this "canned" interview, as some Western reporters called it, but there was very little else than what was printed on which he wished to commit himself.

Prince Iyesato came to this city from Seattle via Chicago, Pittsburg, and Washington. He is on the way to the Anglo-Japanese Exhibition in London. He and his party arrived at the Plaza at 5:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon in three taxicabs, in which they were driven from the West Twenty-third Street ferry. The Prince begged to be excused for a few minutes when a group of reporters sent their cards to him at the Plaza shortly after his arrival, as he wished to rest a little after his journey from Washington. He sent word to the group a little later that they could come to his room, and as each one entered a printed slip was handed to him on which was an answer for every question likely to be asked.

"This war talk?" he repeated, catching up one of the first questions suggested. "Look at Paragraph 3 and you will see nothing remaining about which to ask."

Paragraph 3 dealt with this newly-coined phrase, "The Japanese-American War." "I personally cannot imagine such a thing taking place," the slip read, "for America has assisted materially in Japan's progress and civilization and is her benefactor, with whom the best terms of cordiality and friendship exist. I sincerely hope, therefore, that friendly relations which so happily exist between our two countries may remain unchanged for many years, and, indeed, I am convinced that this will be the case."

What the Prince Looks Like.

The Prince, who is rather stockily built and more rotund than the average Japanese, smiled placidly upon his visitors while they hunted up the paragraph referred to.

"Do you think there are commercial antagonisms in the Far East that will need adjustment as a move toward making peace more permanent?" was asked.

"That is something of which I know nothing," the Prince replied, and then the lengthy series of cross questions began in a vain effort to obtain additions to the pre-arranged data. The questions ran through every phase of Japanese social, political, and military life, and the answers were poured forth suavely upon them all whether complimentary or impertinent, leaving the reporters at the end as lacking in information as they had been at the beginning.

"They say, your Excellency," led out one caller who had been reading up on Japanese lore "that political parties in Japan are obtaining quite a foothold and are endangering the stability of the older feudal aristocracy."

"Ah, they may be. I do not know."

"And how about the Japanese Resident General in Korea? It is said here that Japan is planning to annex Korea at once, and has recalled the Resident General to Tokio as a preliminary move in that direction."

"Yes, our Resident General has left Korea and he is in Tokio. His health is very bad, you know. That is why he came."

"What impressed you most about America on your journey across the country?"

"Oh, there were so many interesting things."

"And President Taft—you met him in Washington. How did he impress you?"

"Taft—why, I have met him several times before—in my own country twice and on my previous visit to this country, twenty-nine years ago."

"Was it when you were here before that you thought of this plan of printing out your answers for reporters in advance?"

"No; a friend of mine in Japan thought of that for me, and he wrote out the slip I have the honor to present to you."

"Many Americans have come into your country in the last ten years. Are they beginning to indicate their presence through adoption of American styles of architecture?"

One Question He Answered.

"I do not know about that." Then Prince Iyesato smiled a still broader smile as he realized he was being asked a question of no possible political import. He relaxed slightly and decided to venture his views.

"Yes," he said, "your steel and concrete buildings are being introduced. And we are soon to have—what is it you call it?—the skyscraper? But as we have very many earthquakes in Japan I do not know how they will do. Perhaps we shall teach your American builders more about the skyscraper than they shall teach us. It the earthquakes are hard enough."

And that was the full extent to which the President of the House of Peers was willing to commit himself. He was silent on all questions about England's new King.

K. Midzuno, Japanese Consul General in this city, outlined the programme which his royal guest will follow while here.

"We have prepared it," he said, "with a view of respecting the wishes of the Japanese court in regard to mourning for King Edward's death. Our custom requires that everything in the Japanese capital be very quiet during the period of mourning. So everything here in the receptions planned for Prince Iyesato shall be very quiet also."

This morning the Prince will be taken on a sightseeing tour of the city, during which he will visit the Custom House, the Stock Exchange, and the National City Bank. At noon he will be the guest of the Japanese Society at a railroad club luncheon, and in the evening a dinner will be given him at Sherry's, at which the resident Consul General will be host.

To-morrow Melville Stone, General Manager of The Associated Press, who became acquainted with Prince Iyesato on his recent visit to the Far East, will be his host at a lawyer's club luncheon, after which he will visit the Hippodrome.

The Prince will leave New York on Wednesday for Liverpool on the Mauretania. He will return to Japan via the Siberian railroad, following a European tour whose purpose, he says, is purely social and personal.

A biographical sketch, appended to his ready-to-print interview, states that he is the present head of the illustrious Tokuwaga family, is the sixteenth heir to the Shogun Tokugawa Iyeyasu, is decorated with the Grand Cordon of the Rising Sun, and holds court rank of the Senior Second Grade. He received his education in Europe.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with newsdealers to-day.

FOUR LOST AT SEA FROM THE OCEANA

Three Sailors Drown in a Vain Effort to Rescue a Stoker Who Had Jumped Overboard.

THEIR LIFEBOAT CAPSIZES

Vessel Halts More Than Two Hours Searching for the Bodies, but They're Not Found.

By United Wireless to THE TIMES.

STEAMSHIP OCEANA, at Sea, May 8.—Four sailors were lost overboard from the Oceana this morning on her voyage to Bermuda from New York, three of them losing their lives in an attempt to rescue the fourth man, who had jumped overboard.

The man who started the trouble was an Italian stoker. After the ship left New York on Saturday morning he seemed morose and silent. About 7:30 this morning he suddenly ran up to the deck from the engine room and leaped into the sea. The engines were immediately stopped and reversed full speed astern in the hope that the lost man might be picked up.

A lifeboat was quickly lowered, but in the haste of getting it into the water it capsized and threw the six sailors, with whom it had been manned, into the sea.

A second boat was lowered and life preservers were thrown to the crew of the first boat as they struggled in the water. Three of the six managed to seize the life preservers, but the other three sank.

The Oceana stood by for two hours and a half while a vain search was made for the bodies. She then proceeded on her way to Bermuda, where she is due to-morrow.

The Oceana is a Hamburg-American cruising yacht which has been chartered by the Quebec Steamship Company to make weekly runs between New York and Bermuda. She was purchased by the Hamburg-American Company from the Union Steamship Company some years ago. When owned by the Union Steamship Company her name was Scott. When she was in the South African trade there was, among some sailors, a yarn that she was an unlucky boat.

VASSAR GRADUATE A SUICIDE.

Miss Nancy Bingaman, Crazed by Death of Fiance, Shoots Herself.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 8.—Miss Nancy Bingaman, 26 years old, a Vassar graduate, and a member of one of the oldest Pittsburg families, killed herself to-day by firing a bullet through her brain. Sudden dementia, caused by grief over the death of her fiancé a year ago, is given by the family as the cause of her suicide.

Miss Bingaman was a niece of Dr. Bingaman, the noted alienist who figured prominently in the trial of Harry K. Thaw.

While other members of the family were at church this morning Miss Bingaman remained at home. When they returned she could not be found. They finally learned that the door to a maid's room was barred, and looking through the keyhole, saw blood on the floor. They called Dr. J. E. Johnson, who entered the room by means of a ladder. The girl was dead.

Miss Bingaman was one of the most beautiful girls in this part of the country. Before the death of her fiancé she took part in many Vassar functions in the East. Her father, J. P. Bingaman, was an associate of E. M. Bigelow, one of the foremost public men in Pittsburg.

WINS PRIZE AT ORATORY.

Cornell Student Pleads for Harder Study, Upholding President Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 8.—The $100 prize in oratory offered by Gen. Stewart L. Woodford for members of the Cornell senior class was won by Stanton Griffis of Ithaca in a plea for a return by students to serious work in college. It was entitled "The Side Show and the Main Tent."

Griffis has had perhaps more college honors than any other man in the senior class, having been editor in chief of the Cornell Sun, a member of the Theta Delta Chi Fraternity, the prominent senior societies, and most of the important committees in charge of student functions. His oration was in the nature of a confession. He admitted the justice of President Woodrow Wilson's recent criticisms of such things.

Griffis got the decision by a unanimous vote of the judges, who were Dean H. S. White of Harvard, Prof. Alexander of the University of Toronto, and Judge George McCann of Elmira.

NO BEER FOR CHICAGO DENS.

Thirty Breweries Join Police in War on Chicago Tenderloin.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Thirty breweries, including some of the largest in the country, have joined with the Chicago police in their crusade against the selling of liquor in Tenderloin resorts. The brewers have given Police Chief Steward a written guarantee that they will assist in preventing the sale of intoxicating liquors in all resorts in the city and will not deliver beer to any resort that has been placed under the ban.

"The brewers have made it plain that the administration of any large city can prohibit the sale of liquors in dens of vice if the administration so desires," one of the brewers said.

BRETTON WOODS IN WHITE MTS., N. H.
Information at 171, 1,132, [illegible] B'way.—Adv.

ROOSEVELT WILL NOT BE KAISER'S GUEST

German Ruler Accepts Ex-President's Offer and Cancels Castle Visit on the King's Account.

HE WILL STAY WITH HILL

Roosevelt Suffering from Hoarseness and Has to Cancel Some of His Stockholm Engagements.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 8.—Theodore Roosevelt will not be the guest of the Kaiser in Berlin. Immediately on his arrival in the city on Tuesday morning Mr. Roosevelt will repair to the American Embassy and remain there as the guest of Ambassador Hill till his departure for London, five days later. This radical change in the ex-President's plans has been made on his own initiative in view of the death of King Edward.

Mr. Roosevelt's willingness to place himself entirely in the Kaiser's hands left his Majesty free to withdraw from his intended hospitality and observe the strict dictates of the mourning which his royal uncle's death imposes upon him. The Kaiser caused Ambassador Hill to be informed to-day that he thoroughly appreciated Mr. Roosevelt's tactful thoughtfulness and would avail himself of it. His Majesty will therefore not meet the American ex-President at the station as he had planned to do and will entertain him, as matters are now arranged, only at a strictly private family luncheon at Potsdam on Tuesday.

Not to Miss Sham Battle.

The Kaiser will, of course, not go to Ambassador Hill's for dinner Wednesday evening, but he will attend Mr. Roosevelt's lecture at the University of Berlin on the following day. The sham battle arranged for the Colonel's benefit at Doeberitz on Wednesday will also take place according to programme, but the Kaiser's participation is improbable. It is expected that several private opportunities will be provided during the week for Mr. Roosevelt to meet the Kaiser, but the ex-President will in no sense be his Majesty's guest while here. Ambassador Hill's entertainment of the Roosevelts will also be characterized by the utmost privacy and unceremoniousness.

Yesterday Mr. Hill asked Sir William Goschen, the British Ambassador in Berlin, to inquire in London if there were any objection from the English viewpoint to Mr. Roosevelt's accepting hospitality at the hands of his Berlin compatriots, and the answer came back "Not the slightest." Ambassador Hill therefore has ample time to make his arrangements for entertaining the ex-President, but the festive note will be eliminated at all points.

Before the cancellation of the Kaiser's arrangements his court officials had supplied the embassy with several hundred tickets for the terrace of the castle for the use of members of the American colony, who, with an equal number of Germans, were to take up their station at the castle armed with American and German flags and wave Mr. Roosevelt a welcome as he entered the precincts of the royal residence. This picturesque spectacle will now, of course, not take place.

Kaiser May Go to Funeral.

The Kaiser returned to Berlin after five weeks' absence to-day. He motored in from Potsdam this afternoon and repaired immediately to the British Embassy, where he remained with the Ambassador, Sir William Goschen, over an hour condoling with him on the death of King Edward. Then the Kaiser conferred for an hour with the Imperial Chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, regarding German official representation at the funeral of the dead British monarch.

I am unofficially informed to-night both by the Imperial Chancellor and the British Ambassador that it is still uncertain whether the Kaiser will attend the funeral or not. If his Majesty does not go, the Crown Prince or Prince Henry will be sent. The Kaiser looked thoroughly griefstricken when he drove through Unter den Linden to-day. His sense of loss in the death of King Edward is undoubtedly sincere and profound.

ROOSEVELT HAS BRONCHITIS.

His Stockholm Programme Shortened on Account of Hoarseness.

STOCKHOLM, May 8.—Theodore Roosevelt shortened still further to-day his programme, already abbreviated by King Edward's death, because of an attack of hoarseness due to inflammation of the bronchial tubes. A throat specialist visited the palace twice to-day and recommended that Mr. Roosevelt stay indoors, as the weather was blustery and rainy. The ex-President, in fact, left his apartments only once.

He took luncheon with Charles H. Graves, the American Minister to Sweden, at the legation, and there met Sven Hedin, the explorer, of Tibet; Dr. Nordenskjold, the antarctic explorer; Admiral Palander, Prof. Arrhenius, who is connected with the Nobel Institute, and other scientific and literary people. He intended to make a speech at the National Museum before the students and the massed singing societies, but gave this up, and, instead, bowed from the balcony of the legation to the students and singers who gathered in the street and sang for him.

The combined choruses rendered Swedish songs and "The Star-Spangled Banner," and at the conclusion of the singing Mr. Roosevelt expressed his thanks. The crowds on both sides of the waterfront facing the legation were estimated at between 30,000 and 40,000, the greatest crowds, Minister Graves said, he had

Continued on Page 2.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA ILL.

Suffering from Shock, and Her Condition May Be Critical.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 8.—Reports became current late to-night that Queen Alexandra had been taken seriously ill. One statement was to the effect that she had broken a blood vessel. Inquiries made at Buckingham Palace elicited the reply that her Majesty was "fairly well." No further information was available.

These reports are causing the greatest apprehension because Alexandra is known to have suffered greatly from the shock which the sudden news of the King's illness caused her and the tragic rapidity with which the end came. She retired late after the King's death, and at a very early hour on Saturday morning was again in the death-chamber, whence she was with difficulty induced to retire to her own apartments and seek the rest of which she is much in need.

According to one paper Queen Alexandra will henceforward be known as the Queen Mother. This is a designation that has not been used in England since the days of Henrietta Maria, consort of Charles I., and even if it is officially selected the public will probably continue to call her Queen Alexandra.

ALFRED AUSTIN'S TRIBUTE.

Poet Laureate Writes "The Truce of God" in Edward's Memory.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 9.—The following tribute to King Edward, entitled "The Truce of God," has been written by Alfred Austin, the poet laureate:

What darkness deep as Wintry gloom
o'ershadows joyous Spring!
In vain the vernal orchards bloom, vainly
the woodlands sing;
Round royal shroud
A mournful crowd
Is all now left of one but yesterday a
King.

Thrones have there been of hateful fame
reared upon wanton war;
He we have lost still linked his name
with peace at home, afar;
For peace he wrought,
His constant thought
Being how to shield his realm against
strife's baleful star.

So let us now all seek to wrest from
fateful feuds release,
And mindful of his wise behest from faction's clamors cease,
Treading the path he trod,
The sacred Truce of God,
The path that points and leads to patriotic peace.

CORPORATION TAX $26,000,000

Receipts Expected to Exceed Considerably Secretary MacVeagh's Estimate.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Receipts from the corporation tax will exceed by nearly $1,000,000 Secretary MacVeagh's estimate of $25,000,000 made early in December. This is the latest calculation made by the Internal Revenue Office, which has almost completed the examination of the returns from corporations on which the tax is assessed. When business closed last week $25,319,715 had been assessed. Half a million more is expected. The figures are subject to revision, but the changes will not be material.

A general disposition was manifested by corporations to comply with the law requiring returns to be made, said Mr. Cabell, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to-day. About 230,000 returns, representing 275,000 corporations, were made. Four hundred thousand corporations were listed when the law imposing the tax became operative. Many were defunct, and a great number, such as mutual savings banks and beneficial and fraternal organizations, were exempt from the provisions of the law.

Included in the inactive corporations were great numbers of mining and development companies of mushroom growth, which had operated largely in the Southwest. Their places of organization or charter were mostly in the East, although many were started in New Mexico.

Strikingly few willful violations of the law in not making returns were reported, and the penalty list will not be large.

GRABS A TRAY OF DIAMONDS.

Trenton Thief Drops $5,000 Gems When Woman Customer Gives Alarm.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 8.—At 10 o'clock last evening a thief tried to get away with a tray containing diamonds valued at upward of $5,000 from the store of Cook & Jaques. The store is in the middle of the shopping district in State Street.

It was brilliantly lighted and many customers were in it when a young man entered and asked a clerk about a particular watch hanging in the window. While the clerk went to get the watch the thief leaned over a case, abstracted the tray of diamonds, and was about to secrete them about his person when a woman screamed "thief" and pointed to the young man.

The thief turned and ran from the store, dropping the tray. Mr. Jaques said later in the day that the thief had not got away with a single stone. He has not yet been captured. The police say the man is a professional diamond thief.

WOMAN STILL A SAVAGE.

Dr. Baff Thinks Her Love of Adornment Proves His Theories.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 8.—Dr. Max Baff of Clark College, Worcester, believes that the women of to-day are no better from a psychological standpoint than the savage of old. Although he is opposed to woman suffrage and a bachelor, he is not a woman hater.

"My lady can't shake off the habits originating with savages, whereas man has put these fads and fancies behind him," he says. "She emulates them by her love of bird feathers, hanging ornaments to her ears, wearing bracelets, rings and necklaces, affecting gaudy colors. She arranges her hair in fantastic shapes by artificial methods and is partial to a daub from the powder or paint pot. Like savages, she is color blind, prone to religious hysteria, and impressionable."

He thinks the suffrage agitation a form of woman's emotional insanity which will soon end.

TO-DAY SEES GEORGE PROCLAIMED KING

Quaint Ceremony Takes Place at 9 o'Clock in Centres of the Three Kingdoms.

TRUMPETED AT TEMPLE BAR

Solemn Services Yesterday for Dead King Edward—Funeral Probably May 20.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, May 9.—At 8 o'clock this morning reveille sounded for the troops, numbering 6,500, which will parade for the public proclamation of King George V. In London and in most of the provincial centres of England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales the proclamation will take place at 9 o'clock. The ancient and picturesque ceremony in the capital begins at St. James's Palace, whence the heralds move in processional order, escorted by the life guards, to Charing Cross and thence to Temple Bar where they will be met by the Lord Mayor of London and the Sheriffs, proceeding next to the Royal Exchange.

At Temple Bar, as a substitute for the Gates of the City which in the old days would be locked and barred against the messengers of the King, a red cord will be stretched across the street to preserve the way into the ancient City of London. When the heralds arrive in their carriages the Blue Mantle, the junior pursuivant, will alight and on foot between two mounted heralds will approach the frail barrier to the City of London.

The Challenge of the City.

In a loud voice the City Marshal from his place behind the barrier will challenge with the demand, "Who comes there?' To this the pursuivant replies, "The officer of arms who demands entrance into the city to proclaim his royal Majesty's accession."

Thereupon the pursuivant is conducted by the Marshal to the Lord Mayor and hands him the order from the Council for the proclamation. After reading the order the Lord Mayor will hand it back to the pursuivant and command that the passage to the city be made free and the heralds of the King admitted.

Once entrance is thus formally granted, the trumpeters will blow a fanfare and one of the heralds will read the proclamation, standing in his carriage for the purpose. Again the trumpets will sound, and then the good citizens of London, led by their Lord Mayor, will cry "God save the King!"

The King's Speech Approved.

King George's personality is a foremost topic of discussion wherever men meet in London. The various sketches that have been published of him add little or nothing to the small stock of public knowledge regarding him. As for the speech to the Privy Council Saturday, it is regarded as a model of all that such a speech should be, and it has been noted that the text as published in the official gazette closely agrees with the summary of the speech given by one who heard it.

It is asserted by one biographer who writes with some show of authority that King George is a first-class speaker. According to this writer the King is a born orator. It might be imagined that he would be content to let others prepare his orations, but this is not the fact. Though the addresses on his tour of the British dominions were submitted for official approval to the representatives of the Colonial Office and to responsible members of his staff, they were in every essential the speeches of the Prince himself.

If proof were needed apart from the manner of their delivery it might be found in the statement that not even his private secretary was cognizant of the famous speech, "Wake up, England," until he heard it in the Guild Hall.

If King George does not manifest that exuberant vitality which was an alluring characteristic of his father, he is not without keen interests in life.

The club, to be sure, has fewer attractions for him than the domestic circle, and his friends have received more letters dated from Marlborough House than from the Marlborough Club. By inclination King George is abstemious, and he takes his pleasures in serious things. He reads much in literature as well as in journalism, and can never be suspected of indifference to any question of public interest or importance. Music is a family tradition, and art an instinctive taste with the King, who knows a good picture and can give a critical opinion upon it.

Attended Budget Debates.

The new King's interest in domestic politics is of the keenest. No member of Parliament has followed with closer attention the development of the recent political crisis. He attended all the great debates in the House of Commons as well as in the House of Lords, and if he was debarred by his high office from expressing his opinion, it was certainly not for lack of opinions to express.

Although constitutionally a bad sailor, so that it is not surprising he never became enthusiastic about the Naval Service, he devoted himself to the work and duties of his profession, while he was actively engaged in it, with seriousness and thoroughness. One of the few stories told about him concerns an incident stated to have occurred at Halifax, Nova Scotia, when the then Prince George was there in the course of one of his cruises. An American staying at the port told another officer of his acquaintance that he would like to go over the ship to which the Prince was assigned. The vessel was coaling at the time, but the American's friend took him on board, and they were met immediately by a distinctly grimy young officer, who kindly dropped his work to show them over the ship.

Could Not Find the Prince.

They saw everything, but they did not see the Prince. This, according to the story as told here, the American resented. Americans like celebrities. He turned as he was about to go, shook hands with the unknown young and very grimy officer, and remarked, "Well, I suppose you've put the Prince into the cotton wool till you've had all this coaldust swept away."

The young and grimy officer smiled, but said nothing. When they got into the boat the American's friend informed him that the young officer was the Prince in person.

With reference to the report current some twelve or fifteen years ago of the Prince's morganatic marriage at Malta to the daughter of an English Admiral, it is impossible to obtain any authentic information. This story was first printed in London in a weekly publication called Modern Society, which, at that time, eked out a precarious existence by methods which made it taboo in any decent household. No attention whatever was paid to Modern Society's report in England, and in the words of one very well informed person whom I asked about the story, "Anybody who ever believed it has now forgotten it."

FUNERAL PROBABLY MAY 20.

Edward VII.'s Body to Lie in State—New King at Buckingham.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 8.—King George V. and his consort, who will be known as Queen Mary, accompanied by their children, drove this morning from Marlborough House to Buckingham Palace, and there, with Queen Alexandra and the other members of the royal family, paid a visit to the death chamber of the late King before attending divine service in the palace chapel.

King Edward's body lies in the bedroom in which he died—a room the windows of which overlook Buckingham Palace gardens and Green Park. The room is quietly furnished. Armchairs and a couch are almost the only furniture save the bed, which is a single one.

A member of the household who saw the body to-day said that the dead King's face was peaceful and had a look of quiet happiness. A sleeping dress of soft reddish tint and silken material clothed the body. The hands were not crossed on the breast, but lay in a perfectly natural position. The King's rings were still upon the fingers and the face retained much of the brown hue given it by the recent open-air life in the south of France.

Still standing where he last used it was the dead monarch's smoking table. King Edward was devoted to his cigar and his cigarette. No more marked change was effected in English habits than that which he brought about, and by which a cigarette or cigar is no longer taboo at luncheon or dinner tables where ladies are present. The King loved a fine and good-sized cigar, and his large cigar case, a serviceable leather one, with the royal monogram, his gold cigarette case and his favorite gold matchbox still lie on his table just as he left them.

Funeral Date not Fixed.

Though no official announcement is yet possible as to the arrangements for King Edward's funeral, tentative plans are being made for the burial on Friday, May 20, in St. George's Chapel, Windsor, and also for the public lying in state in London before the removal of the body to Windsor. If these plans can be carried through the body of the late King will be placed in the throne room at Buckingham Palace, which will be the scene of the first part of the lying in state. The probability is that the throne room will be reserved for the members of the household and special ticket holders, and that subsequently the royal coffin will be removed to Westminster Hall, where the public lying in state will be held.

It is understood that King George and his advisers have come to the conclusion that public opinion will demand that some such opportunity be afforded for the general body of the late King's subjects to pay a last tribute of respect to the monarch's memory. The coffin which will contain all that is mortal of the dead ruler will be fashioned of oak grown in the royal forest of Windsor and will be lowered to the vault beneath the chapel floor to be subsequently placed in a tomb beneath the Albert Memorial Chapel, where rest the remains of his Majesty's eldest son, the Duke of Clarence. The funeral will certainly take place in Whitsun week, so that only the actual day remains to be fixed.

The Salvation Army's Tribute.

Not the least impressive of the services in honor of the dead King was one so unusual that it must be described at some length. The crowd assembled about Buckingham Palace in the afternoon heard in the distance the strains of the hymn, "O God, Our Help in Ages Past." Presently a band was seen approaching down the Mall and the crowd rushed to meet it.

Great was the general surprise and interest when it was found to be a band of the Salvation Army, headed by their crimson and purple flag draped with black and white mourning ribbons and followed by a procession of men and women in the Salvation Army uniform. Still greater was the public interest when it was observed that the police parted the crowd at one of the gates of Buckingham Palace, and the band, still playing, marched into the courtyard, accompanied by the officers of the corps.

The band, according to the explanation given by The Times, belonged to the corps of the Salvation Army which holds services at Regents' Hall, Oxford Street. In the morning Major Frank Barrett, who is in charge of the corps, sent a message to the palace asking that his band be allowed to play a few hymns in the courtyard as an expression of the grief of the Salvation Army at the death of King Edward, who for many years had showed a sympathetic interest in their social work among the poor and liberally subscribed to their funds. The messenger came back with the gracious reply that Queen Alexandra was deeply touched by the request, and wished the band to play at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Band Plays in Palace Yard.

In the courtyard a circle was formed around the flag of the corps and the bandsmen bared their heads while Major Barrett offered a few words of prayer. Then the band played "Nearer, My God, to Thee," which is said to have been the favorite hymn of King Edward, and also "Abide With Me" and "The Church's One Foundation." The airs were rendered with a softness and delicacy of tone that was greatly appreciated by the listening crowds outside.

At the end of the service, which lasted twenty minutes, Major Barrett was told that Queen Alexandra was very grateful for the music and thanked the bandsmen very much. The procession was reformed outside the palace and marched away toward Hyde Park Corner to the strains of "Lead, Kindly Light."

The Salvation Army bandsmen who played in the palace courtyard include four taxicab drivers, two Covent Garden porters, a road foreman in the employ of the Westminster city council, and several vanmen, clerks, and mechanics.

SERVICES FOR DEAD KING.

Held in the Royal Chapel, at Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's.

LONDON, May 8.—The body of King Edward VII., it has practically been decided, will lie in state in Westminster Hall, under the houses of Parliament, which was last the scene of a similar ceremony, when for two days and nights a constant stream of citizens filed past the coffin of the great commoner, Gladstone.

Queen Alexandra and King George V. conferred with various officers of the State and the household concerning the funeral arrangements to-day after holding service in the royal chapel at Buckingham Palace, which the late King always attended when in residence there. The date of the burial was tentatively fixed for May 20, although it may be May 18, which happens to be the date on which Theodore Roosevelt is scheduled to deliver the Romanes lecture at Oxford University.

The members of the royal family, it is believed, would prefer that there should be no lying in state, but it was represented to them that the wishes of the people were so strongly for this that they were willing to waive their personal inclinations.

Queen Alexandra, who appears greatly worn and tired, visits frequently the room where the dead King lies, and King George and Queen Mary spent most of the day with her. After the service in the royal chapel the family again looked upon the body for a few minutes.

Queen Alexandra will in the future be styled the "Queen Mother," a title not used in England since the days of Queen Henrietta, the consort of Charles I. Her Majesty's dower house will be Marlborough House, and she will possibly continue also to use Sandringham House, besides residing for a portion of each year at her Summer residence at Klampenborg Bay, Denmark, which she shares with the Dowager Empress of Russia.

Prince Edward, the heir to the throne, will for the present be styled the Duke of Cornwall and Rothesay. Later he will be created Prince of Wales. He succeeds forthwith to the Duchy of Cornwall, with a clear income of $400,000 yearly, which will accumulate until he becomes of age, giving him an independent fortune of $2,500,000. It was the income from this source which enabled the late King to purchase his Sandringham estate.

The artist John S. Sargent was among the few privileged visitors admitted to the death chamber, which is a moderate-sized room, quietly furnished. This room the King had used in recent years. It is now draped with black, but the entrance is quite unguarded. The body of the dead King reclines under an ordinary white coverlet, and a few white flowers and violets placed by Queen Alexandra on a low single wooden bed in the middle of the room, which stands where the sunshine falls upon it. The King liked the head of his bed near a window, so that he got the outlook over Constitution Hill.

The English papers again are filled with telegrams containing tributes from abroad. The Russian court will go into mourning for three months and the Prussian court for one month. The Turkish Government will send the heir to the throne to attend the funeral.

Many reminiscences are being published of the late King. Once on being asked what he would do if he were deposed, he replied: "Doubtless I could support my family by lecturing in America on the Constitution."

The crowds around the palace were undiminished to-day, as well as at Marlborough House. The streets to-night are filled with people, but there is little mourning decoration on the London buildings as yet. The draping of the houses, however, will begin to-morrow.

All political discussion foreshadows a truce and the shelving indefinitely of the struggle between the House of Commons and the House of Lords. The Bishop of Worcester, preaching in the Cathedral, said that patriotism and chivalry demanded that contentious questions be put aside by the statesmen of all parties for a year at least.

The House of Commons will meet on Wednesday, when Speaker Lowther returns, to receive the address from the throne. Prime Minister Asquith and A. J. Balfour, leader of the Opposition, will reply. Mr. Asquith and Reginald McKenna, First Lord of the Admiralty, embarked to-day at Gibraltar on the cruiser Enchantress homeward bound.

According to a circular issued from Marlborough House to-night the designation of the new Queen will be Queen Mary. The rôle she will play at the new court has been the subject of considerable speculation. As Prince and Princess of Wales, the new King and Queen lived such comparatively retired lives that it is difficult to form an opinion, but it is almost safe to assume that the court will be far less brilliant than it was under King Edward. The latter attached the fullest weight and dignity to the ceremonial of the kingly office, and all State functions under his reign were invested with the pomp and magnificence he considered befitting the court of a great empire. Further, he attracted to his court a brilliant array of wealthy social figures, in which American heiresses married into the English aristocracy played a prominent part.

It is quite certain, of course, that great changes will be seen in the constitution of the Court circle, as well as among the actual officials and dignitaries of the Court. Queen Mary is credited with great strength of character, and is likely to exert far more influence on the Court surroundings than did Queen Alexandra. She is deeply religious, and has a love for charitable work connected with the Church, while King George, so far as is known, is more fond of country life and pursuits than of courtly pomp. Hence there is a general belief that the new Court will be of a simpler and more austere type, and that many of those who heretofore exercised a paramount influence in the Court life will be obliged to seek comparative retirement.

Nothing as yet has been received here from Mr. Roosevelt with regard to his plans, but it is certain that all public or semi-public entertainments will be canceled, and it is probable that even private functions will be abandoned. The Romanes lecture may be delivered, but necessarily at a later date than originally fixed, as the funeral of the King will occur on or about that date.

The American Ambassador has canceled all engagements, including private dinners. Mr. Reid to-day delivered to the Foreign Office cablegrams of sympathy and regret from a large number of public bodies and officials in the United States, among which were messages from the Mayor of Philadelphia, the President of the New York Consolidated Stock Exchange, and a copy of the resolutions adopted by the Men's National Missionary Congress now in session in Chicago.

The various embassies to-day received formal official notice of the King's death, which was immediately communicated to the respective Governments. Secretary of State Knox's cablegram was the first official note of regret received at the Foreign Office, being delivered by Ambassador Reid in person immediately upon its receipt. President Taft's message, sent upon receipt of the news of the King's illness, arrived a few minutes before his death. It was delivered at the palace by Ambassador Reid himself.

Saturday's Court circular states that during the last moments of the King the Archbishop of Canterbury read special prayers and conducted a short service in the King's chamber at which the Queen, the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Princess Royal, the Duke of Fife, Princess Victoria, and Princess Louise were present. A supplementary gazette issued last night orders full Court mourning until Nov. 7, and after that half mourning until May 7, 1911.

Service in Royal Chapel.

The services in all the churches throughout the United Kingdom to-day had special reference to the death of the King. The sermons all dealt with the nation's grief, and the music was such as is customary at funeral services. Immense crowds attempted to obtain entrance to St. Paul's and Westminster, but only a small fraction was admitted.

One of the most simple observances took place in the Chapel Royal in Buckingham Palace, where the royal family, with the members of the late King's household, worshipped this morning. Queen Alexandra attended, and King George and Queen Mary and three of the young Princes, all wearing deep mourning, drove over from Marlborough House. Princess Victoria, who has been her mother's constant companion, was also present.

Queen Alexandra requested that the service be brief and simple, knowing that that would have been the King's preference. Canon Sheppard, Sub-Dean of the Chapel Royal, officiated. Two hymns only were sung—"The Resurrection Morn" and "Peace, Perfect Peace." Both were Queen Alexandra's selections. The organist played Tschaikowsky's funeral march before the service and Chopin's funeral march at its conclusion, and all stood toward the end. The members of the new King's household, in full mourning, attended service at the Royal Chapel at Marlborough House.

At the Chapel Royal in St. James's Palace the afternoon service was attended by many of the late King's personal friends. The Vicar of Windsor preached. He declared that King Edward, like Moses, died just when he had led his people into the promised land, when he was most wanted, and when he had the best and ripest experience to give.

The Bishop of London preached in the morning at St. Paul's. The congregation filled the great cathedral to its capacity. The Bishop spoke appreciatively of the American sympathy which had been extended to the British people, and he read a cablegram which he said had arrived with characteristic promptness from that country: "Deepest sympathy for our brethren of the English Church and Nation; memorial service to be held in Trinity Church, New York."

The Bishop commented on this, saying, "Such a message shows how strong are the ties which bind us to our great sister Nation across the Atlantic."

Tributes from Many Pulpits.

The text taken by the Bishop was First Epistle of Timothy, sixth chapter and fifteenth verse: "Which in his times he shall shew who is the blessed and only Potentate, the King of kings and Lord of lords."

In the course of his sermon the Bishop said: "The Nation has received a sudden blow by which it is still stunned," and paid a warm tribute to the late King as ruler, statesman, and gentleman.

The Archbishop of Canterbury preached on the subject of King Edward before a great congregation in Westminster Abbey. Mgr. Bourne, Catholic Archbishop of Westminster, spoke of the King's courtesy to Catholics and his desire to show equal regard for all his subjects. Services were held in the Russian and Spanish chapels and were attended by the Ambassadors and their staffs. At the Scottish Church a Gaelic memorial service was attended by a large gathering.

The officials and tenantry at Sandringham attended church service there in a body. The pew which King Edward last occupied was filled with white lilies. King George sent a message to them, saying:

"My father dearly loved his country home, and was always mindful of the welfare of all there. My feelings toward all will ever be the same as his."

William O'Brien, Member of Parliament for Cork, addressing an "All-for-Ireland" meeting at Bandon, paid a tribute to King Edward as being no more truly a peacemaker anywhere than in Ireland. "For the first time possibly in an unhappy history of eight centuries," said Mr. O'Brien, "a meeting of Irishmen, who are Nationalists to the marrow in their bones, may begin proceedings by laying a tribute of respect and genuine sorrow upon the coffin of an English King."

Albert Bruce-Joy, the sculptor, took a plaster cast of the late King's features, while Sir Luke Fildes, the noted illustrator, sketched the dead King.

According to The Times, the King died of heart failure following bronchitis, and the paper declares all rumors of other ailments may be dismissed as idle gossip. There never was danger from throat complications.

"The official bulletins," says The Times, "concealed nothing, for there was nothing to conceal. On Friday morning the King rose as usual and moved about cautiously, for even slight movements were apt to cause a recurrence of the heart attacks. It was not until a late hour in the evening that he left his chair for the bed."

The Morning Post in a somewhat similar statement says:

"The King was a martyr to his strong sense of public duty. On Tuesday the doctors ordered complete rest because he was suffering from bronchitis, but he continued to give daily audiences, and it is safe to say that none of the noblemen and gentlemen he received had the slightest suspicion of the real facts. The King admitted that he had a cold, but he was just his ordinary, courteous, genial self, and all this time his temperature was over 100."

'WORK TO THE END,' KING'S LAST WORDS

Over Doctors' Protest He Was Trying to Conduct Public Business When Coma Set in.

HIS BACK TO THE WALL

A Good Patient at Biarritz, but Rebellious at London—Religious Ceremony at the End.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 8.—"No, I shall not give in. I shall go on. I shall work to the end."

These are understood to have been the last words spoken by King Edward VII. Confirmation of the report cabled yesterday to THE NEW YORK TIMES of the difficulty the physicians had in dealing with their royal patient is found in interesting details obtained by The Daily Mail from a most authoritative source of the King's last illness.

When the chill which King Edward caught at Sandringham developed on Tuesday night Sir James Reid recognized at once that the symptoms pointed to a return of the bronchitis from which he had suffered at Biarritz. Sir F. H. Laking agreed with the diagnosis. A difference, however, was noted in comparing this attack with the one at Biarritz. There the heart was not affected.

More Tractable at Biarritz.

In the earlier seizure it was possible to send the patient to bed at once, and this was done. For several days he was not permitted to leave his bed at all, and the temperature of the room was kept exactly at the same figure on the thermometer. His Majesty's strict sense of duty kept him occupied even in his room at the Biarritz hotel, and his secretaries worked by the side of his bed while he lay in a sleeping suit and dressing gown.

The implicit obedience to medical advice which the King showed at Biarritz could not be obtained from him in London. Whether from the first the King knew he was not likely to recover cannot be known, but he resisted strongly the well-meaning efforts of the physicians to induce him to cease attending to public affairs. They repeatedly urged him to see no one, to confine himself to his bedroom, and to devote himself to assisting his own recovery.

"No," said his Majesty repeatedly, with a smile, "my back is to the wall; I shall fight it out."

Worked While Suffering.

The solicitations of the doctors to give himself rest were renewed on Wednesday and Thursday, but without effect. Work the King would. He got up and dressed, and, though torn with severe coughing and suffering from his laboring lungs, he went on.

Not only did he have conversations with his son, but he saw public men, signed documents, and heroically persevered with the task of kingship. He was by then undergoing treatment with oxygen. His flagging heart was being stimulated as much as the physicians dared.

His condition on Thursday became serious. For years he had had no reserve of energy in the vital organs of heart and lungs. His heart performed its functions at full strain, and that constituted a great danger in an attack of bronchitis. Otherwise he was sound physically, and, although he himself thought he had a tendency to gout, it was not the case.

Dying, He Still Governs.

Friday it was impossible to dress him, but he sat up in a dressing gown. The doctors felt that this was necessary, because only when sitting up could he breathe. He was conscious during the whole forenoon, and saw one visitor not a member of the royal household. This, as already stated in THE TIMES dispatches, was Sir Ernest Cassel. The King still wished to carry out his duties as a sovereign. The doctors strongly urged him not to try. His last words, uttered about 1 o'clock, just before he passed into the comatose state, were as quoted above. Shortly after that his Majesty became unconscious, and in the afternoon he was carried to the bed.

In the last moments of his sermon at St. Paul's Cathedral this morning the Bishop of London said: "Those who were present tell us that nothing could have been more Christian than the passing of the late King. He who had faced death already twice faced it for the third time and faced it undismayed. Before the quiet family gathering around the bedside a committal prayer was said by the Archbishop of Canterbury one minute before he died. The blessing was pronounced when all was over in the hushed room. All was Christian there."

KING'S DOG MISSES HIM.

Constant Companion Seems to Realize What Has Happened.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 8.—One mourner of King Edward's death is his favorite dog, the rough-haired terrier Caesar, which was the King's constant companion, going abroad with him as well as on shorter journeys. He is a singularly intelligent animal, and his conduct since the death of his master leaves no doubt in any mind that he realizes perfectly what has happened.

He shared the King's room wherever he was, and now moves about the palace fitfully and restlessly. He has attached himself to a member of the household who, like himself, was constantly with the King, and the sorrow-stricken servant and dog keep each other company in their grief.

Many stories are told of Caesar. At luncheon one day at Biarritz, when Caesar was receiving his usual bone from the King's hand, a guest at the royal table observed that the dog should be getting familiar with the language of French dogs.

"I am afraid," said the King, "that he gets along very badly with them; in fact, he is anything but a help to the entente cordiale."

ROOSEVELT WILL NOT BE KAISER'S GUEST

Continued from Page 1.

ever seen in Stockholm. The roofs of the houses and the shipping in the harbor were crowded, and a mighty shout went up when the American ex-President appeared.

Later Mr. Roosevelt received in the legation the Swedish members of the Inter-Parliamentary Union. Senator Beckman, addressing Mr. Roosevelt, referred to his services to the cause of peace, and the ex-President replied very briefly. Prof. Gunnar Anderson presented to him the first copy, just from the press, of the Norwegian Geological Survey's report, which had been specially bound for the occasion.

Arrangements had been made for Mr. Roosevelt to go to-day to the Riddarholmen to place a wreath on King Oscar's tomb, but he sent Kermit in his place, the wreath being composed of palms and lilies, and bearing no inscription.

A Royal Tea Party.

The Crown Prince spent some time in Mr. Roosevelt's room in the forenoon, and had tea with him in the afternoon, the Crown Princess and other members of the royal family also being present on the latter occasion.

A Stockholm paper publishes a statement that a messenger from President Taft has reached Mr. Roosevelt with a letter in which Mr. Taft says he does not intend to be the candidate for the Presidency again, and invites Mr. Roosevelt to become Secretary of State in succession to Mr. Knox. When he was shown this story to-day, Mr. Roosevelt said that it was worse than a nightmare, that it was a tissue of absurdities, and that of course no such messenger or message exists.

At the citizens' dinner given last night in his honor, Mr. Roosevelt made reference to the death of the King of England, saying:

"Before responding to the toast given by the Premier and answering his more than kind speech, I have his permission to propose a toast myself. I come here to-night as your guest at a time when a great nation friendly to your nation and to mine is bowed with grief at the loss of her sovereign. The British people mourn the loss of a wise ruler, whose sole thought was for their welfare and for the good of mankind, and the citizens of other nations can join with them in mourning for a man who showed throughout his term of kingship that his voice was always raised for justice and peace among the nations. I therefore propose that we express our profound sympathy for the people of the British Empire, our regret and regard for the King who is dead, and our good wishes for the King who is about to take his place upon the throne of Great Britain, by rising and drinking in silence a toast to the British people in their hour of sorrow and trouble."

After luncheon at the legation there was an exchange of stories, Mr. Roosevelt being deeply interested in the experiences of Sven Hedin in Tibet.

The Roosevelt party will leave here at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning for Berlin.

NEIGHBORS PLAN RECEPTION.

Nassau Residents Will Greet Roosevelt at Mineola Fair Grounds.

MINEOLA, L. I., May 8.—Nassau's welcome to Col. Roosevelt will be held here rather than at Oyster Bay. The details have not yet been arranged, but the reception will be held at the county fair grounds. It was at first proposed to go to Sagamore Hill, but its distance from the railroad station and the limited facilities for handling crowds at Oyster Bay led to the decision to hold the affair here.

Frederick C. Hicks has been chosen Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, A. Burnside Cheshire Secretary, and Hiram R. Smith Treasurer. The date will be announced as soon as the Manhattan arrangements are completed.

WOULD FRAME ROOSEVELTISMS.

Dr. Goodell Says Our Boys and Girls Should Study His Precepts.

The Rev. Dr. Charles L. Goodell of the Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church last night compared Theodore Roosevelt to other men who have been in Africa, and declared that he wished many of Roosevelt's sayings since he came from the hunting field could be framed and hung up in the rooms of every boy and girl in the country.

The doctor began his sermon by saying that the centre of political interest, radically, morally, and historically, for many years had centred in Africa, and great questions affecting the destinies of the world had been brought up there.

"There are four great names connected with this great continent," he said: "Livingston, explorer and missionary; Chinese Gordon, who in the heart of Africa sought to do what others had not done; Cecil Rhodes, who was a nation builder, and Henry M. Stanley.

"Then there is another name, more recent, which does not have the same connection with Africa that these other names have. An American citizen, who after several strenuous years goes into the heart of Africa to hunt scientifically and enrich the knowledge of his own country and the world. He does some hunting and some other things.

"It took an American woman to describe Theodore Roosevelt, when she said that his coming was like a piece of yeast—he stirred up every one around him."

SERVICE AT TRINITY IN MEMORY OF KING

Will Be Held on Funeral Day—Edward Worshipped There On His Visit to America.

PRAISE FROM PREACHERS

Men of Many Creeds Point to the Good Done by Dead Ruler—Cable Sent to London.

The memorial service in New York for King Edward VII. will be held, by the courtesy of the Rev. Dr. Manning, in Trinity Church at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the day on which the funeral will be held in London. It will be fully choral, and the pew which the King occupied in the church during his visit to this country as the Prince of Wales will be kept vacant. It will be draped in purple, the color which he himself chose as mourning at the funeral of Queen Victoria.

A meeting was held yesterday afternoon at the house of Dr. Manning, 27 West Twenty-fifth Street, at which were present Dr. Manning, Walter Courtney Bennett, British Consul General; Lloyd B. Sanderson, Chairman of the Associated British Societies and President of St. George's Society; George Morrison, Jr., Frater Munro, and Dr. J. J. McPhee. The arrangements for the service were discussed, and it was decided that the British Consul General should send invitations to be present to all the foreign Consuls in the city, and that a certain number of seats should be reserved for the congregation of Trinity.

Tickets will also be given out to St. George's, St. Andrew's, St. David's, and the Canadian societies, and to the British Schools and Universities Club. The remainder of the seats will be kept for British residents, who do not belong to any of the five societies. To obtain tickets for these application should be made to the British Consul General at the Consulate, 17 State Street.

In case there should be a greater number of persons applying for admission than Trinity will hold a second service will be held at the same hour in St. Paul's Church, of which the Rev. Dr. Greer is pastor. It also will be fully choral.

Sympathy Sent to London.

The Rev. Dr. Manning dispatched on Saturday this cablegram to the Archbishop of Canterbury and to the Bishop of London:

> Deepest sympathy for our brethren of the English Church and nation. Memorial services will be held in Trinity Church.
> WILLIAM T. MANNING.

To this the Bishop of London replied as follows:

> Deeply grateful for brotherly sympathy, which I shall make known in St. Paul's to-morrow. BISHOP OF LONDON.

In many of the churches of the city reference was made yesterday to the death of King Edward. Preachers spoke of what he had done for his empire, and prayers were offered for the support of Queen Alexandra and the royal family in their bereavement and for the divine assistance to King George V. in the task to which he has succeeded.

At Trinity Church the Rev. C. R. Stetson, the Vicar, announced that it was the Rev. Dr. Manning's most earnest request that the congregation use this week the prayer for those in affliction "in respect to the family of the late King Edward and the bereavement of the people of the British Empire."

No mention was made of King Edward in the sermon, but the pew in which he had sat as Prince of Wales was left empty, and the hymn, "O God, Our Help in Ages Past," was sung as appropriate to the occasion. A like commemoration of the event was made at Trinity Chapel.

At Grace Church the new rector, the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, preaching for the first time yesterday morning, said:

"Men's notions of glory have often been tawdry; they have listened for loud music; they have strained their eyes for jewels and crowns. The kingliest moment in the enthroning of the late King of England was not when the crown was placed on his head and the shout of the anthem rang through the Abbey. It was when he arose from his throne by an instinctive suddenness and aided the feeble old Archbishop to rise."

Tribute from Dr. Adler.

Dr. Felix Adler, in addressing the Ethical Culture Society yesterday, had this to say of the late King:

"To my mind, his greatest qualities were unselfishness and self-effacement. I can say but very little, if anything at all, about his influence on foreign affairs. The King of England is, after all, but the sounding board of the w... of the people, and in this he attained his highest distinction."

At the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street, the Right Rev. Sidney Partridge, Bishop of Kioto, Japan, invited yesterday morning the congregation to join in prayer for the royal family of England. At the conclusion of the service Ch[illegible]n's "Funeral March" was played and a large number of those present remained till it had been finished.

The Rev. Richard Roberts, pastor of the Crouch Hill Presbyterian Church in London, conducted the services yesterday at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. In his prayer in the morning he invoked "a special blessing on the people of the British Empire in the great political crises which confronts them."

He made no reference to the death of King Edward in his sermon, but speaking of him afterward expressed the opinion that he would have met and settled satisfactorily the House of Lords controversy.

In speaking of the great power of public office and discussing the elevation of Gov. Hughes to the Supreme Court bench, the Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur said yesterday morning at Calvary Baptist Church:

"Edward VII. was the most dominant force on the throne since the days of the Stuarts, and he used his power for good while they used theirs often for evil. He violated many of the traditions of British Kingship by using his personal persuasiveness in removing misunderstandings and in perpetuating peace."

Preaching at the second annual service of the Invincible Club in the Bedford Presbyterian Church, Nostrand Avenue and Dean Street, Brooklyn, the pastor, the Rev. S. Edward Young, said last night:

"This is the saddest hour that England has seen in generations. But that virile, God-fearing people will rise higher than ever. Not yet by many a year is it to be reckoned among the decadent nations. The new King, judging by his speeches on his colonial tour, is more talented than his father."

At the Broadway Tabernacle, Fifty-sixth Street and Broadway, the Rev. Charles E. Jefferson, the pastor, was speaking last night of international peace, and in the course of his sermon said:

"King Edward was, above all things else, a lover of peace, and he will go down in history as one of the great figures who were makers of peace. From the moment he ascended the throne he worked for peace, and may God bless him."

The regret of the actors of this country at the death of King Edward, who was always so liberal a patron of the stage, will be voiced this afternoon at the opening of the Actors' Fund Fair. Cyril Scott will then present this resolution:

> Be it Resolved, That the actors of America, conscious of the debt of gratitude which they owe to the late King Edward VII. of England for his royal favor and generous patronage of the dramatic art, wish to express their deep regret over his untimely death, and to extend their sympathy to the English members of the profession, who paid their monarch so devoted an allegiance.

JAPAN SENDS CONDOLENCES.

Both Houses of Imperial Diet Act Upon King Edward's Death.

TOKIO, May 8.—Both houses of the Imperial Diet through Count Komura, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, have sent condolences to the British Embassy on the death of King Edward.

The newspapers to-morrow will continue devoting columns to eulogies of the late King. They are unanimous in deploring the irreparable loss sustained by his death. The British Embassy has been crowded with visitors, bearing the condolences of all nations. It is believed that Prince Fushimi, who is now in England, will represent the Emperor at the King's funeral.

NEWFOUNDLAND CEREMONIES.

King George to be Proclaimed at Noon To-day at St. John's.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., May 8.—The Colonial ceremonies proclaiming George V. as the new King will take place here at noon to-morrow, with Colonial Governor Williams officiating. An imposing array of foreign Consuls, both branches of the Legislature, members of the Cabinet, and high dignitaries of the judiciary and the churches will be present.

After the formal ceremonies Gov. Williams will deliver an address on the late King to an assemblage of all the school children of the city.

To-day special memorial services were held in all the churches. The Premier, Sir Edward Morris, now in London, has been appointed by Gov. Williams to represent the Colony at the obsequies.

Gettysburg Battlefield
THREE-DAY TOUR
VIA
Pennsylvania R.R.
Saturday, May 21, 1910
Round-Trip Rate $12.75 from NEW YORK
Covers transportation on Special Train to and from Gettysburg, hotel accommodations at Gettysburg, necessary meals en route, and drive over the Battlefield.
Detailed Itineraries and full information of Ticket Agents, or C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

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FIFTY EIGHTH STREET AND SEVENTH AVENVE
ALWYN COVRT
THE SVITES INCLVDE 14 ROOMS AND 5 BATHROOMS TO SVITES OF 34 ROOMS AND 9 BATHROOMS
YEARLY RENTALS VPWARD FROM $6500.00

Hanan Shoes

Black Vici Kid $6
A Straight Last
In this Hanan model, good taste, comfort, and conservatism are combined.
Six Broadway Stores
Broadway, corner 38th St.
Broadway, corner 29th St.
1095 B'way, near 23d St.
Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
297 B'way, near Duane St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

Landay BROS.
Victor
400 Fifth Av
Opp. Tiffany's.
27 West 34th St.
(McCreery's side.)
OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

CIGARS UNITED
Every profit and expense except that of the manufacturer and the retailer is struck out by the chain store. In United Cigar Stores this gives you cigars at wholesale prices. All the in-between profits and expenses are put in the cigars.

This week it's a
3 for 20c CIGAR
Name—RICORO
Ask for the Saratoga size. This is the only cigar of our own the price of which we ever advanced—from six cents to seven when sold by the piece, or 3 for 20 cents.
We had to do it. Quality costs money, and to keep the cigar up to its original standard we had to pay more for it in Porto Rico when the maker's cost went up. We sold 1,000,000 a year at 6 cents each. Now we sell 3,250,000. Enough said.
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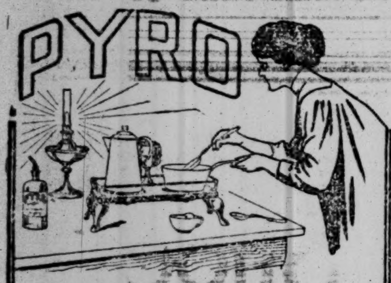

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—Little ones for little needs—
Big ones for big feeds

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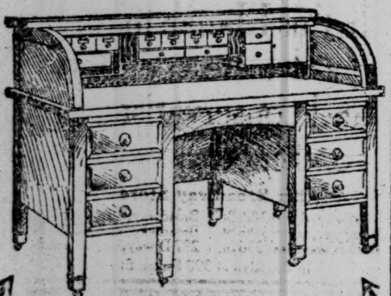

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in the city. Sanitary Desks of every size and style—chairs and tables—in oak or mahogany. Many discontinued patterns at cost.
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SMART Suits of Mohair and Linen for traveling tailored to order. Every step in their making supervised by the head of our firm.

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Custom Tailors to Women
32 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET 32

Come On, Boys,
The Water's Fine

It's time to get that MOTOR BOAT OR YACHT ready. There's not a thing you need we can't supply at money saving prices.

FITTING-OUT SUPPLIES:
Paint, Brushes, Varnish, Paint Remover Scrapers, Oakum.
MOTOR BOAT OUTFITTERS
Awnings for City and Country Homes; Yachts also.

Hopkins
119 CHAMBERS ST.

At 40 John Street
this week a novel display in the window
Hunt's Round-pointed Pens
It's an optical illusion, the pens are really falling.

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ESTABLISHED 1857
STATIONERS
STORE: . . . 40 John Street
FACTORY: . . . 441 Pearl Street

C. H. PEPPER
Has removed his retail show room to 120 and 122 West 31st Street.
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LONG SANG TI
293 Fifth Ave., near 31st St., N. Y.
CHINESE CURIO COMPANY
Call special attention to their extraordinary Collection of Rare
FINE CHINESE JADE,
which expresses the true characteristics of the foremost craftsmen of ancient times.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

If you have lost your appetite—are tired and weary—your nervous system is calling for help, you need SANATOGEN, the food tonic.
At your druggist, or
THE BAUER CHEMICAL CO.,
506 Everett Bldg., New York City.

LLOYD C. GRISCOM IN AN AUTO WRECK

His Wife and Secretary Boyle of the Republican County Committee Escape.

HE IS SLIGHTLY INJURED

Machine, Unable to Stop on the Slippery Pavement, Smashed by a Car at Fifth Ave. and Fifty-ninth St.

Lloyd C. Griscom, President of the Republican County Committee; his wife, and John Boyle, Secretary of the committee, narrowly escaped serious injury yesterday afternoon when the automobile in which they were speeding down Park Avenue was struck by a Fifty-ninth Street car. The only one injured was Mr. Griscom, whose left leg from ankle to knee was scraped. Their automobile was demolished.

The party was on its way to attend the funeral of Ferdinand Eidman, who had been Collector of Internal Revenue for four terms and leader of the Tenth Republican Assembly District. He died last Friday and the funeral service was held yesterday afternoon at the Dutch Reformed Church, Second Avenue and Seventh Street. Mr. Griscom had long known Mr. Eidman, and he was to be a prominent figure at the funeral.

About 3 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Griscom and Mr. Boyle left the Griscom home at 111 East Seventy-second Street in Mr. Griscom's automobile. At Fifty-ninth Street the chauffeur noticed a car going west, but he was under the impression that the motorman would slow down. The motorman, however, increased his speed and tried to get across Park Avenue ahead of the automobile.

The chauffeur put on the brake, but the machine was going down hill and the pavement was wet and slippery. When it appeared that a collison was unavoidable, the chauffeur tried to turn the automobile to the right, but the car struck it broadside on and dragged it several yards along Fifty-ninth Street. The automobile was forced up on the pavement, scattering the pedestrians, and its progress was stopped by a fire plug. According to the Griscom party and other witnesses, the motorman made no attempt to stop his car until it had become freed from the automobile and had proceeded more than half a block.

Mr. Griscom was sitting on the side which struck the car. Next him was his wife. When the impact came, Mr. Griscom leaned over to protect Mrs. Griscom as much as possible. His leg became entangled in the wreckage, and he could not get himself free until the machine came to a stop.

The hood of the car was wrenched off and the side of the machine badly broken. Ms. Griscom was badly shaken up, but she kept her presence of mind, and as soon as the party was free from the weckage and it was found that her husband's leg was injured, she insisted that he be taken home.

Mr. Griscom, however, made light of his injuries, and calling a taxicab, the party proceeded to the funeral.

JOY RIDE ENDS IN A CRASH.

Car with a Gay Party Plunges Into a Grocery Store Window.

A joy ride which began Saturday night at a garage in 101st Street at Amsterdam Avenue ended yesterday morning in the show window of Gristede Brothers' grocery at 101st Street and Columbus Avenue and resulted in the injuring of two young women and the arrest of the chauffeur.

The chauffeur, George Mura, of 166 West Ninety-ninth Street, was employed several months ago by Clarence Isaacs of the Hendrick Hudson apartment, 110th Street and Riverside Drive.

On Saturday night Mura took his forty horse power car, valued at $3,000, from the garage without the owner's consent and invited three friends to take a spin. In the car at the time of the accident were Miss Maud Hewiston of 108 West 102d Street, Mrs. Lillian Meyers of 91 West 103d Street, and a man whose identity was not learned.

As the car, which was moving east through 101st Street, approached Columbus Avenue, Mura lost control of the steering wheel and the big car jumped the sidewalk and plunged through the window of a grocery store. The car upset and all the occupants were thrown out.

The two women, stunned, lay on the walk. Mura and the other man were uninjured and the man made his escape. Policeman Cleary of the West 100th Street Station telephoned for Dr. Wardner of J. Hood Wright Hospital, who found the women not seriously hurt. They were taken home.

Mura was taken to the West 100th Street Station, where the owner of the car made a charge of grand larceny against his chauffeur. The police also made charges of intoxication, reckless driving, and operating a machine without a license.

Sergt. Curran, four policemen, and fifteen chauffeurs worked two hours before the car was removed from the grocery store and taken to the garage. One front wheel was torn off and the car was otherwise damaged.

When Mura was arraigned in the West Side Court Magistrate Barlow held him for examination on Tuesday morning on the grand larceny charge and for Special Sessions for operating an automobile without a chauffeur's license.

Court Frees Woman Speeder.

Miss Muriel Spencer of 39 West Twenty-fifth Street, who was arrested on Saturday, charged with speeding on Riverside Drive at eighteen miles an hour, was discharged in the West Side Court yesterday by Magistrate Barlow. Miss Spencer said she was the manager of a hardware store, told the Magistrate that she was taking a trained nurse to attend her mother, who is ill. She admitted that she was going too fast, but said the road was clear and the need for haste great.

WINDOW SMASHER ARRESTED.

One Young Man's Way of Avenging a Robbery—Intoxicated, Physician Says.

People in the neighborhood of Third Avenue and 120th Street were startled yesterday afternoon to see a young man pick up a stone and deliberately break the large plate glass in front of the fancy goods store of M. Wolfsohn & Co., at 204 East 120th Street. A crowd gathered, and the young man calmly broke the windows in a vacant store adjoining. The crowd applauded at this, and the young man moved along to the butter and egg store of John Wathage, at No. 206. Half of the store is occupied by William Selig as a fish market, and the smasher made quick work of both windows.

No effort was made to restrain him, and the young man went searching for more good-sized window panes. As he was selecting one Policeman Cook of the East 126th Street Station came along. The young man put up a stiff fight against arrest, and the policeman had to call for assistance. Detectives Cousin and McCarthy of the Harlem Branch of the Detective Bureau were passing, and the three took the man to the station.

There he gave his name as George Biglin of 388 Pleasant Avenue. He said he was a clerk in a Harlem packing house. A physician from the Harlem Hospital dressed several severe cuts which he had received from the broken glass, and diagnosed his complaint as too much alcohol. Biglin told the police that he had been robbed on Saturday night at Third Avenue and 125th Street. He said he lost a diamond pin, a gold-plated watch and chain, and $8 in cash, and he broke the glass as a means of giving expression to his feelings.

NEGRO COMMITTEE TO MEET.

National Conference Will Be Held Here Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

Announcement was made yesterday from the headquarters of the National Negro Committee, 500 Fifth Avenue, that the second annual conference of the organization will be held in this city on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. The first session will be held in the Charity Organization Society's Hall, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and a public meeting will be held at 8 o'clock that night in Cooper Union, at which Congressman William S. Bennet, Ray Stannard Baker, the Rev. R. C. Ransom, and Mrs. Ida Wells-Barnett will speak.

On Saturday there will be three sessions of the conference. The final one, at 8 P. M., will be held in The Berkeley, Forty-fourth Street, near Fifth Avenue, when Prof. Albert Bushnell Hart and Prof. Franz Boas will be among the speakers.

The National Committee includes among its members Prof. John Dewey, Jacob W. Mack, Dr. Henry Moskowitz, John E. Molholland, Miss Leonora O'Reilly, Charles Edward Russell, Prof. Edwin R. A. Seligman, Oswald G. Villard, Miss Lillian D. Wald, William English Walling, Bishop Alexander Walters, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, the Rev. J. H. Holmes, Albert E. Pillsbury, Moorfield Storey, President Charles P. Thwing of Western Reserve University, President W. S. Scarborough of Wilberforce University, Miss Jane Addams, Mrs. Ida Wells-Barnett, Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, the Rev. J. Milton Waldron, Prof. W. E. B. DuBois, and Leslie Pinckney Hill.

HOLD A PULLMAN PASSENGER.

Porter on a Train Thinks He May Be a Thief, but Won't Charge Theft.

A man who said he was Dr. Archibald Goldstone of 124 Gibbs Street, Rochester, N. Y., was arrested yesterday morning when he left a train from the South in the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, Jersey City. He was charged with being a disorderly person.

Marshall Pitts of 331 Third Street, Jersey City, a negro porter on the train, made the complaint. He said he was suspicious of the prisoner and believed him guilty of stealing from Pullman car passengers. He said he gave the man permission to go through one of the sleeping cars, and when he came back and went into the lavatory a passenger reported that his pocketbook, containing $8 and Baltimore & Ohio Railroad pass No. 5,903, made out to J. P. Nelson, was missing.

Pitts said the same man had ridden on his train before, and passengers on that occasion complained about valuables having been stolen from them. He refused to charge him with theft, but made the disorderly complaint to have him held.

At the City Hall Police Station the prisoner proclaimed his innocence and threatened to sue the railroad company. He was searched, but neither the Baltimore & Ohio pass nor the missing pocketbook was found on him. He furnished $100 cash bail for his appearance in the Second Criminal Court to-day.

AN EXHIBIT BY CHILDREN.

Pupils of Educational Alliance to Show Their Handiwork.

Many hundred east side children have been studying dressmaking, millinery, sewing, and wood carving during last Winter, in the classes in those subjects at the Educational Alliance, Jefferson Street and East Broadway. The children are very proud of the practical ability they have acquired in this way.

There will be an exhibition of what the children have accomplished at the Educational Alliance next Sunday afternoon and evening. Hats, dresses, and garments made by the pupils will be exhibited. The young women in the graduating class will wear dresses which they have made themselves. The public is invited to attend this exhibition. The expenses of the alliance this year were $100,527, all of which must be obtained from contributions.

FILES BOND FOR A MILLION.

Executor Waite's Surety Is the Largest In Westchester's History.

The largest bond ever filed in the Westchester County Surrogate's office was that of Frederick Waite of 141 Broadway, Manhattan, who gave security as temporary executor of the estate of Mrs. Mary E. Brinckerhoff, who left property worth $2,500,000. Mr. Waite has just filed a bond for $1,000,000, given by a New York surety company.

In addition to leaving more than $250,000 to charitable institutions, Mrs. Brinckerhoff made bequests to many relatives, while her servants also received splendid gifts. Mrs. Brinckerhoff left $2,000 to provide for the care of her two coach horses, and one of the duties of the executor will be to see that these animals are kindly cared for as long as they live.

500,000 WORKMEN INJURED EACH YEAR

Manufacturers' Convention to Discuss Means of Preventing Accidents.

ANNUAL LOSS IS $250,000,000

Practically Every Large Employer of Labor Has Joined in an Effort to Save Life and Money.

At the annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers, to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria on May 16, 17, and 18, the important subject under consideration will be the means of preventing accidents.

During the past year preventable accidents injured half a million workmen in the United States and entailed a loss of $250,000,000 to manufacturers. These statistics caused the association to look into the matter and seek the consensus of opinion.

The committee appointed by the association in preparing its report communicated with 25,000 employers in all parts of the United States as well as 250 organizations of employers. Every State legislator also was consulted, and correspondence was carried on with American and European experts and with the officers of societies and organizations interested in this work.

More than 10,000 replies to these communications were received, and only three protested against taking up the question of employers' liability and the prevention of accidents. More than 99 per cent. of the members of the Association of Manufacturers favored a progressive policy of dealing with the question.

The records of the National Association show that no class is more anxious than it to correct the injustice often meted to an employe under the employers' liability act. It recognizes that this is not only humanitarian but good business.

Prof. Frederick R. Hutton of the American Museum of Safety and Miles M. Dawson, who investigated liability insurance abroad for the Russell Sage Foundation, will address the meeting, and a report will be made by a committee consisting of John Kirby, Jr., President of the National Association; James W. Van Cleave, D. A. Tompkins, H. E. Miles, Henry B. Joy, President of the Packard Motor Car Company, and F. C. Schwedtman, Chairman.

The interest in this city in the prevention of accidents is shown by the fact that practically every manufacturer in the metropolis has joined in the movement.

"The question of appliances for preventing accidents to workmen and accident indemnity are at present receiving more attention than any other issues in the field of industry," said John Kirby, Jr., President of the association. "They are questions of vital importance to our members from an economic as well as humanitarian standpoint."

James L. Quackenbush, accident attorney for New York Street Railway interests, said:

"The various street railway companies are taking a most active interest in the use of appliances to protect their employes. A keen interest is also shown in the equally important subject of industrial indemnity."

The Remington Typewriter Company has a system whereby the employes present plans suggesting the practical use of safety devices.

Ludwig Nissen of the Ludwig Nissen Company said:

"The movement is bound to develop into the most important ever started in the industrial world. The fact that half a million workmen are injured annually in this country is an insult to our intelligence. Accidents will never be entirely eliminated, of course, but the use of safety devices will reduce the number at least 50 per cent. The action of the association will attract attention to the facts, and inventors will be stimulated to originate and apply devices for the protection of life and limb."

The American Cotton Oil Company writes:

"Our interest in an organized attempt to reduce industrial accidents goes without saying. With us the caring for the heedless and careless is more trying than it is with the majority of corporations. Our factories are in the cotton belt, where labor is largely performed by negroes. Even eliminating the humanitarian side, practical economy demands that we adopt every possible precaution."

Among the prominent men who have been invited to attend are Cardinal Gibbons, Speaker Joseph Cannon, Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor, J. Pierpont Morgan, E. H. Gary, Paul Morton, Senators Root, Nelson, and Borah; Congressmen Denby, Fordney, and Fassett; ex-Congressmen Charles E. Littlefield and James E. Watson, and ex-Senator Hemingway.

During the three days of the convention attention will be given also to uniform State laws, banking and currency, merchant marine, National conservation, immigration, fire prevention, industrial education, and National incorporation.

SAVED CHILDREN AND DIED.

Philadelphia Policeman Trampled by Horses in a Circus Chariot Race.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—Policeman William Weiss died here to-day from injuries received at a circus performance Thursday night in saving three small children from being crushed to death under the hoofs of the horses in a chariot race.

Three chariots drawn by four horses each were rounding the turn into the home stretch of the race when the children started to run across the track. Weiss dashed in front of the chariots and tossed the children back to safety. One of the drivers turned his team from the track, another pulled up slightly, but the driver of the third chariot was unable to control his team until after the policeman had been struck by the long pole and knocked under the horses' hoofs.

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"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"
Licensed under Selden Patent
PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY
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We guarantee to clean carpets and rugs thoroughly and properly. We also store them and pack with moth preventives. No extra charge is made for fire insurance.

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House Furnishing Warerooms
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Cooking Utensils of every kind, Tin, Copper, Aluminum, Nickel and Guaranteed Enameled Steel. Cutlery, Earthenware, China and Glass, Woodenware, Laundry Furniture, etc. House Cleaning Materials, Vacuum Cleaners.

Refrigerators
The "Eddy" Our Standard for a Quarter Century
The "Premier" Glass lined.
The Perfection of Cleanliness, Efficiency and Economy

Water Filters and Coolers
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$100,000.00 DIAMONDS WATCHES JEWELRY
SILVERWARE, CUT-GLASS, CLOCKS, PLATED WARE, ETC.
During next few days will be sold at
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RETAIL OR WHOLESALE
S. F. MYERS CO., Wholesale Jewelers, 47-49 MAIDEN LANE.

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direct attention to their exceptional facilities for the
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FURS, FUR-LINED GARMENTS AND ORIENTAL RUGS
in the most modern and approved methods with insurance against damage by moths, theft and fire.
FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED
During the Spring at Special Concessions from Regular Rates. Estimates Submitted and Articles Called for Upon Request.
PORTIERES, DRAPERIES, ETC., CARED FOR AND INSURED.
LACE CURTAINS CLEANED AND STORED
During the Summer. No Extra Charge for Storage.
West Twenty-third Street

LANSDEN
ELECTRIC WAGONS

EVERY New Yorker has seen Lansden Electric Wagons at work. In the heavy snow of last winter one department store ran regular trips to Brooklyn, Coney Island, Staten Island, The Bronx, and return, when horses were either down on the pavement or in comfortable stalls.

THESE were Lansden Wagons driven by the perfected Edison Storage Battery. Throughout the long, strenuous season they did their work promptly and well for a great many Manhattan establishments. If you were to count the cost you would find the horse delivery more expensive than that of the electric wagon.

More about Lansden efficiency for the asking.
In writing, please mention The Times.

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Best quality Imported Inlaid Linoleum in hardwood, tile and floral patterns. 1.00 per sq. yd.
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Doilies, Center Pieces, Scarfs, Tea Cloths, etc., including hand-embroidered and hand-made lace trimmed pieces, at 33 1-3% less than usual prices.
Satan Damask Table Cloths............ 2.50, 3.00 and 3.75
Napkins to match............ 3.50 doz.
Hemstitched Huckaback Towels...... 3.00 doz.
usual price 4.25
Irish Linen Glass and Dish Towels, hemmed. 1.50 doz.
usual price 2.00
Hemmed Cotton Sheets................ 55c, 60c to 75c each
Pillow Cases.... 15c, 17c and 19c each

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Electricity—
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Nothing in your house disturbed when BOHN wires for heat, light, bells or telephones.
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THINKS SALOON MEN CIRCUMVENT GAYNOR

The Rev. John D. Long Declares the Police Are Not Carrying Out His Excise Orders.

PUTS THE BLAME ON BAKER

Subordinates Have Not Received Orders to File Their Complaints with the Excise Department, He Says.

The Rev. Dr. John D. Long believes that there is still a lot of graft right here in New York. In a sermon on "The Grafters" yesterday before the congregation of the Parkside Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, Dr. Long said he was interested to know how it was that Mayor Gaynor's order to Police Commissioner Baker to turn over all evidence of Sunday excise law violations to the Excise Department had not been obeyed. Dr. Long said that Mayor Gaynor had started in very well to root out the grafters, but that of late something seemed to have happened.

"We plainly have floods of graft here in New York City, notwithstanding on last January we inaugurated a Mayor who declared his intention of ridding us of graft," said Dr. Long. "What reason have I for saying that graft abounds in this city? Let me tell you. In this State we have laws against gambling; we have laws against disorderly houses; we have laws against Sunday liquor selling in the saloons. It is pretty clearly in evidence that we are having at present a wide-open town, and a wide-open town in the face of laws to the contrary always spells graft in big letters.

Dr. Long said that the head and centre of graft here is the saloon, and that Mayor Gaynor evidently recognized it, for he had issued orders to the police, instructing them in a method of procedure against the law breakers. The result of these orders, added Dr. Long, was for awhile what Mayor Gaynor desired. It appeared for a time as though the well-spring of graft was to be dried up.

"But what progress is Mayor Gaynor making in the issue?" he asked. "Why and how is it that the law breakers and the grafters seem to be getting their breaths again? Why is it that 276 licenses have been issued for Coney Island, the popular resort for our women and children and young people? Of these licenses 273 are for hotels, not less than 90 per cent. of which are Raines-law hotels. They tell me that the decision of the Appellate Court last September swept away all the restrictions with which the temperance people and the reformers had hedged about and restricted the Raines-law hotels so as greatly to reduce their number. But it appears that since this decision these pest holes have spread through the town like smallpox, until now there will soon again be 2,600 in Brooklyn and thousands in Manhattan.

"But all these places violate the law in manifold ways. Especially do they violate the Sunday law, and it would be comparatively easy for the Excise Department to sue upon their bonds and thus put these places out of business. Why is this not done? Who is responsible? As I have already indicated, the police have brought in thousands of complaints in the form of affidavits. I have also said that Mayor Gaynor states that these affidavits have been ordered turned over to the Excise Commissioner.

"Why, then, is there nothing doing? What is halting procedure? Who is the Senegambian in the situation? Deputy Police Commissioner Reynolds of Brooklyn when asked recently whether he has placed the complaints brought in by his men with the Excise Department answered that he had received no such orders from his superior, Commissioner Baker. Ah, now we begin to see a light. The Mayor, it appears, has issued to Commissioner Baker the orders which, if executed, will eventually put the grafters out of business, but at this point things have stopped. It is now up to his Honor the Mayor to find out the reason why."

TO LEAD WORK HORSE PARADE

Place of Honor for Almeda, Veteran of the Fire Department.

They're going to pile the honors on old Almeda next Memorial Day. Nobody knows just how many are the years of Almeda, but the Fire Department records show that he started dragging an engine on Aug. 30, 1894, and was sold on April 28. Thomas F. McCarthy, general manager of the work horse parade, to be held on May 30, keeps close track of cases of this sort, and it is planned that Almeda, which for sixteen years toiled helpfully through the streets of New York, shall on this occasion only lead the parade.

"Almeda was sold for $75," says Mr. McCarthy. "He had done his honorable service in the Fire Department, and he was sold to a person who loves horses and has given the old fellow the freedom of a fine grazing land for the rest of his life. I think I can induce the present owner to let Almeda come down to the city Memorial Day and head the parade, and I shall ask the Commissioner to let a uniformed member of the department lead Almeda, to make the thing official, and to serve as an object lesson to private owners, as showing how the city disposes of its old servants. Instead of having to draw a huckster's wagon in his old age, Almeda enjoys all the comforts of home, and this is as it should be."

Entries close next Saturday. The entry blanks are to be had at headquarters, 377 Broadway.

BOYS ANXIOUS TO BE SCOUTS.

Col. Bemus Overwhelmed with Applications to Join Juveniles.

The plan to form a body of Boy Scouts in this country modeled on the Baden Powell Scouts in England has met with an enthusiastic response. On Saturday more than seventy-five lads called at the offices of the National Highways Association, 6 West Twenty-eighth Street, and a continuous stream was turned away with the information that their applications were premature.

Col. Peter Stuyvesant Bomus, U. S. A., retired, who is enlisting officers, has had numerous offers of assistance from National Guard and regular army men. Some of his correspondents live as far away as Fort Riley, Kan., and Georgia, and he is now perfecting the organization of a staff.

Col. Bomus also is considering the qualifications for the boys who join, as it is intended to be careful about admitting those of doubtful character, age, or physique. As soon as these preliminaries have been settled recruiting stations will be opened in the city, and the enrollment will be undertaken, but it is not believed that this will be possible within two weeks.

PARTY FOR A CENTENARIAN.

Mendel Diamond, 109, Entertains at Jewish Home for the Aged.

Mendel Diamond celebrated his one hundred and ninth birthday yesterday in the Home for the Aged, run by the Daughters of Jacob, at 302 East Broadway. His young friend, Isaac Goldsmith, aged 80, handled the phonograph at his reception, and Mendel danced his joy. The 185 inmates of the home joined in the celebration.

Esther Davis, aged 117; Malke Bernstein, 106, and Rachel Marcus, 102, a committee of three representing the women's department, carried the congratulation of his aged sisters to Mendel Diamond, who made an appropriate speech in response.

Supt. Albert Kruger gave a special dinner in honor of the birthday. Diamond, or "Gen. Bull," as he is now known, was born in Covno, Russia. He was picked up in Hester Street some eight years ago, and has seemed to improve rather than grow weaker since he went into the home.

A PLEA FOR FAMILY PETS.

The Humane Society Asks That They Be Not Deserted in the Summer.

As the vacation season is approaching when many families break up for residence in the country, leaving their pets, such as cats and dogs, behind, the Humane Society of New York issued an appeal yesterday to owners of pets not to abandon them to suffering. Here it is:

> More than 200,000 small animals were put to death in New York last year, primarily because they were abandoned or left to starve by their owners. Will the dog or the cat or the bird that you and the children have petted be among the victims this year?
>
> Summer vacations are at hand, the time of the year when the thoughtlessness of men and women causes the greater part of this unnecessary suffering.
>
> In all the world there is nothing more pathetic than a dog standing guard at the door of a home deserted by its owners. If you find you cannot take this faithful friend with you to your new home try to find hospitality for it among your acquaintances. Almost every country home will afford a hearty welcome to a dog, even where there are one or more on the place already, and there is no dog tax outside the city limits. But don't forget that a dog's attachment is to people rather than to places.
>
> Thousands of cats are abandoned every year because of the widespread belief that if taken to a new home they will wander back to the old. This is but partially true. Cats will often traverse great distances to return to homes from which they have been taken, but they are attached no less to the people than to the place. You will find no difficulty in accustoming your cat to a new home if you will keep it confined to the house for a few days. Feed it well and treat it kindly, and it will be reconciled to its new surroundings in a very short time.

The late Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) was an honorary Vice President of the Humane Society, and took a lively interest in its work of lessening the needless suffering of household pets.

COMET SCARE IN BERMUDA.

Celestial Visitor Seen Acting Strangely Soon After King Edward's Death.

Queer things seemed to be going on around Halley's comet about the time of the accession of King George V., according to observations in Bermuda, news of which was received here last night by United Wireless from the steamship Bermudian, now at sea.

According to the dispatch on Friday night, the night of the death of King Edward and the accession of his son, the comet became visible in Bermuda at 2 o'clock in the morning, and a decidedly red tinge was noted in its tail. At 12:30 that night the fort at Hamilton, Bermuda, began to fire a salute of 101 guns in honor of the new King. An interval of two minutes elapsed between each discharge, and so the final gun was fired at 3:52 A. M. exactly.

As the report died away, the observer saw a sudden flaring up at the end of the comet's tail. The head also glowed, a ball of red fire. For five minutes the phenomenon lasted, and was seen by the negroes at work on the docks. They were overcome with terror. They fell on their knees and began to pray. They thought that the end of the world was surely coming, and it was impossible to get them to go on with the loading of the Bermudian.

Some of them connected the strange light with the death of King Edward. It showed, they declared, that war was sure to break out in King George's reign, and that some great calamity would befall the earth. They were speechless with fear and worked themselves up in their paroxysms of religious zeal to a perfect frenzy. It was not till the comet had faded from view and the daylight of Saturday had broken that they could be induced to go on again with their work.

PEACE CONFERENCE OPENS.

Representatives of Labor at Hartford Protest Against War.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 8.—With special services in the churches of Hartford, New Britain, and neighboring towns this morning, and mass meetings in the afternoon and evening the New England arbitration and peace conference was formally opened here to-day under the auspices of the American Peace Society and the Connecticut State Peace Society. This conference will be the only one held in this country this year, and a part of the sessions will be held in New Britain in honor of the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of Elihu Burritt of that city, who inspired the International Peace Congress of 1848.

President C. J. Donahue of the Connecticut Federation of Labor, in an address this afternoon, said that labor had more to gain through the channels of peace than through strikes and conflicts.

John Brown Lennon, Treasurer of the American Federation of Labor, said:

"Workingmen should be prominent in every movement for the uplifting of mankind. I believe that we will live to see the day when the greatest men will be those who stand for peace and good will, and not the victors of many battles."

The Rev. Charles E. Beals, Field Secretary of the American Peace Society of Chicago, told of the part labor has played in the great peace movement. The average workingman, he said, is an anti-gun man because he is an economist, an internationalist, a thinker, a democrat, and a moralist. He predicted that before 1950 the apostles of peace would be out of a job.

NEW P.O. SYSTEM WORKS WELL

Good Reports Received of Civil Service for Rural Postmasters.

Statistics compiled by the commission for the National Civic Reform League show that the system of choosing fourth-class Postmasters through examination is working satisfactorily.

The first examination was held on March 27, 1909. Since that time there have been 1,183 examinations. In only one case has it been unable to select an eligible, and in only fifty-two cases was a second examination necessary. In all, 2,134 applications were received, 1,842 eligibles obtained, and 1,101 appointments made.

In only 402 examinations were there more than one applicant. In 186 there were two, and in 316 three or more. The highest eligible must be selected.

GREAT CENSUS TASK CONFRONTS DURAND

Months of Tabulating Work to be Done at High Pressure in Washington.

MODERN MACHINES TO AID

They Will Be Operated Night and Day—3,000 Temporary Employes Taken On by the Bureau.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Like a vast warship, the Census Bureau has "cleared its decks for action." In addition to the main building of the bureau, two others have been leased, giving a total floor space of 150,000 square feet, which is enough to accommodate the permanent census clerks and the temporary force of 3,000 employes whose services will be required during the coming Summer only.

The enumerators' schedules have begun to arrive. But it will be several weeks before official announcement is made of the total population of any city in the country. These figures will be the first tabulated, after which the States and minor civil divisions will be completed. C. Dana Durand, Director of the Bureau, announced to-day that "no preliminary official statements will be issued by the bureau until the 'established count' for each of the different areas has been made. There will be no 'rough counts for approximations,'" he added, "and no sacrifice of accuracy for haste."

Work will be carried on by day as well as by day. The punching machines, semi-automatic and electrical, 300 in number, will be operated night and day. Each machine can complete 3,000 cards in a seven-hour day, which means that all the machines at this rate can dispose of 45,000,000 cards in a month by working fourteen hours a day. Semi-automatic electrical tabulating machines also will be used.

Legrand Powers, Chief Statistician of the Division of Agriculture, does not expect to publish any information regarding the farm census of 1909 until Sept. 15, when he may issue the first preliminary bulletin giving for each State and Territory the totals derived from the tabulation separately of general farm data, the principal crops, and the live stock on farms and ranges.

William M. Stuart, Chief Statistician of the Division of Manufactures, has received about 150,000 of the 340,000 schedules involved in the census of manufactures, mines, and quarries. It is likely that an announcement of the totals for the District of Columbia will be made some time in June. Public mention will be made of the completed returns for other areas as fast as they are received and tabulated. Procrastination in furnishing information on the part of a few manufacturers in some of the areas will occasion delays which the Census Bureau cannot avoid.

HOLDS PUNISHMENT CRUEL.

Supreme Court Orders Release of Convicted Philippine Official.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—For the first time in its history the Supreme Court this week ordered the release of a person legally convicted on the ground of the infliction of a "cruel and unusual punishment." The case was that of Paul Weems, an official in the lighthouse service in the Philippines.

His case came under the bill of rights of the island, which contains the same provision in this regard as the eighth amendment to the Constitution.

It was admitted that in the musty precedents of the past the English-speaking people used this phrase only to prohibit a resort to inhuman methods for causing bodily torture, such as the Roman custom of sewing a parricide into a leather bag with a live dog, a cock, a viper, and an ape and casting the bag into the sea. The court decided to regard these precedents as milestones in the advance of civilization and not as limitations on the phrase.

"In the application of a constitution," said Justice McKenna, in announcing the decision of the court, "our contemplation cannot be only of what has been, but of what may be."

SPRING WEATHER IS UNIQUE.

Cool and Warm Waves Unparalleled in Official Records.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—"Unparalleled in the history of the Weather Bureau" is the way in which Prof. Edward B. Garriott, official forecaster, described to-night the ranges and distribution of temperature in the United States during the last two weeks. He pointed out that the incomputable damage to fruit and other crops in the central valleys and Southern States, caused by the cool wave during the latter part of April, might have been avoided in large degree by a proper appreciation of the timely warnings issued by the Weather Bureau, and the employment of approved devices for protection from frost.

"The warm wave," he added, "following this cool period, produced the highest April temperature on record at points in the north central States, and temperatures that approached the records in middle interior and middle eastern States. In turn this warm wave was followed in the first week of May by an extensive and persistent cold area, which during three consecutive nights carried the frost line over the middle Mississippi and Ohio Valleys and southern portions of the Middle Atlantic States."

TURN OUT MORE PREACHERS.

An Increase of 38 Theological Graduates in Six Seminaries.

Reports made public yesterday from six of the largest of the Protestant theological seminaries, now graduating their classes, indicate a slight improvement in the ministerial supply for the year. Small as the gain is, Protestant leaders believe that within three years the abnormal shortage of ministers that has prevailed for eight years, and has been acute for five, will come to an end.

The seminaries whose figures are given out represent Methodist, Congregational, Presbyterian, Baptist, and Episcopal bodies, but word has been received from seminaries representing also the Lutherans and the Disciples, or all of the large Protestant bodies.

The increase in the number of new ministers from the seven seminaries this year is thirty-eight men, there being a total of 258 graduates, as against 220 last year. If this ratio holds good in all Protestant seminaries it indicates a total of 2,250 men, or within about 200 of the number of new ministers needed this year for growth and to replace those who fall out by death and resignation. This is a better showing by at least 150 men than has been made by the seminaries for five years, at least.

The theological schools which made the reports are Drew Seminary, at Madison, N. J.; Yale, Princeton, McCormick, at Chicago; Union Seminary, and the General Seminary in Chelsea Square, New York.

MORE BODIES FOUND IN MINE.

Searching Parties Reach Lowest Part of the Slope at Palos.

PALOS, Ala., May 8.—The work of recovering the bodies of those killed in the Palos mine on Thursday proceeded satisfactorily to-day. The searching parties have reached the lowest part of the slope and have been working their way back examining headings on the other side. Eight or ten bodies were found in one little group during the afternoon. Last night about midnight three bodies were found lying close together with every indication that they had not been killed by the explosion but had died of suffocation.

One of the men had taken off his coat and wrapped it around his head as if to keep out the gas. Another was lying face downward, with his arms covering his face. Another was holding a cloth over his face. Up to to-night sixty-seven bodies had been recovered.

The bodies taken out were almost unrecognizable. The funerals in the little mining camp began to-day. A special plot of ground was set aside, and men were engaged all day in digging graves.

SHIFT ON RAILROAD BILL.

Regular Senators Believe They Keep Stock and Bond Sections.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—There were no White House conferences on the Railroad bill to-day, though in an informal way the work of vote getting for the two factions went on.

Many Senators are out of town over Sunday, and in general the status quo may be said to remain unchanged. As far as the Senate is concerned this is likely to continue true until the end of the week, for the insurgents have decided on a mild filibuster for a few days until Senators Cummins and Dolliver can return from a Republican conference at Des Moines.

From the regular camp it is now announced that Sections 13, 14, and 15, relating to stock and bond issues, will remain in the bill, and that sufficient votes are on hand for their adoption and the final passage of the bill, along with the defeat of the lang ond short haul clause. Though nothing definite can be learned it is understood that a few changes in the phraseology of the stock and bond sections will be made so as to save the consciences of a few Senators who otherwise would feel a hesitancy in recording themselves in favor of such a conservative feature.

The debate in the Senate will be resumed to-morrow, with speeches by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and Senator Piles of Washington. Both will attack the long and short haul clause.

UNEASINESS AT CHANG-SHA.

Posters Calling for Uprising Are Destroyed by Authorities.

CHANG-SHA, China, May 8.—The general uneasiness has been greatly increased here in consequence of the appearance of a large number of posters, unsigned, demanding the destruction of foreigners and native Christians, and setting May 20 as the date for the general anti-Manchu uprising.

Government officials have destroyed the posters and the city is being strongly patrolled. The agitators are holding secret meetings, but it is believed that the presence of foreign gunboats here will act as a check to the movement.

Saltus Prize Is Accepted.

PARIS, May 8.—The Académie des Beaux Arts has voted to accept the prize of $100 to be given annually by J. S. Saltus of New York for a battle picture.

Mrs. Clifton Beach Loses a Silver Bag.

Mrs. Clifton Beach of 80 Madison Avenue reported to the police of the Kingsbridge Station yesterday that she had lost a silver-mesh bag set with emeralds, in which were several uncut emeralds, a lorgnette, and about $2, as she got out of her auto at Broadway and 242d Street, early in the afternoon. The valuables are worth about $800, Mrs. Beach told Lieut. Delay, who sent a detective to look for the bag and its contents. Mrs. Beach before marriage was Miss Adelaide Thaw. She lives with Mrs. Charles Thaw in the Madison Avenue house.

KEPT BOY TETHERED ON A POOR FARM

For More Than Two Years an 8-Year-Old Was Tied to a Post.

OLD WOMAN HIS KEEPER

Matron Said He Was "a Menace" to the Aged Inmates and Had to be Flogged.

After having been tethered on the Orange, N. J., Poor Farm for more than two years, an eight-year-old boy, Martin Connors, who has been a pauper ward all that time, is now, through the action of Gov. Fort, to be placed in a proper State institution.

The boy is "backward, untrained," and "a menace to others," according to those who have had him in charge. His only companions on the poor farm are the aged inmates—men and women whose ages range from 55 to 100. He is unable to talk coherently, and no attempt has been made to teach him anything.

The boy has been tied to a post in the yard of the Almshouse for several hours every day, except when the weather was inclement. At other times he has been deprived of his freedom while indoors. He seems to think now that it is a part of his existence, and he often runs to the post, takes a rope made of bed ticking, with which he is usually tied, places it about his waist, and waits until some one of the aged inmates ties him.

Jared W. Kimball, Superintendent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, went to the poorhouse late on Saturday to make an investigation of the child's condition. When he got there the first thing he caught sight of was the boy tied to the post in the yard. Near him were two women, one about seventy years old and the other 100. They were apparently acting as guards over him. One of the women, who is said to have special charge of the boy, had two switches in her hand, which had apparently been cut from a tree. Several pictures of the boy were taken by a photographer.

Mrs. Margaret Helmlinger, matron of the institution, explained to Mr. Kimball that the boy was not ill treated, but declared that a switch had been occasionally used on him for correctionary purposes. She admitted that it was no place for the child, but that she had been instructed to keep him there. These orders, she said, had come from Gustav Kunz, Overseer of the Poor of Orange.

The State Institution for Feeble-minded Children, the matron said she had been informed, had refused to take the boy.

When Gov. Fort was asked about the boy's case he said he knew nothing about it and expressed indignation over it. He said the boy would be removed immediately.

Overseer Kunz when asked about the case declared that several applications had been made to have the boy removed to the State Home for Feeble-minded Children at Vineland, but without result.

BLIND LAD ELECTED A JUDGE.

Will Preside at Court of Boys' Republic in School 110.

Pure justice will mark the affairs of the Boys' Republic of Public School 110, Broome and Cannon Streets, where the pupils have elected as Chief Justice Benjamin Apicello, a 14-year-old boy who is totally blind.

Apicello is one of the brightest youngsters of the school, according to Miss Adeline Simpson, the Principal, and he asks no favors in the mental contests because of his lack of sight. He lives at 125½ Thompson Street.

Chief Justice Apicello's associates will be Philip Teitelbaum and William Germath. The Judges have a courtroom of their own in the school building, where they pass judgment upon delinquents. Upon notification of his election Chief Justice Apicello voiced his thanks simply. He said:

"My dear fellow-citizens, I thank you for the very high honor you have conferred upon me by electing me to be Chief Justice of the court. I will try to be a just and wise Judge."

The Chief Justice will be backed up by Emanuel Mintz, 12 years old, of 430 Grand Street, who was elected Mayor of the school grounds.

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are the pioneers in the movement to make the price of a man's suit represent its true value, measured by the highest standard attainable at the price. The price of these suits is $20, and that is their real value.

Each suit separately cut, in accordance with the design of a well-informed, capable designer, and thoroughly tailored by good craftsmen. In all-wool fabrics, of proven textile strength, in the season's attractive colorings.

The same principle underlies the B. B. Special $1.50 Woven Madras Shirt, plain and pleated negligee in very neat Spring patterns; coat model, cuffs attached. These shirts are made in a custom shop, and the material is of the quality which usually goes into $2 shirts.

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These values are created with a distinct purpose—to acquaint and familiarize those who appreciate good clothes, possessing identity and individuality, with the many excellent qualities of Smith Gray clothes, at prices so unusual as to compel consideration.

The 15.50 garments are our regular lots specially priced. The 18.50 garments are small lots, one, two or three of a kind, which are our best sellers and which are usually held until July or August, but which we think best to offer now—that more may know Smith Gray quality and, knowing, become and remain Smith Gray patrons.

Motor clothes for owners and chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

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FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

FAITHFUL REPRODUCTIONS
OF FAMOUS ENGLISH DESIGNS.

In all FLINT REPRODUCTIONS of antiques is a spirit of truthfulness, a frank sincerity of purpose, appealing to all persons of taste.

Our careful reproductions of Stuart and Tudor Periods, our faultless examples of the art of Sheraton, Hepplewhite and the Brothers Adam, leave nothing to be desired in point of substantial craftsmanship or beauty of design.

While no expense has been spared in the manufacture of these pieces, prices upon comparison will be found EXCEEDINGLY LOW.

GEO. C. FLINT CO.
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B. Altman & Co.

THE MARVEX KID GLOVES MADE ESPECIALLY FOR B. ALTMAN & CO. BY TRÉFOUSSE ET CIE., CHAUMONT, FRANCE, ARE NOW BEING SHOWN IN A COMPLETE LINE OF COLORS, IN GLACÉ AND SUÈDE, COMPRISING LATE SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

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THE FORMER IS A FRENCH MAKE, IMPORTED EXCLUSIVELY BY B. ALTMAN & CO.
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Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

LEGISLATIVE BILL STIRS X-SCIENTISTS

They Assert That the Measure Is Meant to Put a Stop to All "Healing."

TO FIGHT IT IN THE SENATE

Contend That It Will Also Strike a Blow at One of the Catholic Tenets.

An apparently inoffensive medical bill passed the Assembly last week without debate or opposition. On its face it seemed merely to draw the reins a little tighter about the legitimate practice of medicine.

Since its passage a hue and cry has been raised by Christian Scientists throughout the State. They say the bill contains a joker which menaces the Christian Science Church and the Catholic Church as well, and in the last few days they have been busily preparing for war against the measure, for to-morrow or next day it will come before the Senate.

The Christian Scientists say that should the bill become a law it would not only prevent the practice of Christian Science in this State, but would, if rigidly enforced, prevent even praying for the recovery of the sick. It is likely that a delegation from the Christian Science churches in this city will be on hand when the bill comes up before the Senate.

The measure is known in the Assembly as the Wilkie bill. It was introduced by Assemblyman Wilkie of Buffalo, and passed the Assembly last Thursday. While Christian Scientists are not mentioned in the measure, they say that they more than any other sect would feel the force of the proposed law.

Scarcely had the bill passed the Assembly when Eugene R. Cox, Chairman of the Christian Science Publication Committee of this State, learned of it. He hastened to Albany to see about it. He saw Speaker Wadsworth and several other Assemblymen, who told him that they had no idea the bill was aimed at Christian Science, and would not have voted for it had they known. Mr. Cox came back to arrange for the opposition before the Senate.

"On its face the bill seems harmless, but it is not. It has been impossible to find just what interests are behind the bill," Chairman Cox said. "Those who oppose it do not believe that the medical profession is back of it, for the reason that the New York County Medical Society and other similar societies representing all of the most reputable physicians in the State have not only placed themselves on record as favoring the clause exempting the practice of the religious tenets of any Church, but actually urged the Legislature to place that clause in the present law. The impression seems to prevail that the bill originated either with certain doctors who are not members of reputable medical societies, or else with religious organizations.

"There are certain devout members of the Roman Catholic Church who believe that the relics of St. Ann have a curative value. If there is any weary pilgrim of that faith who wishes to bow down before the relics of St. Ann and take whatever healing value there may be, it is not the duty of this State to step in and prevent it.

"There is also on the statute books of this State a law which says that anybody who has the custody of a child shall give it medical attendance, and the Court of Appeals has held that that means attendance by a regular physician. And any Christian Scientist who has the custody of a child of tender years is bound under the law to give it such treatment. But after a man or a woman has attained unto the full knowledge of manhood or womanhood, and then they desire to accept a religious principle which denies the existence of any disease, and say that disease does not exist, it is not the duty of this State to step in and say, 'You shall not have the privilege of believing that.'

"The Wilkie bill seeks to amend the law by striking out the words, 'This article shall not be construed to affect * * * the practice of the religious tenets of any church.' If it becomes a law Roman Catholics and Christian Scientists would be liable to arrest for practicing the religious tenets of their respective churches.

"The Wilkie bill was introduced in the Assembly on April 26, and was managed in such a way that it was passed by that body on May 5 without ever having been considered in committee. The same bill was introduced in the Senate by Senator Witter of Wellsville, and has been rushed through the Senate with the same haste as in the Assembly, and without a hearing of those affected."

Inquiry among medical men here yesterday disclosed the fact that the Wilkie bill seems to have been inspired by Buffalo physicians, who recently brought suit against a woman for practicing medicine without a medical certificate. The woman in question for several months had been pretending to go into a trance, and while in that state prescribe for patients, asserting that while in the trance she received instructions from a once-famous physician, who had been dead several years.

Christian Scientists say there are some eighty Christian Science Churches in the State, with a combined membership of between 75,000 and 100,000, and that should the proposed bill become a law at least 1,000 regular practitioners of the church would be prevented from practicing Christian Science "healing."

GRATEFUL TO MRS. EDDY.

Londoner Says Her Courage Has Been a Help to Thousands.

Bicknell Young of London lectured twice in Carnegie Hall yesterday before large audiences of Christian Scientists. He told them that Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, leader of Christian Science, presented one of the most striking examples of exalted courage to be found in history.

"Utterly misunderstood by the votaries of systems which give no clew to Christian Science and no knowledge by which to judge it; criticised and even maligned," he said, "Mrs. Eddy has gone on steadily and calmly teaching the pure principle and the absolute rule of all science through all these forty years.

"I have long since ceased to question divine wisdom. I do not know why it was Mrs. Eddy, but I know that it was she who discovered Christian Science and gave it to the world, and I am unspeakably glad that some one was found who could do it. I can see that it had to be some one who was fitted for it; some one who had risen mentally and spiritually above other thinkers. None other had been able to perceive these sublime facts; none other could have made them practical and available to mankind."

PEARY DINED BY HILL.

Small Affair in His Honor in Berlin—Leaves for Rome.

BERLIN, May 8.—Ambassador Hill gave a small dinner to-night in honor of Commander Robert E. Peary. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Seth Low, Baroness Speck von Sternburg, widow of the former German Ambassador at Washington, and Hugo Reisinger.

Commander and Mrs. Peary left for Rome to-night.

ROME, May 8.—Commander Peary's lecture before the Royal Geographical Society, which was to have been delivered on Tuesday, has been postponed until May 15 because of the death of King Edward.

STOP SUNDAY BALL GAMES.

Pittsburg Authorities Anger Fans—Sunday School Pupils Parade.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 8.—From 25,000 to 50,000 baseball fans, including about 5,000 Sunday school students, were angered to-day by orders from the office of the District Attorney that there must be no more Sunday baseball on the back lots or any other places in the city.

About 500 Sunday school students paraded the streets past churches cheering for the motto on a placard which read: "Have Sunday School in the Morning and Baseball in the Afternoon. We Will Attend Both."

Constables from the south side of Pittsburg to-night reported that drunkenness had increased in the nearby country districts about 500 per cent.

FIGHT STARTS SOON FOR DIRECT PRIMARY

Assembly to Take Up Various Measures on Subject This Week—Outcome in Doubt.

INCOME TAX UP IN SENATE

Telephone and Telegraph, Bookmaking and Investigation of Corruption Measures Still to be Disposed Of.

ALBANY, May 8.—The legislative battle over the question of direct nominations promises to start during the coming week, and the outcome is uncertain. The few preliminary skirmishes which have marked the session thus far have failed to develop the strength of the followers of the various primary measures under consideration, and the appearance of the Cobb compromise bill, reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee on Friday, has added to the perplexities of the situation.

The supporters of Gov. Hughes are hopeful of the passage of the Hinman-Green bill. Equally confident are the Republican "organization" members, who are preparing to risk their political lives for the Meade-Phillips measure under the leadership of Speaker Wadsworth of the Assembly. This bill was drafted by the special committee which investigated the direct primary systems in several States, and continues the convention system of nominations. The Democratic League bill, introduced by Senator Grady and Assemblyman Frisbie, is expected to receive the votes of the Democrats.

The Cobb compromise bill, which abolishes intermediate conventions and provides for the nomination of Senators and Assemblymen at the primaries, beginning in 1911, has the indorsement of the Senate Judiciary Committee with the exception of Senator Hinman, who dissented from its report. It was drafted largely in response to a memorial addressed to the Legislature by Seth Low, Nicholas Murray Butler, Jacob Gould Schurman, Henry W. Taft, and others. Senator Cobb himself has already predicted the Assembly's opposition to the measure.

Upon the solution of the primary problem depends largely the date of adjournment. While efforts are being made to get away by May 19, Senator Cobb would not hazard a guess to that effect, while Majority Leader Merritt thought it would be nearer June 1 before the session ends.

Senator Davenport's resolution favoring the Federal income tax will be debated in the Senate on Wednesday. Another matter of importance to come before both houses within the next few days is the bill placing telephone and telegraph companies under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission. It is expected to pass, but not without opposition.

The resolution providing for an investigation of legislative corruption, which has been almost forgotten in the turmoil of the past week, is now scheduled to be reported to the Senate on Monday night. Its adoption is expected.

The Agnew-Perkins anti-oral bookmaking bill and the bill making race track directors liable for gambling carried on at race tracks will probably be reported by the Assembly Rules Committee this week. The bills have already passed the Assembly, but were amended in the Senate, which necessitates their repassage. The bill prohibiting the publication of betting odds and another making more strict the provisions against gaming establishments are on the Senate calendar.

The Senate still has before it the amendments to the Public Service Commissions law, the Employers' Liability bills, the New York Charter bill, the Water Pollution bill, the water storage constitutional amendment, the bills providing for the acceptance of the Harriman gift of a tract of land in Orange and Rockland Counties for park purposes, the Brough Committee of Fourteen Excise bill, and various other measures.

TO CHOOSE BEST BOOKS.

State Library to Make a List for Guidance of Minor Collections.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 8.—A list of 1,289 books chosen from 10,901 published in 1909 has been sent to librarians throughout the State to obtain opinions respecting the best fifty books of 1909 for a village library. The marked lists are to be sent to the State Library, this city, by May 14. A summary of the result will be published shortly, and later a list of 250 books definitely recommended to smaller libraries by the State will be distributed.

The tentative list sent out contains the recommendation that the selections be not made merely on the author's reputation, but from personal knowledge by reading. "We would rather have votes for a dozen books you really know than for fifty which you know only by reputation or hearsay," says Director James I. Wyer, Jr., of the State Library.

Central Fears Trouble with Strikers.

To avert possible trouble Supt. Whaley of the Mott Haven Division of the New York Central Railroad yesterday asked the Captains of the Morrisania and Alexander Avenue Stations for police protection at 5:45 this morning, when he pays off 800 Italians who are striking for higher wages. The reserve squads of both precincts will be sent out to keep order. The Italians are striking for $1.75 a day instead of $1.50.

Cold Storage of Furs

We are prepared to accept Furs and Fur Garments for Cold Storage throughout the Summer months.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Repairs & Alterations

on Fur Garments can now be ordered at considerably lower cost than prevails during the Fur Season.

WILL CONTINUE FOR THE WEEK

The Annual May Sale of Lingerie & Undermuslins for Women

at ⅓ less than regular prices

The remarkable activity of the first week has made room for fresh and attractive lots which secure their first showing this morning. Entirely new models are shown in Gowns, Chemises, Drawers, Combinations, Corset Covers, Petticoats and Princess Slips.

The materials include fine nainsooks, crepe cloths, lawns, crossbars, or batistes.

The trimmings embrace Val., Cluny, Torchon or Baby Irish Laces; eyelet or French embroideries and ribbons.

Gowns	at 75c	1.00	1.50	1.98	2.50	to	15.00
Chemises	" 1.00	1.50	1.98	2.98	3.95	"	5.95
Skirts	" 1.00	1.50	1.98	2.98	3.95	"	18.50
Drawers	" 50c	75c	1.00	1.50	1.98	"	7.95
Covers	" 50c	75c	1.00	1.50	1.98	"	3.95
Combination	" 1.00	1.50	1.98	2.98	3.95	"	15.00
Princess Slips	" 1.50	1.98	2.98	3.95	4.95	"	10.95

Summer Apparel for Women

New models have been crowding in for many days past—exquisite designs that from every viewpoint are distinguished by features to be found in no other shop. Here originality is the prime factor—and exclusiveness exerts its potent charm upon those who appreciate the "something different" that cultured taste demands. We invite your attention to a complete display of the season's choicest designs in

Suits, Coats, Dresses and Skirts

of linens, silks, pongees, voiles, foulards, crepe de chines, mohairs and tropical cloths.

The Summer Suits range in price from	10.50 to 69.00
The Summer Dresses range in price from	8.50 to 125.00
The Summer Coats range in price from	5.00 to 85.00
The Summer Skirts range in price from	2.95 to 17.50

In order to provide room for this new apparel we offer

SPECIAL—TO-DAY (MONDAY)

Tailor Made Suits for Women

At greatly reduced prices

The styles embraced in this offering are the newest and the workmanship is in strict conformity with the Saks standard.

Suits heretofore	25.00 at	16.50
" "	35.00 "	21.50
" "	59.00 "	32.50
" "	75.00 "	39.00

The garments involved in this sale are not the sort commonly offered at reduced prices; each of them is a creation of unusual beauty and elegance, chosen from our regular stock and remarkable value even at the original price.

The Annual May Sale of Negligees for Women

Imported and domestic models, long or short styles; of swiss or lawns with lace and embroidery trimmings.

Short domestic models, kimono or fitted styles.

Value	75c	1.50	3.00
at	50c	1.00	1.98

Long domestic models, Nightingale, Empire or Princess styles.

Value	1.50	3.00	4.50
at	1.00	1.98	2.98

Imported Negligees of light weight albatross, swiss or French crepe, daintily hand-embroidered and elaborated with fine laces, at 7.95 to 50.00

French hand-emb'd handmade Matinees of French nainsook. Value 3.75, at 2.45

"Shurite" Fountain Pens

Special — These fountain pens are of a well-known, standard make, and each pen is fully guaranteed. The pen points are of 14 kt. gold.

Lot No. 1. Extra size pen point, full chased barrel; plain or mounted with gold filled bands. Value 2.50. Sale price 1.00

Lot No. 2. Pens mounted with Oriental pearl and gold filled bands, or with sterling silver filigree. Value 3.50. Sale price 1.45

Lot No. 3. Pens mounted with gold filled filigree. In assorted patterns. Value 5.00. Sale price 2.50

Brass Desk Sets

Consisting of 7 pieces, which include desk pad with brass mounted corners, inkstand, rocker blotter, paper knife, pen brush, large pen tray and desk clock. Remarkable value at 4.65

BEGINNING THIS MORNING, MONDAY, MAY 9TH

The Annual May Sale of Blouses for Women

Imported or Domestic Models

Several thousand handsome waists are involved in this important event, and, what is of equal importance, each garment represents a favored style of the moment. Materials and trimmings are the scarcest the market provides—the grades that are rarely to be secured in garments obtainable at any price concession.

If you contemplate the purchase of a fine waist for present or future wear, this is your opportunity

The Imported Models:

Waists of French Marquissette in the newest Spring colorings, hand-embroidered in self colorings and all hand-made. Value 15.00, at 7.95

French Blouses of Fine Batiste in the new seamless kimono model, elaborately hand-embroidered. Value 6.00, at 3.95

The Domestic Models:

Blouses of Striped Taffeta—smart tailored model; side effect, elaborated with net frills, buttons and soutache braids. Value 6.00, at 3.95

Lingerie Waists of French batiste; entire front hand-embroidered. An assortment of dainty patterns. Value 4.00, at 2.98

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE WE PRESENT AN EXQUISITE ASSEMBLAGE OF

Imported Blouses

of beautiful French or eyelet embroidery

fine marquisettes, voiles, handkerchief linens, batistes or French lawns. The models are all new and are elaborated with laces in newest designs. At 4.95 to 29.50

BEGINNING THIS MORNING,

An Extraordinary Sale of Low Shoes for Women

Values 4.00 & 5.00 at 2.65

A very choice selection of Footwear from our fresh stocks of exclusive Summer models, in the approved designs of the day, carefully made of superior leathers and finished to correspond.

MODELS: Eclipse or sailor ties, pumps, Bluchers, oxfords or two or three-eyelet ties; high or low heels.

LEATHERS: Tan Russia calf, gun metal, glazed kid, patent or black suede.

ALL SIZES. EVERY WIDTH.

An Extraordinary Sale of Fine Ribbons

Exquisite qualities, in just the colorings and widths most in demand for the Summer season.

The price concessions are remarkable

High Lustre Panne Satin Ribbon, 8 in. wide, of extra fine quality; suitable for sashes or millinery, in all the most wanted colors, together with black, white or cream. Value 90c the yard, at 39c

Taffeta Ribbon, 8 in. wide. Lilac, nile, two shades in pink, three shades in light blue, mais, together with white or cream. Value 45c the yard, at 29c

Moire Ribbon, 5½ in. wide; also satin taffeta, 4½ in. wide, in a complete assortment of colors; also black, white or cream. Value 29c the yard, at 18c

Black Velvet Ribbons: all silk, satin back.

No. 16, 2½ inches wide,	the yd.	23c;	10 yds. for	2.20
" 22, 2¾ inches wide,	"	29c;	" "	2.80
" 40, 3 inches wide,	"	35c;	" "	3.40

A Sale of Dresses & Reefers for Infants and Children

Short White Nainsook Dresses

Hand-made and hand-embroidered

Value	2.50	3.00	4.00
at	1.50	1.98	2.98

Hand-made Dorothy Dresses of Linen

Hand-embroidered in dainty designs; in white, blue or pink. Value 5.00, at 2.98

Hand-embroidered Reefers of French Pique

Value	2.50	3.00	3.75
at	1.65	1.98	2.50

Underwear for Women of Silk or Knit Materials

A remarkable assemblage of entirely new designs in Italian silk, Swiss ribbed or ribbed cotton; productions of the most renowned makers of Europe and America.

Combination Suits, Tights and Bloomers at most attractive prices.

SPECIAL—FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Combination Suits of white ribbed lisle, hand-finished, crochet and lace trimmed. Value 1.00 79c

Vests of white ribbed cotton; plain, crochet lace trimmed; fine, elastic weave. 3 for 50c. 18c each

Where Hunger is the Best Sauce

A dinner in the open is one of the delights of the summer season at the

Thousand Islands or Adirondack Mountains

A generous basket is provided by the hotel. You supplement it with a trout or bass just from the water. The meal is prepared by a "chef of the woods."

The stimulus of the pure air gives a flavor to the repast which would make an everlasting fortune for the Broadway restauranteur who could reproduce it.

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If you will tell us the number in your party, the length of time and amount of money you desire to spend in connection with your holiday, and whether you want continuous traveling or not, and give some idea of the taste of your party regarding surroundings, amusements, etc., we will propose one or two trips for your consideration with complete information.

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Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of these offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will furnish any information desired.

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PEACE IN THE MAKING.

The visit of Senator CRANE and Senator ELKINS to the White House Friday is not without significance. In coming months it may be recalled as an incident of even greater significance than now appears. There are two reasons why it will receive attention. First it indicates the beginnings of an attempt to bring about peace and to secure a union of effort among the Republicans at Washington; second, it may be a portent as to the new leadership in the Senate.

After Senator ALDRICH and Senator HALE announced that they would not seek re-election, it was hardly to be expected that they would continue to exercise that control and direction of the business of the Senate which, with very good reason, has been popularly attributed to them in the past. As Mr. ALDRICH is so soon to leave the Senate, it may safely be assumed that he would be quite willing to see the burdens and responsibilities of leadership assumed by another, and that is also true of Senator HALE to the extent to which he has been active in the direction of the Senate's affairs. Who is to succeed to the leadership? The West, we think, may be searched in vain. REED SMOOT is a man of ability and determination, but his years in the Senate have been too few to make his title clear. BURROWS of Michigan, whose term expires next Winter, by the way, has some personal qualities that might, perhaps, work against any ambition that he might have for this distinction. The search cannot be much further continued in that part of the country without invading the ranks of the insurgents. Pennsylvania and New Jersey will hardly enter the contest, nor will New York, since the unremitting labors and the duties, not all of them agreeable, of a Senate leader are hardly to the taste of Senator ROOT. In all New England there is but one who would be seriously thought of as a possible Senate leader, and that one is Senator CRANE of Massachusetts. It was natural enough that Senator ELKINS of West Virginia should have accompanied Mr. CRANE to the White House, for Mr. ELKINS has been long in the Senate, and he is one of the very few whose names would occur to persons canvassing the future leadership. But Senator CRANE, by reason of his recognized abilities and his very remarkable talent for diplomacy and negotiation, which so well equip him to secure desired ends when open fighting is no longer expedient, or altogether out of the question, is, we think, that member of the upper house of Congress who would appear to most men to be first in the line of eligibility. It is possible that the White House visit was resolved upon as the earliest important duty of the new leader, if he is to be the leader.

There is need of a leader, for conditions are critical and the next few weeks will in all probability determine whether the Republican Party is to go to the country in the Congressional elections this Fall as an organization at war with itself, or whether peace and harmony are to be restored. It is a permissible conjecture that the conference of Senators CRANE and ELKINS with the President was something in the nature of what the diplomatists call the preliminaries of peace.

From the point of view of the Republican Party it is high time. When the Hepburn Rate bill had been the subject of prolonged debate in the Senate, and when that Administration measure and others also favored by the Administration were seen to be making no progress, when, in fact, legislation was practically at a standstill, it was Senator ALDRICH who suggested to President ROOSEVELT that, inasmuch as the country would expect the Republican Administration and the Republican Congress to do something, a conference ought to be held with a view to determining how something might be done. Conferences were held, determinations reached, and business proceeded. The situation now is that the President's Postal Savings Bank bill and his Railroad bill have been much changed from his intent, and are actually in danger of defeat. The Conservation bills, the Federal Injunctions bill, and the bill for the admissions of Arizona and New Mexico, are still awaiting action. The Administration hopes and the country naturally expects that some action will be taken. We presume that it was with a view to promoting action that the White House conference was held.

Unquestionably this is a great opportunity for MURRAY CRANE. The Senate at present cannot be described as a harmonious body. The insurgents are numerous, determined, defiant. There is open division in the majority party, and no little passion has been exhibited. If the legislative business is allowed to run its course without direction, it is evident that the Senate will adjourn with factional division unhealed, and with resentments very far from cooled. The effect upon the country would naturally be bad for the Republican Party. Senator CRANE's efforts, we may be very sure, would be directed to restoring peace, to securing united action, and the enactment of the Administration's measures not too much disfigured. Should he be successful, the influence of his triumph upon the political situation and upon the Republican Party and its prospects will be immediate and important. The result of the Congressional elections, even, and the control of the next House may depend upon the efforts now making to establish relations of amity and co-operation between the White House and the regulars and insurgents of the Senate.

NOT A DECADENT AGE.

The President of the University of Chicago scarcely increases the respect of intelligent and well-read men and women for the authority of the institution of learning over which he presides when he calls this a decadent age. It is assuredly not a decadent age. When, because of the many recent revelations of political and commercial dishonesty and stories of immorality in high places, he likens the present era to the days of ancient Rome and the eve of the French Revolution he talks like a glib sophomore who has skimmed through his books and caught only a few superficial facts.

The age of ELIZABETH and the age of WALPOLE'S Ministry in England were epochs when immorality and dishonesty prevailed in high places, but we laud the one as the golden age of our literature and the other for its development of constitutional liberty. A decadent age is a weak age, and this age is strong, vital, remarkable for mental, spiritual, and material activity. Industry thrives, and man is conquering many hitherto hidden forces of nature. To be sure there are rogues, but the majority of mankind is honest and aspiring. It is an era of too much license in literature, but for every bad book that is published fifty good ones appear. Man's knowledge of his strength and his weaknesses, too, has greatly increased. It is a good time to be alive and at work, for there is plenty of work everywhere for well-trained hands and brains.

It is foolish to be depressed by the social ferment always exposed to view. The malcontents are always with us, and the iconoclasts and social destroyers. But they have to work in the open nowadays, and their power for evil is small.

ANTI-BRYAN NEBRASKANS.

The significance of the coolness toward Mr. BRYAN in his home State lies in the fact that it never would have been shown had not his neighbors made up their minds that he is losing his hold on the party in the Nation. It is not a question of unpopularity that will spread from there, but of unpopularity so considerable that it extends even there.

The continuing candidate has heretofore been an asset in Democratic politics in Nebraska. He is the only person of National distinction his party has produced in that State, and the party in the State has shone for many years by the light reflected from his relatively illustrious career. It is no small thing for a small State to have a political leader who has thrice been defeated for the Presidency and has once defeated his rival for the nomination. So long as he could with reasonable certainty be counted on to do one or the other of these stunts at the next Presidential election, it was the dictate of both pride and prudence to support him at home. If he lost his leadership there, he must give it up throughout the Nation, for he is not the Cleveland type of man who could command the confidence of his party in the country, and justify it, against the opposition of his party organization in his own State. Ambitious politicians in Nebraska may have chafed at the domination of Mr. BRYAN, and shrewd politicians may have thought his ideas unsound and his tactics foolish. But obviously they could not afford to break with him so long as he retained the influence he had gained in the rest of the country.

Apparently they have broken with him openly and pretty nearly decisively. First they shied at his peculiar policy on the liquor question, and their conduct was sufficiently threatening to induce Mr. BRYAN to modify that policy and practically to withdraw it. Then, when he made his demand for immediate action on a plan for direct primaries and the referendum, the response was even more discouraging. Mr. BRYAN'S immediate friends declare that for these latter measures he will make a fight. It is possible that he will, and he may win it, but a great National party leader who has to fight for his way in his own party in his own State must find his prestige in his party at large substantially impaired.

It would be foolish at this stage of the game that Mr. BRYAN is playing to predict that he will lose his power to defeat any Democratic candidate—himself included—two years hence; but the incident in Nebraska encourages the hope that this may be the case. It looks as if his party there, kicking at "direct primaries" and "referendum," had accepted the measure that usually goes with these, "the recall," and had worked it on him.

INSPECTOR BYRNES.

The death of Inspector BYRNES compels the thought that as a policeman he was efficient, purposeful, and experienced. He and his associates were the terror of thieves and all evildoers. With the best intentions often noticeable in its management the New York police force has not always been so effective in the detection and prevention of crime as it was before the upheaval which destroyed the old "system" and sent BYRNES to retirement.

Nobody desires a return to the bad old days and the bad old ways, and everybody knows the city has grown enormously in fifteen years and that the work of policing it is more difficult and complicated than it used to be. But there is no good reason why the larger city should not have as thoroughly efficient, well-disciplined, ably controlled a police department as any other city in the world. Political corruption and efficiency are not closely related. It must be admitted that Mr. BYRNES was an excellent policeman and a skillful commander of the department.

CONCILIATION IN ENGLAND.

In our London dispatches in Sunday's TIMES we published a noteworthy article from The Observer by Mr. J. L. GARVIN making an eloquent and cogent appeal for an amicable settlement of the Constitutional differences of the two great parties. Even in this country we can feel its force. In England its influence ought to be greater, but we fear that it will fall on deaf ears in the party controlling the House of Commons, because it will be taken as a sign of weakness in the Conservative Party.

Party passion has run very high. The Ministry, after suffering a decided check in the elections, have secured a majority in the Commons by a coalition with the Irish Party on the basis of an aggressive attack on the House of Lords. By this device—it can hardly be called by a more flattering name—they have literally plucked victory from the jaws of defeat. It will be extremely awkward for them to yield, or to appear to yield, for the Irish will be averse to all compromise, and without the Irish, much more with the Irish in opposition, the Government could hardly survive the session.

The pressure for a friendly settlement will, however, be very strong, and if the plan receives the support of King GEORGE V. the Government may be compelled to accept it. Apart from the Irish and the extreme radicals it is likely to appeal strongly to English patriotism and good sense. In reality, calmly reserved, the attitude of the House of Lords has not been stubborn or aggressively reactionary. They decided that the principle of the budget was novel and ought to be submitted to the people. When this was done, though the people failed to return a majority of actual supporters for the budget, yet when a Parliamentary majority was got by the Irish coalition, the Lords promptly voted the budget. Meanwhile they have voluntarily framed a plan for a substantial reform of this House. It would be gross exaggeration to say that the Lords are a serious obstacle to a rational adjustment.

If it be found that the plan for conciliation cannot be carried through, there remains an alternative that may, though with much trouble and after an agitated election, bring about a desirable settlement. The Lords may amend the bill abolishing their veto by a provision that it be submitted, by a referendum, distinctly and by itself, uncomplicated with any other issue, to the popular vote. Unless the country is ripe for a substantial revolution—which we do not believe—it is highly improbable that such an amendment would be rejected by the Commons. If a referendum were taken and the vote were of a distinct character one way or the other, the result would undoubtedly be accepted as conclusive. Certainly, if some such means of meeting the crisis cannot be evolved the outlook is very serious.

Mr. A. C. FOX-DAVIES, the English genealogist, has lately answered an often-repeated and troublesome question. King EDWARD VII. had no surname. His male ancestors never felt the need of one. The persons of democratic tendencies who have called him "Mr. A. E. Guelph" or "Mr. Wettin" have exhibited sparkling humor, but have lacked sound historical information.

Herr GUSTAV MAHLER, according to the special cable dispatches from Rome to THE SUNDAY TIMES, found a renowned orchestra in the Eternal City, composed entirely of bootblacks and brigands. His angry denunciation of them may not stir up international complications. All the brigands out of Macedonia and Morocco are in opera, and a bootblack might well have a soul for music. MANSFIELD used to say that the most welcome and intelligent praise his acting ever received was uttered by a bootblack. Mr. MAHLER had a hard Winter in New York and needs a rest.

Prof. PINCHES of London comes to the defense of Prof. HILPRECHT'S Nippur flood tablet with the plausible argument that its inscription coincides with the Bible story. Somehow this reminds one of OSCAR BROWNING'S tale of the Oxford man in Munich who followed a German performance of "A Midsummer Night's Dream" with an English translation of the play.

Already some of the census enumerators are complaining of the proposed payment of 2 cents for each name turned in. But 2 cents a name for 90,000,000-odd names seems a huge sum of money, and that will be only one item in the cost of the census.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Notable Case of Frankness. Quite without precedent, probably, was the frankness with which, in the bulletins issued by the physicians of King EDWARD, the seriousness of his illness was from the first admitted. The phrases used, indeed, were no more definite than "causes some anxiety" and, later, "condition is now critical." As announcements concerning an ordinary patient, or even one of high, but less exalted, rank than that of a reigning monarch, these words would not have been of very grave import. When written of a King, however, and officially promulgated to his subjects, they meant nothing less than that the case was desperate, and that death, in the opinion of the doctors, was close at hand.

So the bulletins were interpreted in London, and there was therefore no surprise when news came of the death. The explanation usually given of the efforts almost invariably made to minimize the gravity of royal illness, and to defer as long as possible the publication of anything like an unfavorable prognosis, is that thus political and Governmental interests are best served. That was more or less true in other days, when the vacating of a throne was so often the signal for a fierce struggle for the succession on the part of ambitious rivals. Even then, however, there was joined to the desire not to start this fight sooner than necessary a curious feeling that it was not well to say much about the maladies and weaknesses of royalty. The theory was, apparently, that popular discussion of them tended to destroy the laboriously inculcated belief that the Great Ones were of a different clay from common people and somehow superior to the common ills of life. That they all died at last had to be confessed, but from that confession the general attention was distracted by acclamations raised in honor of the dead man's successor.

Something of this feeling still survives in royal families, and their physicians tell to judiciously selected confidants or in posthumous memoirs queer anecdotes of the delicacy of tact they have to use in order to conceal from such patients that they suffer from plebeian maladies and at times can be centres of infection. Hints to the latter effect have often given deep offense, and many a palace doctor has lost his place by making it too clear that his patient does not always confer a favor upon those permitted to approach.

Excessive and Unfair. If the railway managers expect to soothe the indignation of their commuters by stating inaccurately the percentage by which rates are to be advanced they are doomed to disappointment. Not a few commuters are sufficiently skilled as arithmeticians to figure percentages for themselves. They are also able to see that the new rates should be compared with the lowest of the rates at present charged and not with a considerably higher rate which is paid by comparatively few members of the tribe, and by them only because they are not to travel daily throughout the year.

To say that the advances announced by the New Haven Road are only 20 per cent. is to ignore the very important fact that there is now a "sliding scale" rate as well as a "flat" rate, and that the former is considerably less than the latter. The new flat rate—the only one hereafter to be offered—is about 20 per cent. larger than the present flat rate, but it is from 35 to 50 per cent. larger than the present sliding scale rate, and that is the one on which the commuter, properly enough, bases his computations. For if, for special reasons, like a month or more of intermission in his travel, he now happens to be paying the flat rate, he knows that he does it only because for him it has been even cheaper than the sliding scale rate, of which, for those reasons, he could not take full advantage.

On general principles the commuter dislikes the flat rate system, since under it he, an all-the-year, or almost all-the-year, traveler has to pay each month as much as does the man who is merely a Summer resident or vacationist in the suburbs. That he regards as unfair to himself as a purchaser of transportation in large quantities. The commuters as a class would probably admit that the railways have in their increasing expenditures for operation and materials at least a good excuse for raising passenger rates. What they object to is an advance both unfair and excessive—unfair, since only a minute fraction of it is to be imposed upon the through passengers, and excessive, because so much larger than the advance in railway wages, the one expenditure most often mentioned in excusing or justifying the lifting of the price of ticket books.

Song Birds on the Hat.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I must say I think that letters printed in defense of the wearing of birds on hats have reached the limit of silliness. One correspondent last week said: "Some women may be thoughtless, but if they realized what the animals suffered they would be horrified." Yesterday's letter said that women would not wear plumage if they had to do the slaughtering, but when the victim is carefully cleaned of blood, &c., they don't mind. In the Middle Ages one hired a vulgar fellow to stick in a knife because it was so unpleasant to do it one's self.

It is so difficult to read these defenses with a straight face that one can hardly believe the writers serious. Change "women" to "children" and they read plausibly; but any grown person can understand that if it were not the fashion to wear song birds they would not be killed and offered for sale, because they would be a dead loss to the dealers.

Brooklyn, May 4, 1910. H. F. L.

The Female's Testimony.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mrs. Nora Blatch De Forest's indignation concerning testimony in "white slave" cases would seem more righteous were it not based upon ignorance of the law. In her letter of May 8 she states that the law provides that "no conviction shall be had under this section upon the testimony of a female." Subdivision 5 of Section 2,460 of the Penal Law reads as follows: "No conviction shall be had under this section upon the testimony of THE female unless supported by other evidence. The testimony here referred to means solely that of the female who is the subject of the preceding subdivisions of the same section. Therefore, "if the mother or sister of the girl that has been wronged" desires "to rise up and accuse the guilty," her testimony will not be "swept aside by men as of no account."

New York, May 8, 1910. S. A. G.

EXTRAVAGANCE.

Illustrations Showing How to Determine What It Is.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial strictures on the communication of C. L. Burns in his criticism of J. J. Hill's persistent declarations that we are an extravagant Nation covers the subject broadly and well, but does not consider it worth while to controvert his statement that if $100,000,000 were not expended for automobiles it would be locked up or withheld from circulation. Not so. Even if banked it would be distributed in loans up to at least 75 per cent. of volume, and over a wide area of investment from which accretion would result.

He also says that an approximate sum of equal amount is annually carried or sent to Europe, and implies that it is lost to us. That money has been earned by labor performed in developing natural resources; in mining, farming, irrigation, or in building bridges, viaducts, aqueducts, subways, sewers, or other public works, which produce profits or contribute to our necessities or convenience. Much of it is returned to us in payment for wheat, meat, machinery, shoes, and various merchandise which we export.

It would seem that extravagance may be best estimated by comparisons of expenditure with individual incomes, with the further consideration as to the certainty of the latter remaining at the same figures. We must, perforce, recognize that there is nothing certain to life but its termination, and this should always be held in philosophic contemplation.

When a man marries the union may be succeeded by progeny. If he has affection for his family self-respect and duty should impel him to exert himself to earn and accumulate the means of protection for them in event of his death or disability. Illustration may serve better than, or, in fact, as arguments in determination as to what constitutes extravagance. If a man with an investment income of $5,000 per year buys and maintains an automobile there is no extravagance, because his capital is but slightly reduced; but if another of the same income, without convertible resources, indulges in the same luxury it is a palpable extravagance.

Permit me to offer several of very many instances in my observation of prodigal expenditure in proportion to means: A owns a house of the value of $9,000. He took out a mortgage of $6,000 on it. After the loan was made, three years ago, he bought an automobile for $3,000. The search of title and commission to the real estate agent for procurement of the loan cost him $180; he has paid in interest $900, has had entailed on himself verious costs of maintenance, has now a worn-out machine, and the mortgage still hangs. His income is unknown, but his act was one of extravagance, because he seems to be without a reserve fund.

B, a man over 60, held a Federal position at $4,000 salary for eight or ten years prior to death. The family consisted of five adults, he being the only earner. They occupied a rented house in the city, and, by means of borrowed funds, a small equity in a country cottage. At his sudden death there, friends subscribed to bury him and bring his family and effects to the city home.

C, twenty years before death, patented a mechanical device, and this meeting with large sales and profits he built a large house in the suburbs, annexed to the property there being a stable for from ten to fifteen horses, which when he raced always lost. A better device was introduced by others with more capital and better organization. He mortgaged his property to its full value, but failed. At his death he was receiving $1,000 per year as an engineer of a small power plant.

D held for many years a position at $5,000. A change of ownership and his waning powers led to his dismissal. Within a month his family were occupying $20 apartments. Within a year he was dead.

I could easily carry out and over the alphabet from personal knowledge of individual extravagances.

"Of all the words from tongue or pen,
The saddest are these: It might have been."

New York, May 6, 1910. CONSERVATIVE.

Closed Season Declared for Seals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of your paper an article appeared stating that the seal fishery just ended was the most valuable in thirty years, and that between three and four hundred thousand seals had been caught. These seals are what are known as "hair seals," being devoid of fur and covered with coarse, bristly hair. They are worth from two to three dollars each, and are principally used for leather. The "fur seal" used in the manufacture of sealskin garments is an entirely different animal, and is exceptionally scarce, the fine skins commanding over $100 each at the present time.

The contract between the United States Government and the Alaska Commercial Company relative to the taking of seals on the Pribilof Islands having expired, the Government has decided for the protection of the seals not to renew the contract, and the principal source of supply for "fur seals" will be cut off for a number of years. C. C. SHAYNE & CO.

New York, May 5, 1910.

As to Insurgency in Art.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Speaking of art, concerning which I know so little that I am not puffed up about it, as some ignorant persons are, I am now confessing that I know so little that I really thought the late Insurgent Exhibition of Painting and Paper Hanging was a wide-open proposition to all artists who desired its assistance in promoting their publicity. Yesterday I saw several really good pictures which had been sent to the I. E. P. P., and they had been declined with thanks. Indeed, the painter told me it was a closer corporation than the Academy. I wondered when I looked at the works of art and so forth on exhibition there, how it had been possible to collect so few good things, but now I am learning. It was not intended to show good things, but bad ones, and the organizers came very nearly making a unanimous success of it. But hark, what is that whispering I hear? Who says the Insurgent Exhibition was handed out to an unsuspecting public as an argument against a free exhibition for all artists? Who says it was a put-up job with those behind it who have art in New York where the hair is short and propose to hang right on to it? Is there an art conspiracy among us? Have we a combination in restriction of art? Are there malefactors of great art in this town? What are we going to do about it? Who are the standpatters? Will Senator Aldrich become an art Director in New York when he has retired from the Senate? Is there any chance that Uncle Joe Cannon will move over to the metropolis and rip a few holes in the local canvases? If insurgency doesn't mean democracy in art, which is it here for? What's the answer? W. J. L.

New York, May 6, 1910.

THE QUESTIONER.

The great world problems vexed her
brain—
The why and wherefore of the universe—
How things began, and what was even
worse,
The end of all things. And the mental
strain
Kept her harassed. She seemed an endless
chain
Of solemn questions, which unanswered
lay.
And then there came into her wondering
life
A man—who queried, "Will you be my
wife?"
And swift she answered with an eager
"Yea!"
And this to her was the red letter day
Of her existence. She had answered—
"Yes"—
Without once waiting to reflect or guess;
And then once more she fled to queries
grim—
She's wondering now why 'twas she
married him.

LURANA W. SHELDON.

MAY 11 POLISH DAY IN WASHINGTON

Wednesday Will Witness the Unveiling of Statues to Pulaski and Kosciusko.

THEN A CONGRESS OF POLES

Here Is the Programme of Celebrations in Memory of Heroes Who Helped Found This Republic.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The 11th of this month will be a great day for the three million or more of Poland's sons and daughters that claim this country as their second fatherland and, indeed, for all persons of Polish blood in whatever land they live. On that day will be unveiled in Washington, D. C., two statues dedicated to the memory of two Polish heroes who distinguished themselves in the war for the independence of this Republic—Thaddeus Kosciusko and Casimir Pulaski.

The Pulaski statue, at the corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and Thirteenth Street, has been erected by authority of an act of Congress; the Kosciusko statue, in Lafayette Square, is the gift to the people of the United States from the Polish National Alliance of the United States of America, the greatest Polish organization in the world.

The ceremonies at the unveiling of the statues on May 11 will be elaborate. The programme is as follows: At 2:30 P. M. the benediction will be said at the Pulaski statue by the Right Rev. Bishop Paul Rhode of Chicago, Ill. Speeches will follow by President Taft and former State Treasurer of Illinois John F. Smulski of Chicago. The Marine Band will then play the National anthem and the artillery will fire the salute, after which the guests will proceed to the Kosciusko statue. Here the ceremonies will open with a "cantata" by the Polish Singers' Alliance, after which there will follow a speech in Polish by M. B. Stenczynski, President of the Polish National Alliance; the presentation of the statue to the Government by the officers of the Polish National Alliance; an address by Secretary of War Dickinson, and the benediction. The day will close with a banquet in the Hotel Raleigh, which will be attended by President Taft and a number of prominent Americans and Poles. It is expected that the concourse of Poland's sons and daughters in the American capital on this occasion will be very large, the Government having mailed invitations to a great number of distinguished Poles in Europe and America. From many cities special trains will bring to Washington thousands of Poles; in the parade alone, (according to a Washington dispatch of April 28,) there will march about 4,500 members of Polish patriotic societies.

Thaddeus Kosciusko, whose statue will be unveiled in Washington next Wednesday, came to America in 1776 and took a prominent part in the Revolutionary War. He taught the American Army the science of fort construction. It was he that planned Gen. Gates's fortified camp at Bemis Heights in the campaign that ended in the surrender of Burgoyne at Saratoga. It was, in fact, the superior knowledge of this Polish friend of the American colonists, American historians agree, that contributed considerably to the success of the Saratoga campaign, which proved to be one of the turning points of the War of Independence. After this campaign, Kosciusko executed the fortification of West Point, which deterred the enemy from an attempt on the Highland. In 1780 Kosciusko was assigned to the Southern Army, and all through Gen. Greene's campaign this Polish ally was the inspiration and executive of the scientific warfare.

When the American colonists had won their struggle, Kosciusko returned to Poland and served her in the war against Russia in 1792. When, upon the conclusion of this war, Poland for the second time fell a prey to the rapacity of her neighbors, Kosciusko was (in 1794) invested by his countrymen with dictatorial power and put at the head of all the forces of the land. In this capacity he made a splendid stand against the combined forces of Russia and Prussia, winning a great victory over the Russians at Raclawice and raising the siege of Warsaw by Poland's treacherous ally, King Frederick William of Prussia; but at the battle of Maciejowice, where the Poles encountered a force more than double their own, Kosciusko, covered with wounds and unconscious, was made prisoner and was taken to the Russian capital and condemned by Empress Catherine to end his days in prison. Upon her death, two years later, Kosciusko was liberated by Emperor Paul; and, declining the high military post offered him by the Russian Emperor, he went abroad, determined to go to America, which he called his "second fatherland." He came to the United States in 1797, landing in Philadelphia, where he met with a most enthusiastic reception from the people.

After spending some time here with his old comrades of the Revolution, Kosciusko went to France, where he lived for seven years. After the Congress of Vienna, which settled for a time the fate of Poland, Kosciusko retired to Switzerland, and died there in 1817. In 1818 his remains were brought by his countrymen to Cracow, (in Austrian Poland,) and buried beside Poland's Kings. To the Polish Nation Kosciusko is the embodiment of patriotism in its highest degree.

Casimir Pulaski, the other Polish hero whose statue will be unveiled in Washington next week, came to America in 1777, and obtained from the Continental Congress the grade of Brigadier General, and was intrusted with the organization of the cavalry in the Continental Army. His brilliant services in the Revolutionary War were sealed at the siege of Savannah, where he was mortally wounded on Oct. 9, 1779, giving up his life for the American cause two days later.

After the war the Continental Congress voted a statue to the memory of Pulaski, the father of the American cavalry; but as it failed to make an appropriation for the purpose, the whole affair fell into oblivion. The documents relating to this fact were, however, unearthed by the American Poles, and were brought in 1903 to the attention of Congress, and the latter appropriated $50,000 for a statue of Pulaski, to be erected in Washington, D. C. The work was intrusted to an eminent Polish sculptor, Casimir Chodzinski, who completed it to the satisfaction of the Government.

It was then that the Polish National Alliance of the United States of America conceived the idea of presenting to the American Republic a statue of Kosciusko to be erected in the National capital. The offer of this gift having been accepted by Congress and the President a fund for the purpose was started by the Poles, and $60,000 was raised. (Of this sum, about $58,000 came from the members of the Polish National Alliance, while the remainder was contributed by other Polish organizations, as the Women's Alliance, the Falcons' Alliance, &c., and by individuals.) A competition was announced for the best model of a statue of Kosciusko, and in December, 1906, an exhibition of twenty models was opened in Washington. The Government Commission, consisting of Secretary of War W. H. Taft, Senator Wetmore, and Representative McCleary, with a jury of three American sculptors, accorded the first award to the model of Prof. Anthony Popiel of Leopol, Austrian Poland.

In offering to the United States the statue of Kosciusko the Polish-Americans are presenting their adoptive fatherland with a monument of one of the best and greatest sons of Poland and an ardent admirer of the great American commonwealth.

In order to emphasize further their loyalty to this country and to familiarize their brothers in Europe with the American ideas, the Polish-Americans organized under the banner of the Polish National Alliance have called the first Polish National Congress to Washington, D. C., for the four days following the unveiling of the Kosciusko and Pulaski statues, May 12-16. The object of this congress is to deliberate on the present situation—political, cultural, educational, and economic—of the Poles both in Poland and abroad; to acquaint itself with the course in which the Polish political thought is proceeding and developing; to ascertain the principal deficiencies and needs of the Polish national life; to find the means of satisfying those needs; and, in general, to elaborate a directive that could obtain the recognition of the Polish community.

The Congress will be held in the New National Theatre. The first day of the Congress, May 12, will be devoted to the acquainting of the numerous American guests, who have been invited and have promised their attendance, with the past, the present, and the future of Poland. For this purpose there will be read three papers in English by prominent members of the Polish National Alliance: "A View of the History of Poland to 1795," Dr. Henry Kalussowski of Washington, D. C.; "Poland in the Post-Partition Period, Her Culture and Her Work for Civilization," Dr. Casimir Zurawski of Chicago, Ill., and "The Historical Basis of the Rights of the Polish Nation to Self-Active Political Existence," T. M. Helinski of Chicago, Ill.

On the second and third days the separate sections of the Congress—political, economic, educational, science and arts, and emigration—will discuss their problems and work out their resolutions. On the fourth and last day, the Congress in plenary session will review the results of the work of the sections and pass upon them.

This first Polish National Congress will be attended by many distinguished Poles from Europe, and by a large number of representative Polish-Americans, while many famous Poles that are unable to come to Washington on account of age or ill-health have contributed papers to be read in the various sections. Among the latter are Thaddeus Korzon of Warsaw, the greatest living Polish historian, and Col. Sigismund Milkowski of Zurich, Switzerland, whose services for Poland with the sword and with pen have earned for him the title of "Pater Patriae."

To do homage to the father of this country, the deleagtes to the Polish National Congress are to make an excursion in a body to his tomb in Mount Vernon.

WACLAW PERKOWSKI.

New York, May 4, 1910.

WANTS CHURCHES TO EXPAND

Dr. Coe Says They Are Not Now Meeting the Needs of the People.

In a service yesterday afternoon at the Church of St. Nicholas, Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, in which the Rev. Malcolm James McLeod was installed as pastor, the Rev. Dr. Edward B. Coe, senior minister of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of New York, attacked the methods of church work now in use, and declared that it was a question whether the ministry was meeting the needs of the people.

"The Church has developed new power in the community," said Dr. Coe, "but is it helping the people as it did 300 years ago? I think you will agree with me in saying that it will not meet popular needs until it becomes more actively corelated with the social and industrial forces of the city. It is said that the Church ought to take part in the social reorganization which the people desire, and in political and other reforms. If the Church in New York is to do its best it should enlarge its idea of what Christian work is. The old view of Christian work was very clearly defined; it meant the attempt to bring new members to the church and to support subsidiary churches in the neighborhood. God forbid that I should disparage this work, but I think it is the office of the Church not merely to save a few individual souls, but to get the spirit of Jesus Christ into the community. Anybody that does this is carrying on the work of Jesus Christ."

Among the ministers who listened to Dr. Coe were the Rev. Drs. Henry E. Cobb of the West End Collegiate Church, John G. Fagg of the Middle Collegiate Church, Thomas R. Bridges of the South Reformed Church, John S. Allen, and the Rev. Alfred E. Myers.

Mr. McLeod was pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Pasadena, Cal., but resigned that charge to take up the collegiate work in New York.

HALL FOR ETHICAL MEETINGS.

Dr. Adler Announces That Hereafter the Society Will Have a Home.

Yesterday's service of the Ethical Culture Society at Carnegie Hall was the last that will be held there by that body. When it resumes its public lectures on the third Sunday of next October it will meet in its own auditorium, at Sixty-fourth Street and Central Park West. Carnegie Hall has been the public meeting place of the society for seventeen years. Dr. Felix Adler lectured on "Thirty-Four Years of Ethical Culture" yesterday. He said in part:

"For the last thirty-four years we have been meeting in tents, and this is the last meeting we shall hold in a tent. When the Ethical Society was one year old the sum of $50,000 was held out to us if we would consent to build a religious edifice. This we declined to do. For one reason, because young movements are apt to die of brick and mortar. Many a fine beginning has been spoiled by putting all the energies needed for its growth into the maintenance of a building. A faith, any faith, must give evidence of its worth in its works.

"But, beyond all this, the reason was that we dreaded sectarian narrowness. We feared the fixing of traditions which is almost inevitable in a private building. We feared that very esprit de corps which in another sense is so desirable, but which in our case was apt to become a distilled corporeality.

"A generation has passed. The relative importance which we attach to works has become fixed. Our hospitality is known. Our hall shall be a forum for all worthy and civic causes. It shall not be a monument for our society, but it shall be the right sort of tool in our hands for us to work with.

"The Ethical Society is a movement to find out what is right. It is the modern expression of the cry, 'More light! more light!' It is not a religious movement except in the sense that religion means earnestness. It is not a religious organization for all of its members, though it is a religious movement for some of its members. We therefore cannot accept a specific religious doctrine as the basis of our organization."

USES WESTON AS HIS TEXT.

The Rev. Dr. Reisner Attributes the Pedestrian's Health to Faith.

Taking Edward Payson Weston as his text, the Rev. Dr. Christian F. Reisner, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, 131 West 104th Street, last night preached on the effect of faith upon one's health. He said that Weston walked 72 miles on the day he was 72 years old, arriving in New York from Los Angeles "as chipper and springy as a coltish fellow of 22 starting out to see his sweetheart"; and the aged pedestrian was always old-fashioned enough to observe Sunday.

"I am not walking as Edward Payson Weston," Dr. Reisner quoted him as saying, "but as a living example of what a man can do when he leads a sane temperate life. Young men would do well to take up my way."

Dr. Reisner spoke of others who have grown strong through temperate and wholesome lives—Roosevelt, who was given up to die when he was a delicate boy; Rockefeller, the so-called octopus; Fletcher, the complete masticator; "Battling" Nelson, who never drank, never caroused, never touched tobacco. He quoted John L. Sullivan as saying that it was whisky that knocked him out, and told how the Japanese soldiers signed the pledge when it was shown to them scientifically that alcohol would harm them.

TAFT WILL COME TO ACTORS' FAIR

President, Who Has Canceled Other Engagements, Will Arrive for Opening To-day.

THE ARMORY TRANSFORMED

Actors and Actresses Busy All Yesterday Draping Their Booths and Putting the Exhibits in Place.

President Taft will keep his engagement to open the Actors' Fund Fair at the Seventy first Regiment Armory this afternoon. Charles Burnham, General Manager of the fair, received a telegram from the President's Secretary late last night, announcing that the President would arrive according to schedule, and asking permission for him to bring as a guest Otto Bannard, Republican candidate for Mayor of New York City at the last election.

The President will leave Woashington in a private car this morning, and will arrive at the armory a few minutes before 4 o'clock. He will be received by Mr. Burnham and by Daniel Frohman, President of the Actors' Fund. The formal opening of the fair will take place on the platform of the Court of Honor erected in the centre of the drill hall. William H. Crane will give to the President a gold medal commemorative of the occasion, and the President will make an address. After the exercises he will be shown the various booths and the café chantant and theatre. He will stay about an hour and a half, going directly from the fair to Passaic, where he is to be the guest of the local Board of Trade to-night. It is understood that the President has canceled all other engagements for this week.

All day yesterday and most of last night the armory was the scene of unusual activity. Actresses were untying packages, directing the draping of bunting and signs, and taking peeks at each other's booths. Almost all of the decorations were in place by late afternoon, and a very good idea of the appearance of the big hall with its miles of temporary latticework and its big electric fountain could be gained. Big baskets of flowers hung from the roof girders, and to-night they will glow with many electric lights. Down in the basement the Midway was being put in shape, where odds and ends of all sorts will be sold and various sorts of catch-penny devices manipulated. The theatre and the Café Chantant were ready for patronage, all but the attendants.

Upstairs in the drill hall, Mary Ryan spent all day rehearsing at her new soda fountain. She is to have the assistance of John Barrymore and other Fortune Hunters in running the thing, but yesterday she was alone in distributing the syrup bottles where she would know where to find them, and in learning the different faucets of the fountain. Amelia Bingham and Bijou Fernandez sat at the hat booth, apparently content in the feeling that their stock would be in place in plenty of time to-day. The only display so far was a perfectly good silk hat, labeled "Chances, 10 Cents," and carefully protected by a glass case. Gertrude Payson Graham was getting her art room in shape. This room, with its hundreds of paintings, looks like a part of a large private collection. Bertha Galland was there, and Valli Valli, and Consuelo Bailey in a black dress with a sailor collar. Daniel Frohman and Charles Burnham were in the hall day and much of the evening.

Two sales were reported yesterday. One was of an admission ticket, for which Marc Klaw and A. L. Erlanger paid $1,000. The other was of a doll, dressed by Mildred Holland to represent Empress Josephine, and purchased by E. C. White for $200.

Several rehearsals were held yesterday. The young women who are to strew the President's path with flowers were shown their places at the steps of the Court of Honor. In the Thirty-third Street Subway station twenty-four show girls were being coached by Interborough Inspectors to say "Step lively; this way to the Actors' Fund Fair." Permission has been granted Mr. Burnham for a number of the girls to stay on the station platforms and give directions in the hours of the fair. They will wear Interborough caps and uniform waists and skirts.

Although the formal opening will not come until 4 o'clock, the doors will be opened to-day at 1 P. M. Besides the opening by President Taft, the special programme of the day will include the Friars' Frolic, given at night in the theatre. A different attraction will be presented in the theatre each evening. The fair will be open every day from 1 to 6 and from 7:30 to midnight. For those who wish to stay after 6 o'clock supper will be served in the Café Chantant, and prominent singers will supply music for the diners.

The "grips"—known non-professionally as stage hands—at the Bijou Theatre will give a part of "The Lottery Man" in the fair theatre next Thursday afternoon. The performers will be Steve Daunt, Peter Wood, Paul Tomb, Joe Harper, Joseph Hickey, and Louis Duflocq. They will play the women's as well as the men's rôles.

BACH FESTIVAL PROGRAMME.

Many Prominent Soloists Engaged for Montclair Concerts.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 8.—The Montclair Bach Choir has announced the programme for the Bach festival, which will be held in the First Congregational Church here on May 20, 21, and 22. Conforming with services of other years, the festival for 1910 will be divided into five meetings. An organ recital will be given at the first meeting on Friday, May 20, at noon, and Samuel P. Warren of New York will preside at the organ.

At the second meeting, Friday evening at 8 o'clock, the Passion music, according to St. Matthew, Part 1, will be played. On Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock the third meeting will be held, for which an organ interludium has been arranged. At this meeting the programme will include a concerto for the orchestra, a group of solos for the harpsichord by Arnold Dolmetsch, a tenor solo by H. Evan Williams, a duet for harpsichord and flute by Mr. Dolmetsch and Daniel Maquarre, and a suite for orchestra.

The fourth meeting will ge held on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, when Part II. of the St. Matthew music will be sung. The fifth meeting will be on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and will be devoted to the singing of chorals, the motet "Blessing, Glory, and Wisdom," in eight parts; a capella, and sacred songs by a bass soloist, Dalton Baker of London, with accompaniment by a quartet of trombones. The following soloists have been engaged for the festival: Samuel P. Warren, Mark Andrews, Daniel Maquarre, Nicholas Douty, Dr. Carl Dufft, Mrs. Mary Hissen De Moss, Mrs. Gertrude Stein-Bailey, H. Evans Williams, Dalton Baker, Clifford I. Cairns, Conrad Kimball, Wilton Goodwill, Mrs. J. M. Goodell, and Mrs. R. C. Falconer.

An orchestra of forty-five pieces has been selected from the Philharmonic Society, with Henry P. Smith as concertmeister.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Mabel Weeks will join "The Jolly Bachelors" company at the Broadway Theatre to-night, replacing Elizabeth Brice in the role of Carola Gayley.

George C. Tyler telegraphed to Liebler & Co. yesterday that the London production of "The Dawn of a To-morrow," at the Garrick Theatre, had been postponed two weeks on account of the King's death.

Daniel V. Arthur is offering a prize of $500 for a new song for the use of Louise Dresser in "A Matinee Idol." The contest will last for a week. The winner will be decided on Saturday.

The Eden Musee put on exhibition yesterday a wax group representing King Edward lying in state.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Edwin Gould and family, who have been living at the Gotham all Winter, will open their country house at Ardsley this week.

Dr. Enrico Castelli gave an informal dinner at the Gotham last night. Among his guests were the Duca d'Isola, Prince Troubetskoy, and oCunt Segurola.

MISS GRACE BELL TO WED.

Her Engagement to Capt. G. R. Fortesque Is Announced.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Bell to-day announced the engagement of their second daughter, Miss Grace Bell, to Capt. Grenville R. Fortesque, U. S. A., retired, formerly of Oyster Bay and New York. The marriage will take place on June 4.

Miss Bell having been in mourning for the past season for her maternal grandmother, the late Mrs. Gardiner Hubbard, she has taken less active part in social affairs than at any time since her début five years ago, but recently she has been much in the public eye by reason of her promotion of various schemes to improve and beautify the heretofore uncared for portions of the city by means of a garden association. She is also the ruling spirit in the Working Boys' Home, for which she arranged a successful dramatic entertainment a few weeks ago.

Capt. Fortesque came to Washington as one of the military aids to former President Roosevelt, being related by blood and marriage to the Roosevelt family. He retired from the service after two years' duty at the White House, since which he has traveled extensively in Europe and in the Far East. He recently returned to Washington to accept a position in the Bureau of American Republics. He is a member of the Metropolitan, Chevy Chase, and Army and Navy Clubs, and a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the class of '98. The wedding will take place at the suburban home of the bride's parents, on Woodley Lane.

Mrs. Bell gave a small tea this afternoon for the intimate friends of her daughter and Capt. Fortesque.

NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 8.—Commodore and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry have returned from New York on the steam yacht Electra to look over their cottage, Seaverge, which they will occupy early next month.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss will come to Newport for the Summer on May 20.

Mrs. Vanderbilt, who has been here since Friday to look over the Breakers, has returned to New York.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs has terminated her Newport visit, returning to New York to-night.

Francis Van Horn and F. Cortlandt Van Horn have returned from a visit in New York.

Mrs. William T. Bull, who is in New York, will soon open Dudley Place for the Summer. Her son, William T. Bull, is attending St. George's School here.

Lispenard Stewart, President of the Newport Golf Club, will arrive for the Summer next week and will arrange for the season's opening of the club.

Casino registers to-day were Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., and John Butler of Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas are entertaining John Butler of Philadelphia at their cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. William N. Wood of Boston are at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

Dr. and Mrs. Austin Flint, Jr., of New York were visitors to-day to inspect their cottage.

The officers of the Naval Training Station will have a roller skating party to-morrow afternoon.

A fine tennis court is being built at the Naval Torpedo Station.

SOCIETY AT HOT SPRINGS.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., May 8.—Mrs. John R. Drexel and John R. Drexel, Jr., who have been guests at the Homestead for a month, left to-night for Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. John Phillip Sousa arrived this morning for their annual visit, and the arrival list also included Gen. and Mrs. C. Edward Murray of Trenton, who have come for the remainder of May.

The Hon. Charles S. Henry, M. P., of London arrived last night and is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lewisohn, whose acquaintance he made abroad last year. He entertained them at luncheon to-day at the Daniel Boone Cabin.

One of the largest of the day's luncheon parties at Fassifern was given by Alfred and Robert Batchellor. The diners included Mr. and Mrs. William C. Denny, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Batchellor, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Rawlins, Robert M. Burnett, and Theodore R. Hoyt.

Robert Waller entertained at a Fassifern Farm luncheon given for Dr. Lawrence D. Bragg and Eugene Perry. At another luncheon there to-day were A. W. Burchard, Harrison Williams, G. F. Morrison, L. A. Osborne, and A. B. Haughton.

Arrivals to-day at the Homestead included Edwin F. Raynor, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Williams, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Sheldon, Mrs. Lathan Bartlett, G. M. Andrews, E. L. Warren, Randolph Hoyt, J. Duane, E. H. Littell, Mason Young, Jr., T. R. Hoyt, R. E. Galliher, David L. Luke, Thomas Luke, F. G. Tenbrock, G. W. Hersey of New York, Miss Margaret W. Wiley of Detroit, James S. Clark of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Luther C. Brown of Worcester, Mass.; Edward F. Davison of Rochester, Mr. and Mrs. Elias Reiss, Mr. and Mrs. M. Reiss, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Steahl of Brooklyn, H. M. Cuell, Miss Elizabeth Cuell Moore, Miss Moore, L. A. Osborne, S. L. Michelson, H. P. Davis, A. Taylor of Pittsburg, Charles M. Hinkle of Osterville, Mass.; W. V. Booth, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Roth of Chicago, James H. Mason of Boston, B. C. Kenyon of Plainfield, J. P. Mallett of Elizabeth, W. E. Haseltine of Brookline, Mass.; Mrs. Edwin B. Niver of Baltimore, Miss Cornelia Lee Johns of Norfolk, and Miss F. Philbrook of New York.

SOCIETY IN WASHINGTON.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Not only the British Ambassador and staff, but nearly every embassy and legation in Washington, will observe a period of mourning for the late King Edward, greatly curtailing the Spring season at the Federal Capital. The Chargé d'Affaires of Italy and Marchesa di Monglari have recalled the invitations to their dance of Tuesday evening.

Lieut. Von Bruening of the German Embassy, who was to have entertained at an al fresco breakfast of 100 covers to-day as a farewell to his Washington friends, was obliged to cancel his invitations at the eleventh hour. Lieut. Von Bruening will sail for Europe during the present week.

The Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Meyer entertained a company of friends aboard the Sylph this afternoon, the party going down the Potomac as far as Indian Head.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. McLean entertained a small luncheon company at Friendship to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry May entertained a large dinner company at the Country Club this evening.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Witherspoon entertained a dinner company at the Chevy Chase Club this evening.

Lieut. and Mrs. Richard Wainwright, Jr., the latter formerly Miss Alice Bleck, late social secretary at the White House, have established themselves at the Washington Navy Yard, where their new home is likely to be one of the most attractive of the ever-increasing circle.

The decision of Mrs. Dickinson, wife of the Secretary of War, to retire to Clifton Springs, N. Y., for the month of June, is regarded as the proverbial ounce of prevention by the friends of this much-fêted matron, who is the first of the present Cabinet circle to feel the disastrous effects of a too strenuous official life. Mrs. Dickinson has not entertained more than the average Cabinet hostess, but has been in constant requisition at a variety of functions. She is an active member of the Southern Relief Society, the Daughters of the American Revolution, and the Colonial Dames. She plays bridge, gives her name and presence to the many philanthropic movements of the army circle, and religiously returns all visits. In addition to her duties as Cabinet hostess and popular member of official society, the wife of the Secretary of War is the guide, philosopher, and friend to the large contingent from Tennessee, Southern Virginia, and Illinois, who are permanently or temporarily sojourning in Washington, Knoxville and Nashville society being especially well represented.

HEBREW ORPHANAGE NEEDS MORE ROOM

Institution Hard Pressed to Take Care of All the Children Who Seek Admission.

MORE FUNDS ARE WANTED

Though the Society Is in Better Condition Than Ever—Only Fifty-seven Deaths in Fifty Years.

The eighty-seventh annual meeting of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum Society was held yesterday, and the report submitted by its President, Louis Stern, showed that the society is in better condition than at any time in its history. It was pointed out, however, that the Jewish public has not supported the work done by the society as heartily as was to be expected, and an appeal for more funds has been sent out. The membership to-day consists of sixty-six donors, fifty-five associate donors, 753 patrons, 4,446 members, and 23 associate members.

This year the society is celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of the opening of its first home at 1 Lamartine Place, now Twenty-ninth Street. The event was celebrated at the Hippodrome on Sunday, April 10. During the fifty years, it is pointed out, nearly 6,000 children have been brought up, with only 57 deaths.

"In consequence of the increasing number of applicants," the report says, "and because the number of inmates at the last meeting was beyond the capacity of our buildings, a thorough investigation was made, with the result that we have been enabled to discharge 308 children during the year. We have admitted 226 during the same period, making a net decrease of 82 in population; the total number of inmates to-day being 1,160, consisting of 691 boys and 469 girls. Of these 95 are full orphans, 884 half orphans, and 181 have both parents living who are unable to care for their children because of chronic illness, insanity, desertion, or other causes. We have at the present time 86 children on the free list, for whom no public support is received.

"Nevertheless the number of cases demanding our attention has by no means diminished. We have, therefore, as in previous years, had recourse to the alternative of boarding children in private homes and of relieving widowed mothers in order to enable them to keep their children at home. During the past year there has appeared in several instances adverse criticism of the plan of boarding children in private homes, and it may be advisable to present some facts concerning the methods employed to the general public.

"Homes are secured primarily in response to advertisements in the daily papers. In addition, families are referred to the institution from various private sources—namely, from lodges, charitable individuals, and families already having children in board. These homes are carefully investigated and then supervised by a special agent who gives her entire time to this work.

"As an indication of the care given to this department we mention the fact that out of 603 applications received 523 were rejected and only 80 accepted as coming up to the requirements demanded. In addition to our own inspection, all such homes must be reported to the Board of Health, which very efficiently investigates and determines whether the home is satisfactory or not.

"Children are placed in Jewish families only and never where there are small children. They must attend public and religious schools, and they are regularly examined by physicians of the institution. To-day we are boarding 261 children in 158 homes. During the year we have discharged 103 children from 72 homes.

"The institution has continued the policy previously adopted of assisting mothers to maintain their children at home in cases where conditions have seemed to warrant it. The method employed has been co-operative, the United Hebrew Charities in most instances paying the rent and supplying clothing and the orphan asylum furnishing a regular monthly stipend toward the current household expenses. We have likewise had similar relations in this work with the newly organized Widowed Mothers' Fund Association.

"During the past year sixty-one children have been graduated from the public schools, of whom thirty-two have been placed at work and discharged to their relatives or placed in proper homes. Seven girls were sent to the Wadleigh High School, three boys to the Stuyvesant High School, one girl to the Hebrew Technical School for Girls, eleven boys to the Hebrew Technical Institute, one to the Manhattan Trade School, and five have been placed at the Clara de Hirsch Home. In addition to the public school training, special vocational classes have been conducted.

"By far the most important feature of our work was the opening of the Summer school at Woodlands, N. Y. Many children come to the institute anemic, underfed, and in anything but a robust condition. Such children require special outdoor work. It was felt that there would be better results if the asylum had its own Summer home, and this was achieved by a very valuable co-operative effort between the asylum and its junior league. From periods ranging from two weeks to three months 239 children were cared for and 195 made day trips. The home has been leased for a further period of four years and many improvements are being installed.

"The question which has been for some time before the community, whether it would be advisable or advantageous to utilize the bequest of the late Mr. Louis Heinsheimer, was again brought before the six institutions interested and a special committee of nine, composed of one representative from each institution and three from the general contributors, was selected to investigate the subject, and while this committee reported in favor of creating a central collection agency and in that manner obtain the legacy, your board, after mature deliberation, thought it wise for the best interest and future progress of the institution, to reject the plan of the committee as submitted.

"Simon J. Klee has been elected a member of the Board of Trustees, succeeding Sigmund Rosenwald."

IN THE BERKSHIRES.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., May 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff and Mr. and Mrs. George S. Leighton, who have been at the Curtis Hotel, started to-day for Boston.

Mrs. George E. Turnure and Miss Turnure have arrived.

Mrs. Herbert Parsons has opened Stoneover Farm cottage.

Miss Margaret French of New York is a guest of Miss Eleanor Rodman.

F. Augustus Schermerhorn, who has been at his country place, has gone to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Harley T. Proctor will arrive this week.

Deveroux-Clark Engagement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Mrs. Matthew M. Clark of Washington and Scranton, Penn., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Elizabeth, and Ashton Deveroux of Philadelphia. The wedding will take place at Scranton the first week in July. Mr. Deveroux is the youngest son of the late Judge Deveroux of St. Louis, and is residing in Philadelphia with his mother, who is Mrs. Edwin S. Bowen. Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia will officiate.

MRS. MARIE WALSH DEAD.

Brooklyn Woman Once Well Known as a Novelist and a Playwright.

Mrs. Marie Walsh, novelist and playwright, died at her home, 433 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning after a lingering illness. She was born in New York and lived in Brooklyn many years. Her father was the late Capt. Edward Young, who had charge of one of the old Black Ball line of packets. Her mother was a Miss Jane Lindsay of Charleston, S. C.

When quite young Mrs. Walsh began her literary career by writing for a Boston weekly. She dramatized a number of popular novels and wrote several original dramas. Her first dramatization was Miss Braddon's novel "Three Times Dead." Others were "Griffith Gaunt," by Charles Reade; "Archie Lovell," "Home," a comedy from the German, "Who Is She?" and "Our City," which had a long run at the old Bowery Theatre. She also novelized "Hazel Kirke" and wrote original novels for The Family Story Paper and New York dailies. Among these novels were "Wife of Two Husbands," "The Romance of a Dry Goods Drummer," and a novelization of Henry De Mille's play founded on Fulda's German drama, "The Lost Paradise."

Mrs. Walsh leaves a daughter, Miss Grace A. Walsh; a son, Edward W. Walsh, and a brother, Capt. S. E. Young.

FAREWELL DINNER BY GADSKI

Singer Tells Her Friends She Soon Will Return from Europe.

Mme. Johanna Gadski, who will sail for Germany to-morrow, gave a farewell dinner last night to her friends at the Hotel St. Regis. Although the dinner was informal the table decorations were lavish.

The guests sat at a round table, decorated with American Beauty roses and lilies of the valley. Flowers also were used as favors, including immense bouquets of pink orchids.

After dinner James B. Clews proposed a toast to Mme. Gadski. He told how much her singing was appreciated in this country, and how everybody hoped she would return soon.

Mme. Gadski then announced that she would return to America next October, and that her first appearance would be in concert at Chicago. She said Americans were very dear to her, and that she was anxious to come back next Fall.

Mme. Gadski returned to town on Saturday from Atlanta, Ga., where she sang in "Aïda." While abroad she will sing at the Mozart Festival in Salsburg, Germany, the latter part of July.

Among her guests were Major Creighton Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Thalmann, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic C. Penfield, Mrs. James B. Clews, Mrs. W. D. Wood of Pittsburg, Mrs. Eleanor Phelphs, Miss Marcella Spencer, a protégée of Mme. Gadski; Bernhard Gaiser, Alexander Lambert, and Gustav Leonhardt, Attaché of the German Consulate in this city.

MRS. BELMONT PRESIDES.

Attends Meeting of Equality Association in Brownsville.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont presided yesterday afternoon at a meeting in Brownsville, Brooklyn, of the newly organized East New York branch of the Political Equality Association, of which she is an executive member. The meeting was held in Metropolitan-Saenger Hall, Pitkin Avenue and Watkin Street. The hall was so overcrowded that Police Captain Isaac Frank of the Brownsville Station House ordered his men to remove many persons from the gallery for fear it would collapse.

Mrs. Belmont and Alderman Drescher were the principal speakers. Mrs. Belmont introduced him as the father of the municipal bathhouse resolution, which would benefit the poor of the whole city at Coney Island and elsewhere. Other speakers were Miss Ida Husted Harper, John Burroughs, and Miss Estelle Bischoff, who organized the Brownsville branch of the association. Mrs. Belmont praised Miss Bischoff for her work in organizing the East New York branch and told of the work of the association in Manhattan.

NEWSUBWAY HEARING TO-DAY

Public Discussion of the Tri-Borough System and the Contract Forms.

Public hearings on the forms of contracts for new subway systems have been set by the Public Service Commission to begin this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The first hearing will be on the construction, operation, and equipment of the tri-borough system, and it will be followed on May 16 by a hearing on the form for construction of subways in sections at public expense. The latter form of contract, it is generally believed, will be decided upon.

President Willcox of the Public Service Commission said yesterday that all members of the commission would attend both hearings, and that whatever form of contract is decided upon will be sent to the Corporation Counsel for approval. After such approval has been obtained the commission will advertise for bids.

MAYOR DAHLMAN GOES HOME.

But Not Until He Ropes an "Outlaw" Pony for Col. Cody.

James C. Dahlman, the "cowboy Mayor" of Omaha, Neb., who has been visiting here, started for home yesterday. The Mayor, accompanied by Mrs. Dahlman, came to town several days ago, and registered at the Victoria.

Before leaving the Mayor said he had enjoyed his visit to New York. He was especially pleased over meeting his old friend, Col. Cody. As soon as Col. Cody heard of the Mayor's presence in town he called at the Victoria and invited him and Mrs. Dahlman to attend the Wild West Show at Madison Square Garden.

An opportunity was given to the Mayor to try his hand at roping an "outlaw" pony, and it is said he did it to perfection, to the delight of the party who accompanied him.

Several years ago Mayor Dahlman headed a delegation from Omaha to this city, calling themselves the "home folks," and met William Jennings Bryan upon his return from his trip around the world. He plans to bring a delegation of at least 200 Nebraskans to welcome Col. Roosevelt on his return from Europe.

A JOKE ON JERSEY JUSTICE.

It Moved Swift Enough, but Got the Wrong Men.

There was general rejoicing in the Bergen County, N. J., Sheriff's office and among the county detectives early yesterday when word came from Westwood that a gang of horse thieves in possession of six horses had been captured by Constable Rawson of that town. It was said that one of them admitted that the horses had been stolen.

Under Sheriff Scott and several deputies drove to Westwood in an automobile, but soon learned that the horses were owned by J Glass, a horse dealer of 241 Division Street, New York. He had bought them on Saturday and told his men to start with them early yesterday morning for New York. The horses were detained in a Hackensack stable until Glass called for them, thus spoiling the glory for Constable Rawson.

PHYSICIAN FAILS TO GET BAIL.

Dr. Hardy Sent to a Cell, Charged with Passing Bad Checks.

As a result of difficulty in obtaining bail, Dr. James T. Hardy, who was arrested on Saturday at Larchmont on a charge of passing bad checks, was sent back to the City Prison yesterday after a hearing before Magistrate Steinert in the Tombs Court.

Detective Miley, who made the arrest, stated in an affidavit that the prisoner "uttered false checks and obtained money on them," as he had been informed by Clarence C. Harmstad, Secretary of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company.

After hearing counsel for both sides the bail was fixed by Magistrate Steinert at $10,000. Jesse W. Tobey produced a woman who offered Brooklyn real estate as bail, but this the Magistrate would not accept. When Mr. Tobey produced an officer of a bonding company the Magistrate declared the bond would have to be approved by the District Attorney, so Dr. Hardy was removed to the City Prison.

HOLDEN ART SALE BRINGS IN $102,078

Miniature of Washington Given to a Woman for Army Secrets Goes for $610.

W. R. HEARST HEAVY BUYER

Rare Pitchers and China Platters Among His Purchases—Sum Realized Up to the Estimate.

The rare historical china and other Americana in the final sessions of the Edwin Babcock Holden sale in the American Art Galleries on last Friday proved a strong drawing card, and there was lively competition among the large number of collectors present. The amount realized was $10,024, making the grand total $102,078, which is close to the figure which Robert Fridenberg, the compiler of the catalogue, and the American Art Association, which conducted the sale for the executrix of the estate, calculated the collection would bring.

A gold-mounted miniature portrait on ivory of George Washington fetched the highest price of the evening, $610. It is an oval, and was painted about 1775 by Charles Wilson Peale for Washington himself, who presented it to a Mrs. Israel, so tradition says, in recognition of valuable information given by her about the British Army and its plans. Mrs. Israel left it by will to Mrs. Hannah Faulkner Buck, whose grandniece disposed of it through Dodd, Mead & Co. in 1902. Confirmatory documents accompanied this miniature, which was finally knocked down to Robert Fridenberg.

An enamel miniature portrait of George Washington, in a gold frame, painted by William Birch, an English artist, who came to America in 1794, was bought by Charles A. Munn for $310. It was painted for William Loughton Smith of South Carolina, appointed Minister to Portugal by Washington. It was inherited by Smith's daughter, Mrs. T. O. Lowndes of Charleston, from whose granddaughter, Miss Eliza Wilkins, it was purchased in 1897.

One of the most interesting items was a Canton china plate of the eighteenth century, an example of the celebrated "Cincinnati china," which marks the first introduction into America of the patriotic emblem as a decoration on porcelain, and, moreover, possesses the distinction of having once belonged to Gen. Washington. The set, to which this plate belonged, was brought from China in 1785 by Capt. Samuel Shaw of Boston, who was the first Secretary of the Order of the Cincinnati, and who had the set decorated in Canton by a Chinese artist with the insignia of the society. It was presented by Capt. Shaw to Washington and was mentioned in the will of Martha Washington. On the death of her grandson and Washington's adopted son, George Washington Parke Custis, it became the property of his daughter, Mary, wife of Gen. Robert E. Lee. Sixty pieces of this set and other Washington relics were seized by the Government at the outbreak of the civil war, after Gen. Lee's departure from Arlington, and are now in the National Museum at Washington.

The plate sold on Friday has a deep border of blue on white ground, with the Cincinnati insignia painted in colors in the centre. It went to Robert Fridenberg for $350, seemingly a great bargain, as another plate from this same set brought $1,025 at the Gilbert sale in 1905, which was conducted by the same auctioneer, Thomas E. Kirby, who has auctioned off the Holden collection.

William R. Hearst paid, through an agent, $300 for a milk pitcher and cover, Niderville ware, (circa 1780,) with the interlaced sypher "G. W.," and interesting as having been presented by Martha Washington to Dolly Madison, who bequeathed it to her adopted daughter, Mrs. J. H. Causten. Mr. Hearst also paid $92 for a chocolate pot and cover, pseudo-Lowestoft ware, eighteenth century, whose chief interest lies in the fact that it was presented by Gen. Van Ness to Dolly Madison, who bequeathed this also to Mrs. Causten. Other of the higher-priced items obtained by Mr. Hearst were:

A Washington pitcher, Liverpool cream ware, (eighteenth century,) known as the "Monument" pitcher because it has an obelisk on which is a portrait of Washington, surrounded by weeping willows, &c., $160; another Washington pitcher, Liverpool cream ware, known as the "States" pitcher, because the portrait of Washington is surrounded by a ribbon border with the name of the States, $150; a Staffordshire plate in dark blue, in centre a view of the Highlands, North River, showing the "Fulton" launched in 1818, and plying between New York and Albany, $77.50; a Staffordshire platter, dark blue, with view of Mendehall Ferry, Schuylkill River, above Philadelphia, $100; another Staffordshire platter, dark blue, with centre "Landing of Gen. Lafayette at Castle Garden in 1824," $125; another Staffordshire platter, dark blue, with centre "Southwest view of La Grange, the residence of the Marquis de Lafayette," $130. Among Mr. Hearst's more modest prizes were a Staffordshire plate, dark blue, with centre "View of the Capital at Washington," $40, and another Staffordshire plate, light blue, with centre view of White House entitled, "President's House, Washington," $5.

Among the other items of interest were Staffordshire plate, dark blue, border sea shells, centre "The Engagement Between the Constitution and the Guernire," $57.50; twelve Staffordshire plates, dark blue, centre "Landing of Pilgrim Fathers," $72; Staffordshire plate, dark blue, centre "Arms of the State of New York," $55; Staffordshire plate, dark blue, centre "Dr. Syntax Painting the Portrait of His Landlady," $57; Staffordshire platter, dark blue, centre "View of the Stevens House, Hoboken, N. J.," $52.50; Staffordshire platter, dark blue, centre "A View of the City of Detroit, Mich," $60; Staffordshire platter, dark blue, border sea shells, centre "View of Castle Garden and Battery, New York," $125; dish, creil ware, (eighteenth century,) with portrait of Washington, $45; Staffordshire teapot, salt glazed, white ground, Oriental floral decorations, $77.50; Staffordshire teapot and lid, salt glazed, in dark purplish red, rustic handle, $85; Staffordshire teapot, shaped as double shell, with lion knob and serpent handle, $87.50.

A pair of lions, familiarly known as the Bennington Lions, the most notable output of the factory in Bennington, Vt., which was established in 1847, and was the first in America to attempt to make figures of men and animals, $180; Staffordshire figure Cupid seated on lion, $75; Staffordshire figure "A German Soldier on Horseback" $92.50; two of the English revenue stamps, (2s. 6d.,) relics of the Stamp act passed by the Greville Ministry in 1765, $60; oil painting of Washington by John Eckstein, on canvas, in gilt frame, Washington in uniform on a pedestal, inscribed "First in War, First in Peace, and First in the Hearts of His Countrymen," $210; another oil painting of Washington by an unknown painter, in the possession of one family from 1800 until the time of its purchase by Mr. Holden, $290; an old Wedgewood portrait medallion of Washington, from a print representing him in the style of a Roman Emperor, $95; a silver spoon by Paul Revere, $70; three silver spoons by Paul Revere's father, "rattail" pattern, $150; five pictures by Ambrose L. Garneray, making a series of the naval war of 1812, $340, and a Colonial trooper's horn engraved with a map of the trail from Albany to Quebec, inscribed around rim, "William Anderson, His Horne, M. H. Moon, Frt., 1769." $50.

German-American Editors to Meet.

The National Association of German-American Journalists, together with the German Press Club of New York, will celebrate its silver jubilee this month with three festivals. A reception will be held in the clubhouse, 21 City Hall Place, on May 19, to be followed next day by a festival at the Hotel Plaza, and a dinner at the Hotel Astor on May 21. Delegates from all over the United States will be present.

Wedding Witnesses Decide to Marry.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 8.—Michael Trobo and Miss Elizabeth Carver went to Newark yesterday afternoon and were married by Justice of the Peace Bosset. The witnesses were Robert Dougherty of East Orange and Miss Elizabeth Prelello of Montclair. Justice Bosset was leaving his office when the witnesses called him back and said they, too, wanted to be married. Judge Bosset performed the second ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Trobo acting as witnesses for their friends.

W. C. KERR DIES OF CANCER.

Head of Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co. Expires After an Operation.

Walter Craig Kerr, President of Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co., died in Rochester, Minn., yesterday, aged 52 years. For two months he had been in Minnesota under treatment for cancer, and his death yesterday was the result of uræmia setting in after an apparent convalescence from the effects of an operation. Up to the time he started for the West he was actively engaged in carrying on the business of the engineering firm with which he was associated.

Mr. Kerr leaves a widow and four children, who are at their home, the Beeches, in Dongan Hills, S. I. He was a graduate of the Engineering School of Cornell University, Class of 1879. After graduation he was an Assistant Professor of Engineering in that institution until 1883, when he became connected with the Westinghouse companies.

He was a trustee of Cornell University since 1890. Among the societies in which he held membership were the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the Franklin Institute, also the Engineers, Cornell, Lawyers, New York Yacht, Railroad, Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht, Richmond County, and Duquesne (Pittsburg) Clubs. He was a member of the Psi Upsilon fraternity.

Services will be held in his late residence, the Beeches, on Wednesday afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock.

BYRNES FUNERAL TO-MORROW

Arrangements for the Ceremonies Will Be Announced To-day.

The arrangements for the funeral of Thomas Byrnes, former Superintendent of Police, who died on Saturday night at his home, 318 West Seventy-seventh Street, it was said by a member of the family yesterday, have not yet been completed. The funeral will, however, be held to-morrow at 10:30 A. M., and there will be a requiem mass at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and Seventy-seventh Street, with the Rev. Father Taylor, the pastor, officiating. Full announcement of the funeral plans will be made to-day.

All day yesterday there was a stream of callers at the Byrnes residence. They included many city officials and policemen who had been lifelong friends of the dead man. Telegrams and letters of sympathy also poured in all day. Many came from police and other officials from all over the country.

Mr. Byrnes's reputation extended all over the United States and Canada, and at one time he was personally acquainted with nearly every prominent police official in the country, besides the heads of the Police Departments in Eureope.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN M BARROW, an actor and manager of the old school in Baltimore, died yesterday, aged 75 years. He had been associated with many of the most prominent actors of a generation ago, and at one time was manager of McVickar's Theatre, Chicago.

Miss EWERETTA CONSTABLE WHITNEY died yesterday at her home, 11 East Twenty-sixth Street. She was the daughter of the late William and Mary S. Whitney. The funeral services will take place on Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock at Grace Church.

NATHAN A. BALDWIN, formerly a coffee merchant in this city, died yesterday at the home of his mother, 12 St. James's Place, Brooklyn. He was born in New Milford, Conn., thirty-eight years ago. He was educated at Yale University and was a member of the Yale Club. Recent years of his life were devoted to travel. He was unmarried. His mother, four sisters, and a brother survive him. The burial will be in New Milford.

Ex-Police Capt. WILLIAM WARD of Chicago, who led the police in breaking up the historic Haymarket riot, in which many policemen were killed and wounded there twenty-four years ago by an anarchist bomb, died in Chicago yesterday of heart disease.

PETER HASSINGER, a real estate broker of Newark, N. J., died yesterday at his home, 368 Clinton Avenue, that city. He was 80 years old and was born in Germany. He came to Newark about fifty-seven years ago, and speculated successfully in real estate in the Clinton Hill section. He was considered an authority in art and possessed many notable works of European masters. Three sons survive him.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

GOLDBERG.—May 4, 317 East 79th St., to Mr. and Mrs. B. Goldberg, a daughter.

LOEB.—May 1, 159 West 122d St., to Mr. and Mrs. S. Loeb, a son.

LOWENSTEIN.—May 6, 524 Clinton Av., Newark, to Mr. and Mrs. M. Lowenstein, a son.

WORMS.—May 5, Winfield, L. I., to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Worms, a son.

Married.

EZONGE—GEOGHAN.—On May 5, by the Rev. J. Hedges, pastor of St. Stevens Church, Arlington, N. J., at the rectory, William Ezonge to Ann Geoghan.

NEWHOUSE—BOURNE.—On Thursday, May 5, 1910, at St. Paul's Church, Westfield, N. J., by the Rev. Sydney Cross, Emily Henrietta, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bourne, to John S. Newhouse.

FREED—BENJAMIN.—May 8, Anna Benjamin to David Freed.

HODGMAN—VALENTINE.—May 7, Gertrude Valentine to Cecil Hodgman.

MILLER—MARX.—May 8, Lena Marx to Bernard Miller.

New Jersey.

BUCHERT—EISEL.—May 3, Newark, Regina Eisel to Emil Buchert.

HOSKING—SMALL.—May 4, Newark, Florence W. Small to Herbert F. Hosking.

STRICKLAND—CARRITT.—May 1, Hoboken, Bessie J. Carritt to Albert E. Strickland.

Died.

ALGER.—At East Orange, N. J., on May 7, 1910, Charles L., only son of the late Levi G. and Martha J. Alger, in his 57th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his sister, Mrs. W. E. Striker, 8 South Maple Av., Monday evening, May 9, at 8 o'clock.

BALDWIN.—Suddenly, May 7, Nathan A., age 38, son of the late Henry C. and Emma Baldwin, 12 St. James's Place, Brooklyn. Funeral private.

BOWER.—Sarah MacGonigle, widow of the late Col. F. H. Bower, Sunday, May 8, in Cincinnati, at 1:30 P. M. Due notice of funeral later.

BROWN.—Suddenly, May 7, 1910, at Bethel, Maine, Frederick Tilden Brown, M. D. Funeral services at his late residence, 14 East 58th St., Tuesday, May 10, at twelve-thirty.

BURCHARD.—On May 8 at Wilson Point, South Norwalk, Conn., Boardman Burchard, in his 87th year. Funeral private Wednesday, May 11. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

BYRNES.—Saturday, May 7, at his home, 318 West 77th St., in his 68th year, Thomas, beloved husband of Ophelia A. Byrnes. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the requiem mass at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, Tuesday, May 10, at 10:30 A. M.

CRAWFORD.—On May 7, 1910, at her late residence, 2,234 7th Av., Phebe Crawford, widow of the late Robert Crawford and sister-in-law of the late Henry Van Zandt. Funeral from her late residence May 9 at 2 P. M.

DALY.—On Sunday, May 8, 1910, Daniel Daly, in his 85th year, beloved husband of Margaret Barry and father of the Rev. W. J. B. Daly, P. H. J. Daly, and Mrs. Joseph A. Kene. Funeral from his late residence, 939 President St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 10, at 10:30 A. M. Mass of requiem at 11 A. M. in St. Francis Xavier's Church, 6th Av. and Carroll St., Brooklyn. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

DECKER.—On May 7, Peter P. Decker, in his 85th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 913 Cauldwell Av., near 163d St., Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral Tuesday at 1 o'clock.

DWIGHT.—At Albany, N. Y., Saturday, May 7, 1910, Harvey Lyman Dwight, son of Mary Burton and the late Harvey A. Dwight. Funeral services private, at the residence of his mother, 237 State St., Albany, N. Y.

EVENS.—May 6, John. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Monday, 10 o'clock.

FERRY.—Suddenly, May 2, 1910, at Phoenix Ariz., Charles H. Ferry. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, New Haven, Conn., at 2:30 P. M., Monday, May 9.

FISHER.—On May 6, 1910, Daniel Aiken Fisher, in his 78th year. Funeral services at Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., on Tuesday at 1 o'clock.

GAMBLE.—On Sunday, May 8, 1910, Mary A., wife of William Gamble. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 537 West 142d St., on Tuesday, May 10, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family. London (England) papers please copy.

GATES.—On May 3, Emma Gates. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

KERR.—At Rochester, Minn., on May 8, 1910, Walter Craig Kerr, in his 52d year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, "The Beeches," Dongan Hills, Staten Island, on Wednesday, May 11, at 3:30 P. M. Boat leaves South Ferry at 2:40 P. M.

LUX.—On May 6, Andrew. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) 241 West 23d St.

MIDDLETON.—On Sunday, May 8, William Middleton, in his 80th year. Funeral services at Washington Heights M. E. Church, 153d St. and Amsterdam Av., Tuesday at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

MUIR.—At his home in Brooklyn on Saturday morning, May 7, Frederick M. Muir, son of Mary Brouwer and the late Alexander Muir. Funeral private.

REDDY.—Suddenly, at East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, May 8, 1910, William Comfort Reddy, in the 66th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SHIPMAN.—On Sunday, May 8, 1910, at her residence, 23 Hill St., Morristown, N. J., Isabella, wife of Frederick H. Shipman and daughter of the late John and Almira C. McClane. Notice of funeral hereafter.

TEMPLETON.—Entered into life on Saturday, May 7, 1910, Benjamin G. Templeton, beloved husband of Alice Porter. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 425 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, on Monday afternoon, May 9, at 4:30 o'clock.

WACHTEL.—Abraham Wachtel, beloved husband of Rosa Wachtel and father of Fannie Stahl, Jacob Wachtel, Minnie Levy, and Julius Wachtel, died at noon Saturday, May 7, aged 73. Funeral from his late residence, 163 East 107th St., New York, Monday, May 9, at 12 o'clock sharp. Interment Washington Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

WELLING.—On Saturday, May 7, 1910, Ferdinand Van Derveer Welling, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 151 West 140th St., on Monday, May 9, at 8 P. M. Interment Warwick, N. Y.

WHITNEY.—On Sunday morning, May 8, 1910, at her residence, 11 East 26th St., Eweretta Constable Whitney, daughter of the late William and Mary S. Whitney. Funeral service at Grace Church on Wednesday morning, May 11, at 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

ANDRESEN.—Anna, 1,174 Washington Av., Bronx, May 7.

BARNES.—Robert, Lincoln Av., Grant City, S. I., May 7, aged 78.

BECKER.—Julia A., 301 West 41st St., May 7, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

BOURDALLE.—Bertrand L., May 6, aged 42. Funeral 206 West 30th St.

BURKE.—Frank E., 126 East 114th St., May 7, aged 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CUMMING.—Frances J., 111 West 11th St., May 6.

DALY.—Bernard, 501 West 40th St., May 6. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

Died.

JACCHIA.—Angelo, 472 8th Av., May 6, aged 67. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McINERNEY.—Thomas, 516 West 125th St., May 7. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

McINTOSH.—John, May 7, aged 32. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-morrow, 1 P. M.

McMAHON.—Evelina, 620 East 170th St., May 7. Funeral notice later.

MARTIN.—Joseph, 172 West 98th St., May 6.

MULHLEISEN.—Lina, 246 East 55th St., May 6.

RENN.—Ludwig, 1,788 Clay Av., Bronx, May 7, aged 80.

RYAN.—Anne, 1,075 Park Av., May 7. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

SHIELDS.—William J., 251 East 61st St., May 7, aged 64.

WALLACE.—Catherine, 465 2d Av., May 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WILLIAMS.—Lionel, 984 Morris Av., Bronx, May 6. Funeral to-day, 12:45 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ALEXANDER.—Mina, 5,302 6th Av., May 6, aged 71.

ALLEN.—Thomas S., May 7. Funeral 210 Hoyt St., to-day, 2 P. M.

BRUNING.—Christine S., 693 Madison St., May 7, aged 61. Funeral private.

BYRNE.—John F., 147 Nelson St., May 5, aged 20. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CARR.—Clementine C., 218 Walworth St., May 7. Funeral private.

CLERKEN.—Ellen, 682 De Kalb Av., May 6.

DOOLING.—John A., 347 5th Av., May 7, aged 18. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

JONES.—Annie E., 1,025 Putnam Av., May 7. Funeral service to-day.

PILLING.—Joseph D., St. Peter's Hospital, May 7, aged 37. Funeral to-day.

POTTER.—Emily A., 216 St. James's Place, May 7. Funeral service to-day.

RIEBESEHL.—Henry A., 84 Flushing Av., May 6, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WHITE.—Elizabeth, 309 13th St., May 7. Funeral private.

Long Island.

BERLSTEIN.—George, Middle Village, May 6, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KEARNS.—John E., Morris Park, May 7, aged 40. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

PARKER.—Anna, 243 Broadway, Astoria, May 7. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

RICHARDSON.—Elizabeth A., 54 3d St., Long Island City, May 7. Funeral to-day.

New Jersey.

BALL.—Edward R., 27 Warwick St., Newark, May 7, aged 50.

CONOVER.—Joseph V., Roseland, May 7, aged 1. Funeral to-day.

FREED.—K. P., Elizabeth, May 6. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

GAHAGAN.—Mary, 1,219 Garden St., Hoboken, May 7. Funeral service to-day.

GAZE.—Kate E., Newark, May 6. Funeral private.

KELLEY.—Theodore, 88 Scheerer Av., Newark, May 7. Funeral notice later.

LOESCH.—Henriette, 371 Littleton Av., Newark, May 7.

MARDER.—Isidore F., Newark, May 6—, aged 17.

MEAN.—Frank H., 91 Bremen St., Newark, May 7, aged 8 months.

MESKEL.—Catherine, Newark, May 5, aged 65.

MOCKUS.—Mary, —Newark, May 5, aged 5.

PERRY.—Emma, 168 Harrison Av., Jersey City Heights, May 7. Funeral to-morrow.

SAWYER.—Thomas H., Harrison, May 7. Funeral notice later.

SEDER.—Julius J., 220 Morris Av., Newark, May 7, aged 15. Funeral to-morrow.

STEWART.—Clara E., Newark, May 5, aged 31.

TATE.—Annie S., 205 Halsey St., Newark, May 7. Funeral notice later.

TRIEGER.—Isadore, Newark, May 5, aged 20.

ULRICH.—Wilhelmine, Newark, May 6, aged 2.

In Memoriam.

CORCORAN.—Catherine, mass St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 7:30 A. M.

ECKSTEIN.—Mathilde, unveiling monument, Linden Hill Cemetery, May 15, 2 P. M.

FLYNN.—Patrick, in memory of, died May 11, 1909.

FRIEDHEIM.—Bertha and Emil, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

GOLD.—Charles, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

GRACE.—John J., mass Sacred Heart Church, Newark, N. J., May 13, 8 A. M.

JONAS.—Moritz, unveiling monument, Cypress Hills Cemetery, May 22, 3 P. M.

LEE.—A., mass St. Paul the Apostle Church, to-day, 9 A. M.

LEHMAN.—Bertha, unveiling monument, Beth-El Cemetery, May 15, 3:30 P. M.

LOEWENSTEIN.—Leopold, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

LOEWENSTEIN.—Max, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

LYONS.—Anna, in memory of; died May 9, 1907.

MAGUIRE.—Thomas, in memory of; died May 3, 1905.

MAHER.—Margaret and Mary, mass Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Newark, N. J., May 11, 9 A. M.

MARKS.—Harriet, unveiling monument, Mount Carmel Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

McGUIRE.—Mary, mass St. Aloysius Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8:30 A. M.

McNAMEE.—Mary, in memory of; died May 10, 1908.

MEYER.—Florence, in memory of; died May 10, 1905.

MOLL.—Byrdee, unveiling monument, Bayside Cemetery, May 15, 2:30 P. M.

MONAGHAN.—Patrick, mass Sacred Heart Church, Vailsburg, May 12, 8 A. M.

NELSON.—Rachel, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, May 15, 2:30 P. M.

NOONAN.—Sarah T., mass St. Joseph's Church, May 15, 8 A. M.

OPPENHEIMER.—Benjamin, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

POST.—Moses, in memory of; died May 9, 1906.

RASCOVAR.—Nathan, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

RICHMOND.—Miriam F., in memory of; died May 12, 1889.

ROCKMAN.—Abraham, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

SAALBERG.—Moses, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

SPIRO.—Rosa, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, May 15, 2:30 P. M.

STOCK.—Lena, unveiling monument, Carmel Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

STRAUSS.—Sarah, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, May 15, 3 P. M.

WILD.—Philipena, in memory of; died May 9, 1909.

WOLFE.—Johanna, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, May 15, 2:30 P. M.

ZIMMERMANN.—Sophie, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, May 15, 4 P. M.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
is easily accessible by Harlem trains from Grand Central Station, Webster and Jerome Avenue trolleys, and by carriage. Lots $150 up. Telephone (4855 Gramercy) for Books of Views, or representative.
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SPECIAL NOTICES.

Platt's Chlorides, the Odorless Disinfectant, destroys disease breeding matter.

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SOME FOUND ALIVE IN CARTAGO RUINS

Several Are Rescued and 800 Bodies of Earthquake Victims Are Recovered.

DEAD ESTIMATED AT 1,500

Inauguration of New President Held in Open Air, Populace Fearing to Enter Buildings.

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, May 8.—Up to noon to-day 800 bodies had been taken from the ruins of the houses which were overthrown in the earthquake last Wednesday evening at Cartago. The estimate of the dead last evening placed the number at 1,500, but it is possible that this will be exceeded.

Large forces which have gone to Cartago from San José and other points are now engaged in the work of rescue, and even to-day several living persons were taken from under the piles of stone and timbers where dwelling houses once stood.

The number of sick and injured cannot be determined, many of them having been removed to adjoining towns and villages. Scores have died from their injuries since the disaster.

Dr. Bocanegra, the Guatemalan representative in the Central American Court of Justice, was completely demented when removed from the ruins the day after the earthquake, but he is now recovering from the shock. Physically he was only slightly injured. The body of his wife, who was killed, has been embalmed, preparatory to being sent to Guatemala.

Paraiso, a village of 2,000 inhabitants, about eighteen miles east of San José, also suffered severely from the earthquake. Reports reaching here indicate that nearly 100 persons were killed there.

Large fissures have opened up in Cartago Province and have caused additional alarm. Ten thousand persons have been rendered homeless, and the severe rains and lack of food and drinking water are responsible for much suffering. It has been found impossible to provide shelter for the people, who are huddled together in a pitiable condition.

The ceremony attending the inauguration of Ricardo Jiminez as President of Costa Rica took place to-day on one of the plazas in San José, owing to the fact that the people feared to enter the Government Building.

TO PROTECT STENOGRAPHERS.

Educational Association Thinks Commercial Schools Are at Fault.

A general conference on occupations suitable for young girls was called by the Public Educational Association for last Wednesday afternoon, which was attended by teachers, settlement workers, representatives of the commercial schools, of the Sage Foundation, and of the trade schools for girls in this city. The object of the session, which was held in the Church Mission rooms in Fourth Avenue, was to discuss the advisability of fitting young girls for stenography and the steps which could be taken to protect those who undertake that work.

The first complaint was against the giving out of lists of names of upper-grade pupils of the grammar schools to representatives of the so-called business colleges, so that these schools often persuaded the children to leave the regular grades and take a "business course." Other "business colleges," it was said, get hold of the names of those in the upper grades by paying some of the children a penny a name.

In general there was a condemnation of the commercial schools which promise their graduates a place at the end of the course. Dr. Edwin Liebfreed, Dean of the American Commercial Schools, who was present, and David O'Keefe, representing the department of stenography of the High School Teachers' Association, also joined in this censure, and remarked that a little house-cleaning among the business colleges themselves would not be amiss.

Dr. Liebfreed, however, made a strong defense of the idea of commercial training.

"In Dr. Maxwell's last report," he said, "it was stated that 45,000 children attended the elementary schools. About 19,000 of these enter the High Schools, and a little more than 2,000 of them are graduated. Many of them are forced out against their own better judgment, because they have to earn a living. We should bring it home to the Board of Education that the commercial needs of this city are so great that the child needs training, so that he can find an open door. We are in an evolutionary state in this country. In Germany the thing is nearly settled, and I plead for technical and vocational training because from my own experience I know the need."

In Mr. Liebfreed's solution the commercial training should be made a part of the public school system, so that children need not go to the private commercial schools.

"What right has a business school to exist as a private institution?" he demanded rather to the surprise of the audience. "Put your commercial courses in the public schools where the children can get it, and then we private teachers will be done away with.

"Remember, too, that although some of us are in it just for the profit, there are others in the private schools who put their hearts into the work, because they believe that the young people need that training. The recent tragedy is not alone the fault of the business colleges, or a business school, but it is the fault of all of us, because we have not guarded young life sufficiently."

The general opinion of all those present was that no children from 14 to 16 years old ought to be wage-earners in stenography or any other business, but the feeling against stenography as a trade for the average school child was very strong. The difficulty all admitted, however, was to bring the children and their parents around to that opinion.

"Among the people generally referred to as the poor, all in a lump," declared one of the settlement workers, "the class feeling runs very much stronger than the outsider supposes. The homes just on the verge of pauperism are looked down upon by those a little less poverty stricken, while the grade which is near comfort scorns those less prosperous. As soon as a family rises to this state they will not let the daughters go into a factory. They must do office work as a sign of social distinction."

The only way to overcome this prejudice, according to Miss Elizabeth G. Williams of the College Settlement, is to dignify unusual work by giving it a more prominent place in the school curriculum. There was immediate necessity, she said, for starting handwork at the age of 12, and developing it especially until the 14-year limit was reached. Then it was suggested that if parents saw their children actually learning a trade they would probably allow them to remain a year or so longer in school.

Miss Alice Gannet of the Normal Alliance House told of an investigation among a large number of young workers which showed that the majority merely drifted from place to place and that one-third of these were earning not more than $3.50 a week. It was suggested that teachers might advise their pupils into better work, but Dr. Abelson of the Child Welfare Exhibit protested against expecting a teacher to be an "expert sociologist" as well as a pedagogue. The meeting indorsed Dr. Abelson's suggestion that the Board of Education ought to establish just such an employment bureau for all the schools.

ANTI-LIQUOR VICTORIES.

Massachusetts Legislature Passes the Bar and Bottle Bill.

BOSTON, May 8.—The so-called bar and bottle bill, which has passed the Legislature and is now before the Governor for his signature, represents the curious situation of a measure passed without real opposition by a Legislature the majority of whose members heartily wished the bill had never been introduced.

The Prohibition people of the State are rejoicing over the bill, which they hail as one of the most substantial victories that their cause has won for many years. The fact is that the Legislature in passing the measure is aiding the temperance cause in spite of itself.

The Bar and Bottle bill provides simply that holders of a first-class liquor license shall not at the same time hold a third-class license—in other words, that where liquor is sold over the bar for consumption on the premises it shall not be sold for home consumption, and vice versa. It interferes with the trade of many saloons where patrons are accustomed in anticipation of a dry Sunday to buy their liquid comfort on Saturday night before the closing hour. The places where drinks are served with meals on Sunday will correspondingly profit by the situation which will be created if the Governor signs the bill.

But the measure involves much more important interests than the saloon keepers, the grocery stores, and the hotels. There is now in progress in Massachusetts a tax reform agitation in which the united manufacturing interests of the State, with the support of many public men and banking interests, are seeking to have the State Constitution amended to allow the Legislature to classify property for the purposes of taxation.

Arrayed on the other side of this question are large financial interests headed by Robert Windsor of Kidder, Peabody & Co., as the representative of the Boston Elevated Railroad, which is fighting the tax amendment, because the reform of the Massachusetts tax laws which would follow the adoption of the constitutional amendment in their opinion would hurt the market for the securities of public service corporations.

For two years the warfare has waged bitterly on Beacon Hill. Last year the concurrent resolution declaring for the submission of the tax amendment to the people was forced through the Senate and House, and this year the fight was taken up again to get the second passage necessary for submission to the people.

This controversy was as far away from the cause of temperance as anything that could be imagined until the discovery was made by the friends of the tax amendment that men connected with the Republican State Committee had sought contributions from Boston liquor dealers in the last campaign with the understanding, it is said, that the liquor interests would be gently treated.

Some of these same persons on the State Committee have allied themselves with the Boston elevated forces in the tax reform fight. It is now recalled that the bar and bottle bill had its origin in legislative quarters friendly to the tax reformers, and political wiseacres have been disposed to trace in its introduction a clever scheme to embarrass the Republican State Committeemen who got the contributions in the last campaign.

At all events the bill never was pressed until the temperance people discovered it and started a hullabaloo from one end of the State to the other. From that moment its fate has been sealed, for none of the various contending parties in the Legislature cares openly to antagonize the temperance agitators.

So the bar and bottle bill passed an unwilling Legislature. In its last stages an effort was made to amend it by striking out the enacting clause, but this effort only stirred the temperance forces into action again, and the measure was restored to its original form.

If Gov. Draper signs it, after May 1, 1911, folks who want a high-ball on Sunday either will have to patronize the grocery stores Saturday night or get their Sunday drink with a meal at some hotel.

MAN OF 72 HANGS HIMSELF.

Grief for the Death of His Wife and Daughter Made Him Despondent.

Harry L. Van Syckle, 72 years old, and for sixty years a resident of Brooklyn, killed himself yesterday at his home, 249 Cleveland Street, by hanging himself with a rope in the kitchen, tying one end to water pipes near the ceiling and then stepping off a chair. When discovered by his daughter, Mrs. Eva Webster, with whom the old man lived, he was dead.

About him in the kitchen were models and working plans of inventions which he held most dear, and the failure to develop which discouraged him to such an extent that he took his own life. The development of partial blindness caused him to believe he could never fully develop an electric motor.

The death of his wife and favorite daughter, respectively in March and June, 1909, also caused him to grieve greatly.

GORGEOUS BOOKS AT AUCTION

Pickwick Papers, in Six Volumes, Were Published at $2,000 Each.

A copy of what is said to be the finest edition of Charles Dickens's "Pickwick Papers" ever published will be sold at Anderson's on Friday. It is known as the St. Dunstan Illuminated Edition, of which only eight copies were printed for sale in America and seven copies for sale in Europe.

It was published in this city at $2,000 per volume, and as there are six volumes the cost for the set was $12,000.

The publishers intended to issue the complete works of Dickens in 130 volumes, but only the "Pickwick Papers" was published. The work contains an introduction by Percy Fitzgerald, signed by him, and a bibliographical note signed by Frederic Kitton.

There are nearly 1,200 beautiful illustrations by Nestore Leoni, who was brought here from Italy for the express purpose of illuminating this work. He has done so in a style which appears to be a combination of the ninth century Irish, the twelfth century German, and the Renaissance methods of hand illumination.

The large chapter and title borders are composed of beautiful floral designs, animal miniatures, &c. Every page has a fanciful device executed on the margin. Each of the six volumes is signed by Leoni, the publisher, George D. Sproul, and the University Press, which issued the work.

It is printed throughout on one side only of vellum. The binding, highly polished dark blue morocco, is by the Trautz-Bauzonnet Bindery. Each volume contains 175 separate inlays, and is inclosed in a white-figured silk case with gilt clasps.

RARE BOOK ON RELIGION.

Parable of the "Spider and the Flie," Published in 1556.

Among the rarities in a sale at Anderson's on May 13 is a copy of the first edition of "The Spider and the Flie," by John Heywood, a small quarto, "imprinted at London in Flete Strete [sic] by Thomas Powell, Anno 1556." It is in black letter throughout, and contains two full-page figures of the author and more than 125 other engravings, quaint and interesting. Although not the first, they are among the earliest of their class executed in an English printed book. The work is a parable, or allegory, and was intended by its author as a defense of the position of the English Catholics in the reign of Queen Mary. He states in the conclusion of his work that the flies are intended to represent the Catholics and the spiders the Protestants.

Only two other copies of this work, apparently, have been offered at auction in this country. One was the Thomas J. McKee copy, which sold in this city for $100 some years ago, and the other is the copy which brought $200 at the Amor L. Hollingsworth sale in Boston last month.

In the Anderson sale there is also a copy of the rare first edition of Poems, by Anne Killigrew, published in London in 1686. It contains a fine impression of the mezzotint portrait of the author, painted by herself and engraved by I. Beckett. It is a large paper copy, the first to be offered at public auction in this country. It contains on the title page the autograph signature of Sir William Killigrew.

Anne Killigrew was the daughter of Dr. Henry Killigrew, and was maid of honor to the Duchess of York. She was the subject of an ode by John Dryden, which Dr. Samuel Johnson considered the noblest in the English language. It was written upon her death at the of 25.

NEW OCEAN WIRELESS IS WORKING WELL

First Public Message Brought Here the Suppressed Article Attacking Edward VII.

MORE POWERFUL APPARATUS

And Means Taken to Make a Breakdown a Remote Contingency—Mr. Marconi Satisfied.

Wireless across the Atlantic, it was learned yesterday, is working even better since its resumption after the reconstruction of the burned out Marconi station at Glace Bay than it did before that accident temporarily put the service out of commission.

The public service between Glace Bay and Clifden, Ireland, was resumed on Friday, the first dispatch sent this way being the two and a half column suppressed article from The Contemporary Review attacking the policy of the late Edward VII. printed in Saturday's TIMES. Since then THE TIMES has received the page of Sunday wireless dispatches printed yesterday.

William Marconi, the inventor, spent two months at Glace Bay, Nova Scotia, superintending the erection of the new power station which has replaced that destroyed by fire last August. Meantime the station at Clifden, Ireland had been thoroughly overhauled and equipped with the latest radio-telegraphic instruments. This time it was also provided with several alternative methods of transmission, making a complete breakdown a remote contingency. After making several severe tests Mr. Marconi was satisfied that the new station was ready for use, and word was flashed to Clifden on Friday morning to notify the land offices that they could receive messages beginning that day.

Everything at Glace Bay is now working very satisfactorily, and Mr. Marconi assured himself of the speed and reliability of the new service. The Canadian station has been erected on a headland about three miles from the town of Glace Bay, in Cape Breton, and is separated from the Nova Scotian peninsula by the Strait of Canso. The station stands about eighty feet above sea level and is a conspicuous landmark to fishermen for miles around.

The operating building is an unpretentious wooden structure with nothing to show that it is different from the ordinary wooden cottage, except the wires which lead down from lofty masts to special insulators inserted in its walls and the double line of telegraph poles leading to it which carry the wires of the Western Union and Canadian Pacific Telegraph Companies, by means of which land messages reach and leave the station.

The transmission of a wireless message across the Atlantic is no different from that of the ordinary cable, except that the operator with every motion of his hand is controlling several hundred horse power at a point half a mile away, where the signaling switches are situated.

These switches connect the condenser and spark discharger and its associated circuits with the source of power, and there results from the condenser discharge a powerful electrical oscillation, which radiates into space and affects the receivers at Clifden.

The aerial system of the station is supported by four tall wooden towers, each 212 feet high. They form a square, the sides of which are 220 feet wide. In this space were contained the original station buildings which were destroyed in the fire. Supporting the aerial wires, in conjunction with the towers, are a number of masts, each 180 feet tall, which are so arranged that the wires spread out in the shape of a gigantic fan, the "handle" of which points toward Clifden, on the west coast of Ireland, where the corresponding station is situated.

The machinery for the generation of electrical energy and the transmission and reception of messages is contained in three buildings which are almost in a straight line. To the west of this line is the new power house containing machinery recently installed, which, Mr. Marconi avers, is not duplicated on this side of the Atlantic.

The station at Clifden, Ireland, covers 350 acres, and the horse power of the engines employed is 1,100. The transmitting aerial contains 60,000 feet of wire and the receiving aerial 18,000 feet. The former is supported about 200 feet above the ground on twelve poles placed in three rows in the shape of an attenuated fan nearly one-tenth of a square mile in area, this arrangement being adopted with the object of radiating the electric waves most strongly in the direction of Glace Bay. The condenser, producing the necessary waves, is discharged by an apparatus consisting of a disk which rotates at a speed of more than 2,000 revolutions a minute.

FOR A HARRIMAN MEMORIAL.

Horsemen Plan $2,500 Watering Trough Near Goshen Driving Park.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 8.—Plans for a memorial to the late E. H. Harriman were practically approved at a meeting of the committee of the Orange County Horse and Good Roads Improvement Association, appointed at a recent meeting of that body for the purpose. The meeting was held at Goshen on Saturday. Among those present were ex-Gov. Odell, Frank G. Wood, William Lawrence, James A. P. Ramsdell, and C. H. C. Beakes, the last named being of New York City.

The plan presented provides for a large and handsome stone watering trough for horses to take the place of a small one now located near the driving park of the association at Goshen. At the centre of the memorial will be a large granite shaft, on the apex of which will be placed a lamp. The memorial will be erected at a point in the village from which run roads to six parts of the surrounding country. As planned it will cost about $2,500.

Some modifications were suggested at the meeting, and these will be looked after by a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Odell, Lawrence, and Beakes. Before making a final decision they will confer with Mrs. Harriman.

LIEBGOLD LEAVES AMATEURS.

Champion Walker for Years Decides to Become a Professional.

Sam Liebgold, who for twenty years has been America's most representative walker, and during that time won more championships than any other amateur in this country, has decided to leave the amateur ranks and become a professional. Two years before he won the first Amateur Athletic Union championship as a member of the Pastime Athletic Club Liebgold engaged in amateur competitions, and from the time of his first competition he never missed a championship meeting.

During all his years on the track Liebgold has won over 300 races, nearly all handicaps, and has captured 500 prizes. He is at his best from one to three miles, but can also cover long distances in fast time, as is shown by his record walk from City Hall to Coney Island, in 1895, when he covered the distance in 1:54:00 2-5, which figures remain unbeaten to-day. There were sixteen starters in the race, and Berrian, the second man, was five minutes behind Liebgold at the finish.

Liebgold's best time for one mile is 6:35, made in a handicap event in the New York A. C. games at Travers Island, 1894. He has won several championships around 6:36, and has traveled more miles under seven minutes than any walker in the United States, but he has never been able to cut the time made in 1894. His best times up to three miles are: Quarter mile, 1:28; half mile, 3:07; three-quarter mile, 4:52; one mile, 6:35; one and one-half miles, 10:01; two miles, 14:46; three miles, 22:27. The latter record was made in the A. A. U. championships at Manhatan Field in 1892.

On Feb. 11 of this year Liebgold won an eight-and-a-half-mile handicap at the Trinity A. C. games. Starting on scratch, he gave away handicaps up to 1:09, but won the event and broke the record for the distance. His work in the A. A. U. indoor championships shows him to be one of the best walkers in the United States.

WANT TACKLING TO REMAIN.

Football Devotees Hope Committee Will Repeal Rule Adopted Recently.

The hope is being expressed on almost all sides, except among the extreme radicals, that, when the Intercollegiate Football Rules Committee convenes in this city on Friday for the final revision of the playing code for 1910 its members will repeal the rule abolishing the flying tackle which they passed at the March 26 session and place no restrictions on tackling other than those which have heretofore existed.

It is believed by nearly every football player of past and present generations who has been interviewed on the subject that it will be practically impossible to stop a good open field runner if the tackler is compelled to have one foot on the ground at the moment of tackling. The opinion is current, too, that tackling under this latter condition will impose a greater burden on both the runner and the tackler in the way of a more severe impact than the old diving or flying tackle.

It was pretty generally understood by those who attended the last meeting of the committee, held in Philadelphia on April 29, that the decision to restrict tackling in the way indicated at the preceding meeting in New York was due to a desire to assist the offense, which had been materially weakened by the rule prohibiting pushing, pulling, or holding on his feet the runner with the ball, or allowing members of the attacking eleven even to touch their teammates with their hands and arms.

The committee had the same idea in mind when it decided to have the distance to be gained in three tries only eight yards, instead of the ten, which have been the rule for the past five years. It was felt that by lessening this distance a premium would be put on end running and open play as against persistent line smashing.

Considerable doubt exists, however, in the minds of some of the best-informed players of the not remote past who have been seen recently as to whether the abolishment of the flying tackle will not weaken the defense to a point absolutely incommensurate with the weakening of the attack. If the encouragement of end running was the idea of the committee and the idea takes hold under the new rules, how, it is asked, are the defensive players going to bring their man down at all?

True, they will be able to sift through the interference in easier fashion than was formerly the case because the attacking side will not have its interference closely woven and locked. But the rule providing that the tackler must have one foot on the ground at the moment of tackling compels him to be within a foot or so of his objective man, and that means hard work, hard impact, and probable failure.

Along the same lines of thought the opinion was expressed by no less an authority than Walter Camp that the ends of the eleven which has just punted will not hesitate to tackle in the old way. For if they try to check their speed sufficiently to make a tackle under the new rule it is almost a certainty that the catcher of the kick will evade them and gather in a good deal more than the ten yards that are likely to be the penalty for an illegal tackle.

Therefore, it was said, these ends going down under a kick will likely be coached to tackle as of yore and take the penalty rather than give a good broken-field runner an opportunity to run the kicked ball back some twenty or thirty yards before being tackled illegally.

Another point which has been brought up against the proposed new tackling rule is that, if the ends do observe the regulation to the letter and the catcher of the kick gets away, he is extremely likely to be met head on by the heavy tackles coming down the field under full steam. The result of the impact of a defensive quarter back, like Bergen of Princeton last year in the Yale game, for instance, with Hobbs and Lilley of Yale, is quite too vivid to require much comment.

Bergen's broken ribs in that game were not the outcome of his being tackled so fiercely by Kilpatrick in the latter's hard, diving fashion, but of meeting the two big Blue tackles the few times Bergen did evade the Yale ends. And Hobbs and Lilley met him, with at least one foot of each on the ground at the moment of impact, some fifteen yards from the point where Kilpatrick or Vaughn or Savage had missed the little Orange and Black quarter.

Outside of this moot question of changing the tackling rules—and there will be no end to the discussion until the committee has really done its final work one way or the other—the forward pass across the line of scrimmage has come in for the greatest opposition and debate. It seems likely, at this time, that the pass will be permitted only in back of the attacking line of scrimmage, thereby enabling the defensive halfbacks to play up near the defensive tackles and assist them properly and adequately, a condition impossible when the forward pass is permitted across the line.

Perhaps the most concrete evidence that the forward pass as permited during the past five years is doomed has been given indirectly by A. A. Stagg, its most devout exponent, for the Rules Committee has said not a word about it. When he returned to Chicago from the recent Philadelphia meeting of the Rules Committee, Stagg, metaphorically speaking, threw up his hands and said the game was going to the bow-wows, or words to that effect.

This was taken to mean that the committee had banned the forward pass across the scrimmage line, and when asked specifically about it, Stagg made no denial that such was the case, although he would not say anything for publication one way or the other. Inasmuch as Stagg has not failed to hail the pass in season and out as the greatest thing in modern football, his negative silence and cast-down spirits led his interviewers to believe that he knew his pet play had seen its last days. Outside of Stagg and a few other Westerners, few of those concerned with the future of college football will regret the passing of the forward pass.

As matters now stand a sub-committee of three—consisting of Dr. Carl S. Williams of Pennsylvania, Crawford Blagden of Harvard, and E. K. Hall of Dartmouth, Secretary of the Rules Committee—will report to the whole committee on May 13, the result of its labors in codifying the eight changes in the rules said to be practically decided upon. These changes, of which the first six were adopted at the March 26 meeting, are:

(1) Seven men of the attacking eleven shall be on the line of scrimmage at all times.

(2) Abolition of the flying tackle.

(3) Removal of the five-yards-out-from-centre rule for quarter back runs.

(4) The onside kick to be legal must travel at least twenty yards beyond the line of scrimmage.

(5) Prohibition of pulling or pushing the runner or use of hands on team mates by members of the attacking eleven.

(6) Division of the two halves into four periods of fifteen minutes each.

(7) Eight yards to be gained in three tries.

(8) Prohibition of the forward pass across the line of scrimmage.

If this sub-committee, when it reports to the whole committee next Friday, is able to convince a majority of the fourteen members that these eight changes are desirable and that the sub-committee's wording of the changes are what they should be to produce a safer game, then it is likely that they will be incorporated into the code.

There is likely to be some further debate on the question of limiting the defense either to a zone the width of the attacking eleven's or else providing that the two lines, attacking and defensive, shall be not over ten yards wide.

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'JEFF' WANTS PAPKE TO INCREASE SPEED

Middleweight Asked to Join Sparring Partners After His Fight This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 8.—That Jeffries has begun to realize the need of more strenuous boxing than he has indulged in until last week is shown by the fact that he has asked Billy Papke to return to Rowardennan after his battle next Saturday and join his squad of sparring partners. Of course, Papke is sixty pounds lighter than Jeff and for that reason isn't nearly so valuable as he would be if he weighed 200 pounds, but his bulldog rushes furnish Jeff with the only adequate boxing exercise he has had. Choynski is too old to be of much use, but Papke is in his young prime and so long as there is nothing dependent on result Papke will wade in and fight.

All those who have seen Jeff perform during the last week unite in saying he needs boxing every day that will go close to real fighting. His punch is all right, but to land on so shifty a man as Johnson he must develop all the speed and science that he ever possessed in his best days. No one thinks he has yet developed that swiftness or skill he showed, for instance, in his fight here with Corbett, when he actually outpointed that master of boxing. He is undeniably slow in bringing over the wallop, and if put in the ring to-day with Johnson it is doubtful if he could lay a glove on the black champion.

Manager Sam Berger tried to induce his charge to hold to his original plan to spar in the afternoon, but Jeffries could not be persuaded. He gave, however, an ironclad promise that hereafter he will do his Sunday work regularly at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Jeffries went through his usual routine at his morning work-out in the gymnasium. He cut out the road work, but engaged in fast work at the punching bag. Two games of handball followed, with the usual allotment of rope skipping and shadow boxing.

Jack Gleason and Tex Rickard, promoters of the Jeffries-Johnson fight, were expected this morning, but neither appeared. It was thought they would go into conference with Berger on the referee question. The situation regarding the choice of the third man remains unchanged to-day, with Welch, Graney, and Smith still favorites.

JOHNSON BEGINS TRAINING.

Colored Fighter Will Start First Real Work To-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—Under orders from George Little, his manager, and at the suggestion of "Kid" Cotton, his sparring partner, Jack Johnson, champion heavyweight pugilist of the world, will begin training to-morrow. It will be the first real work that Johnson has undertaken since he has been on the coast, and although it will be training of the lightest order, it will mean that the big fellow at last is making a serious attempt to get into condition.

Johnson laughs at the idea that he must get busy with the weight machines, the medicine ball, and the four-round tilts with the human punching bags, to be in fit fettle to meet Jeffries. He says he can reach prime condition notch in three weeks, and local experts agree with him.

Johnson does not seem a bit concerned about the coming event, although he fully realizes he is about to engage in the supreme struggle of his career.

With George Little and a party of friends Johnson rode down the Peninsula highway in his machine to-day to the automobile races at San José.

Retired Merchant Dies in the Street.

After meeting his brother-in-law by appointment at 139th Street and Convent Avenue yesterday afternoon, Henry St. John, 65 years old, a retired merchant, was suddenly stricken with a fatal attack of heart disease. He died in a few minutes. He lived at 251 West Eighty-seventh Street.

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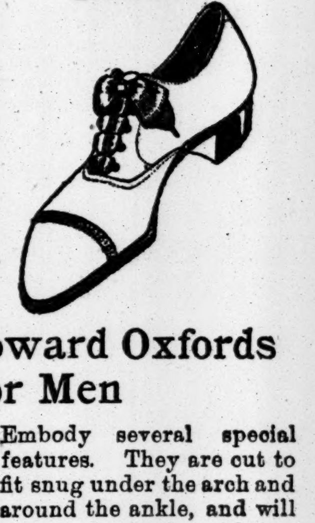

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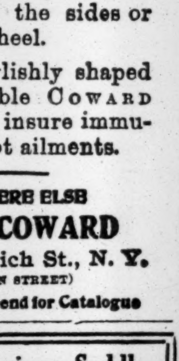

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LOCAL BOXING FOR THE WEEK

Promising Bouts Scheduled by All of the Principal Clubs.

To-night ushers in a week wherein there are to be an unusually good number of bouts in the local boxing clubs. Every indication points to greater attendances at these various organizations than in any six days since the present season began, and every club already reports heavy reservations.

"Young" Otto, who is noted for the terrific punch he carries in each hand, will box "Fighting" Dick Nelson, another hard-hitting lightweight, at the Olympic Athletic Club to-night. Across the river, the Marathon Athletic Club has carded Frank Picato of Los Angeles, whose first appearance in the East gave promise of a better career than has thus far been his portion, and Joe Bedell, a local lad.

Both boys have everything to win and everything to lose in to-night's affair, so a hard fight may be expected. If Picato loses it should mark the termination of his usefulness in this neighborhood. If Bedell is beaten he, too, will pass into the class of semi-final or preliminary fighters for a time at least.

Willie Beecher, one of the cleverest little lads around these parts, who has two victories over "Knockout" Brown and many other conquests to his credit, fights Boyo Driscoll, the nifty little Irishman, at the Fairmont Athletic Club to-morrow night. Each lad is a two-handed fighter with more than ordinary boxing ability, and the bout will be well worth traveling a good deal further than the Bronx to see.

Jim Flynn, "the Denver fireman," who has on repeated occasions stacked up against Sam Langford, will try to do things to Tony Ross of Lancaster at the Empire Athletic Club on Wednesday night. Ross has a long record of the hardest kind of fighting and ability to take punishment. Flynn, more eager than ever to show that he has real ring worth, has said he would put an end to Ross's pretentions.

The Sharkey Athletic Club will, on the same night, put Johhn Dwyer, the Perth Amboy fighter, and Tommy Maloney, an old west side favorite, in the ring in the main ten-round bout. Maloney recently defeated Joe Hyland and is going to try to climb still further up the lightweight ladder, via Dwyer.

Thursday night will see the entertainment of the Madison Athletic Club, all of whose bouts are refereed by Charley White. Johnny Coulon, well fortified in his claims to the bantamweight championship, fights Phil McGovern at the Second Avenue organization's home. Both lads will weigh in at 115 pounds ringside. McGovern is going to try to win back the championship to the family made famous by brother Terry. That augurs well for a fine evening's sport.

The National Sporting Club will, as usual, give an entertainment on Friday night, and Leach Cross is slated to try out the capabilities of Matty Baldwin of Boston. Baldwin carries mighty dangerous wallops in his two hands and Cross knows it. But Baldwin likewise is aware that Cross will not be idle all this time and that he may well expect to stop some of the former east sider's lightning-like jabs and hooks when he least looks for it and where he least wants them.

On Saturday night the Lehigh Athletic Club will hold forth, and thereby complete a week of high-calibre bouts.

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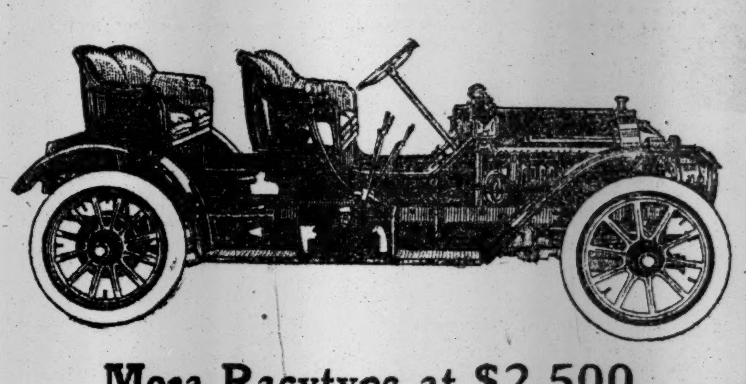
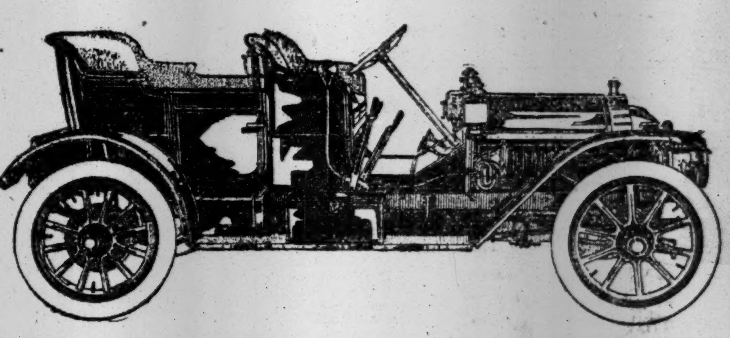
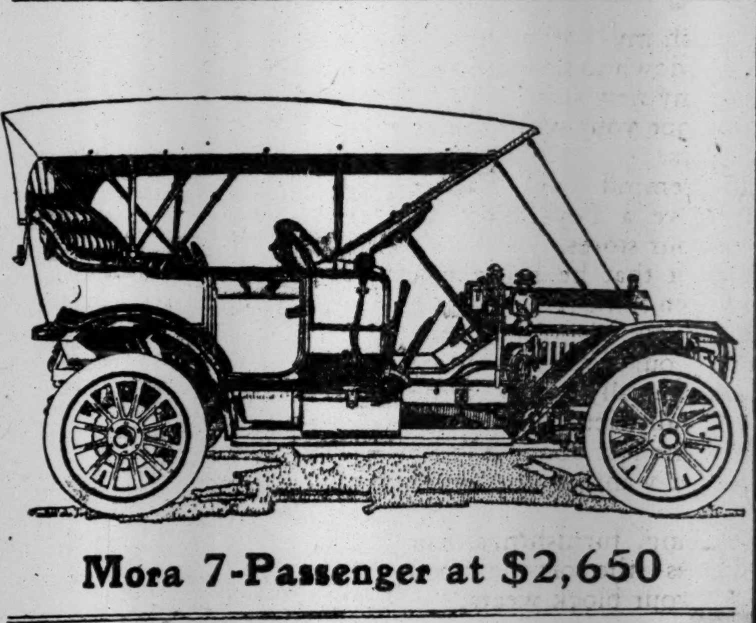


Mora Racytype at $2,500



Mora Tourer at $2,500



Mora 7-Passenger at $2,650

No additional amount of money could be used to add to the Strenuous Reliability or Mechanically Right Features of a Mora. Since you cannot buy better, why pay more? Will you talk with us—that we may talk with you?

Mora Motor Car Company,
Broadway and 52d Street, New York City.
Licensed under Selden Patent.

HOME RUN WINS FOR PITTSBURG

Defeat of Chicago Sends New York Back to Second Place—Kling in the Game.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Flynn's home run with two men on bases shortly after Brown relieved Cole in the eighth gave Pittsburg a 7 to 4 victory over Chicago to-day. Cole pitched well until the eighth, when he wavered, and Pittsburg made five runs before Brown retired the side. The locals batted Camnitz off the rubber in the fourth. Kling caught his first game since the World's series of 1908. Score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	5	0	0	2	0	Evers, 2b	3	0	1	3	1
Leach, cf	5	2	3	2	0	Sh'kard, lf	4	1	2	3	0
Clarke, lf	3	1	1	1	0	Schulte, rf	5	1	1	0	0
Wagner, ss	3	1	0	6	4	Luderus, 1b	4	0	1	8	1
Miller, 2b	4	1	1	1	3	St'nf'dt, 3b	3	1	1	1	1
Flynn, 1b	2	1	1	9	1	B'mont, cf	4	1	1	1	1
Wilson, rf	3	0	0	3	0	Tinker, ss	3	0	1	3	4
Gibson, c	3	1	0	2	4	Kling, c	3	0	0	8	0
Camnitz, p	2	0	0	0	3	Cole, p	3	0	1	0	2
Moore, p	2	0	0	1	2	Brown, p	0	0	0	0	1
						*Zim'man	1	0	0	0	0
						†Archer	1	0	1	0	0
Total	32	7	6	27	17	Total	34	4	10	27	11

*Batted for Brown in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Sheckard in the ninth inning.

Errors—Schulte, Steinfeldt, Wagner, Flynn.

Pittsburg ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 5 0—7
Chicago ....0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Leach, Clarke. Three-base hit—Schulte. Home run—Flynn. Hits—Off Camnitz, 6 in 3 2-3 innings; off Moore, 4 in 5 1-3 innings; off Cole, 4 in 7 innings, with none out in the eighth; off Brown, 2 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hit—Wilson. Sacrifice fly—Tinker. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Pittsburg, 5. Bases on balls—Off Cole, 6; off Camnitz, 3; off Moore, 1. Struck out—By Cole, 6; by Borwn, 1; by Moore, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Reds Shut Out St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—Cincinnati made four hits off Backman this afternoon, and by bunching in the third and seventh innings scored four runs. The final tally was Cincinnati 5 to St. Louis's 0. Rieger relieved Backman in the ninth. Suggs kept the hits well scattered. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf	5	0	1	2	0	Huggins, 2b	3	0	2	2	3
Miller, rf	4	0	0	0	0	Ellis, lf	4	0	1	2	0
H'blitz'l, 1b	4	0	0	13	0	Oakes, cf	4	0	0	2	0
Mitchell, cf	4	0	0	1	1	Kon'hy, 1b	4	0	1	16	1
Egan, 2b	4	2	2	1	5	Evans, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Downey, ss	2	1	0	4	5	Phelps, c	4	0	2	2	1
McLean, c	4	0	2	6	0	Hauser, ss	3	0	0	0	5
Lobert, 3b	2	1	1	0	3	Mowrey, 3b	3	0	1	2	3
Suggs, p	3	1	0	0	2	Backm'n, p	1	0	0	0	2
						Rieger, p	0	0	0	0	2
						*O'Hara	1	0	0	0	0
						†Hulswitt	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	6	27	16	Total	32	0	8	27	17

*Batted for Backman in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Haused in theninth inning.

Errors—Ellis, (2,) Mowrey, Hoblitzell.

Cincinnati ....0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 1—5
St. Louis...............0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Phelps, Egan. Sacrifice hits—Huggins, Lobert, Downey. Double play—Egan and Hoblitzell. Stolen base—Hoblitzell. Hit by Pitched ball—By Suggs, (S. Backman.) Bases on balls—Off Backman, 2; off Rieger, 1. Struck out—By Suggs, 4; by Backman, 1. Hits—Off Backman, 4 in 8 innings; off Rieger, 2 in 1 inning. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Cincinnati, 6. Time of game—One hour and forty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Brennan.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland Shuts Out Chicago in an Errorless Game.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Cleveland defeated Chicago to-day 2 to 0. A base on balls, followed by two singles and a sacrifice, gave the visitors their runs in the opening inning. Smith tightened up thereafter and allowed only one more hit. Falkenberg also was in fine form and kept the locals' hits well scattered. Krueger spoiled Chicago's chance of scoring in the seventh inning by making a sensational running catch of Payne's drive to left field. Score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, cf	3	0	0	0	0	Zeider, 2b	4	0	1	1	1
Kr'ger, lf	3	1	0	1	0	Collins, rf	2	0	0	0	0
Turner, ss	3	1	1	1	4	*Block	1	0	0	0	0
Lajoie, 2b	3	0	1	2	1	Parent, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Stovall, 1b	3	0	0	13	0	Gandil, 1b	3	0	1	16	0
Clarke, c	4	0	0	6	0	Bar'ws, lf	4	0	0	0	0
Lord, rf	3	0	0	2	0	Cole, cf	4	0	1	1	0
B'dley, 3b	3	0	0	2	4	Purtell, 3b	3	0	1	1	3
Falk'g, p	3	0	1	0	6	Tan'hill, ss	4	0	0	2	7
						Payne, c	3	0	0	5	1
						Smith, p	1	0	0	0	4
Total	28	2	3	27	15	Total	29	0	4	27	16

*Batted for Collins in the eighth inning.

Cleveland ....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Sacrifice hits—Stovall, Lajoie, Purtell. Stolen base—Gandil. Double play—Turner and Stovall. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 4. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 3; off Falkenberg, 4. Struck out—By Smith, 3; by Falkenberg, 6. Time of game—One hour and forty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Sheridan and Kerin.

Detroit Wins Featureless Game.

DETROIT, Mich., May 8.—Detroit won rather a featureless game from St. Louis, bunching hits off Graham in the second, a muffed fly by Schweitzer helping them, and making a couple of passes, a single, and some base running count against Bailey in the seventh. Pernell was hit hard in the fifth and sixth, but escaped much scoring. Bush's batting was about the only thing that relieved the monotony. Score:

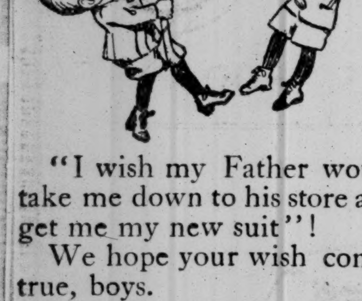
DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
D.Jones, lf	4	0	1	1	0	Fisher, lf	5	0	0	4	0
Bush, ss	3	1	3	3	2	H'fman, cf	5	0	1	2	0
Cobb, rf	2	1	1	2	0	Wallace, 3b	3	1	2	3	3
Crawf'd, cf	3	0	2	1	0	Griggs, 2b	3	0	0	2	3
Del'h'ty, 2b	3	1	0	4	3	Criss, 1b	4	0	2	5	0
Mor'ty, 3b	3	0	2	1	4	Schw'zer, rf	3	1	1	1	1
T.Jones, 1b	4	1	1	10	0	H'tzel, ss	4	0	1	4	4
Stanage, c	2	0	1	5	3	Killifer, c	4	0	1	3	5
Pernell, p	3	1	0	0	4	Graham, p	1	0	1	0	0
						Bailey, p	1	0	0	0	1
						*Abstein	1	0	0	0	0
						†Stone	1	0	1	0	0
Total	27	6	10	27	16	Total	35	2	10	24	17

*Batted for Graham in fifth inning.
†Batted for Bailey in ninth inning.

Errors—Moriarty, (2,) Schweitzer, Hartzel, Bailey.

Detroit ....0 3 1 0 0 0 2 0 .—6
St. Louis.............0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Moriarty, Criss, Stone. Three-base hit—Cobb. Hits—Off Graham, 6 in four innings; off Bailey, 4 in four innings. Sacrifice flies—Crawford, Stanage. Stolen bases—Bush, T. Jones, Pernell. Double plays—Moriarty, Delehanty and T. Jones; Hartzel, Griggs and Criss. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; St. Louis, 9. First base on balls—Off Pernell, 3; off Graham, 1; off Bailey, 4. First base on errors—Detroit, 2; St. Louis, 2. Struck out—By Pernell, 4; by Graham 1. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Perrine.



"I wish my Father would take me down to his store and get me my new suit"!

We hope your wish comes true, boys.

Just remind your Father that we've a Boys' Store in each of our stores.

Suggest that he bring you downtown some morning and stop off on his way to the office — our Warren street store is specially handy to the financial district.

No time lost about finding what you want—everything's here.

Clothing, furnishings, hats and shoes—the sort the nicest boy on your block wears.

Our men's chamois gloves at $1. give lots of men the glad hand.

Our own importation.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores
at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

BASEBALL SUMMARY.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League.

Pittsburg ....7 Cincinnati 5
Chicago ....4 St. Louis.........0

American League.

Detroit ....6 Cleveland 2
St. Louis.........2 Chicago 0

Eastern League.

Toronto at Jersey City—Rain.
Buffalo at Newark—Wet grounds.
Montreal at Providence—Rain.

WHERE THEY WILL PLAY TO-DAY.

National League.

New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Pittsburg.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at St. Louis.

American League.

New York at Boston.
Washington at Philadelphia.

Eastern League.

Jersey City at Montreal.
Newark at Rochester.
Providence at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Toronto.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	11	4	.733	Cincinnati	7	7	.500
New York	13	5	.722	Boston	6	10	.375
Phila'phia	9	6	.600	Brooklyn	6	13	.315
Chicago	8	8	.500	St. Louis	5	12	.294

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Phila'phia	11	4	.733	Chicago	7	9	.438
Cleveland	12	6	.667	Boston	7	10	.412
New York	9	5	.643	Washington	6	14	.300
Detroit	12	7	.632	St. Louis	3	12	.200

Eastern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	13	2	.867	Toronto	7	8	.467
Buffalo	8	6	.571	Rochester	6	8	.429
Providence	8	6	.571	Jersey City	4	9	.307
Baltimore	8	8	.500	Montreal	4	11	.267

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

State League.

At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 10; Elmira, 3.
At Scranton—Scranton, 8; Binghamton, 5.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 6; Utica, 1.
At Albany—Albany, 6; Troy, 2.

American Association.

At Minneapolis—Columbus, 1; Minneapolis, 5.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 1; Louisville, 3.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 1; Toledo, 3.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Indianapolis, 10.

EXPECT HARVARD TO WIN.

Yale Looks for Defeat in Dual Games by Close Score.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 8.—Yale track men expect Harvard to win the dual meet with Harvard in Cambridge Saturday by about 56 points to 48. Yale has failed to develop a sprinter, and Harvard is expected to win both the short-distance runs. Wheeler, the novice who scored in the 100 yards against Princeton Saturday, should take second place in the 100-yard dash, and Seymour, if his injured leg allows, should get second in the 220 yards. L. Kirjassoff is now counted strong enough for second place in the quarter-mile. Miles should take second in the mile event and Southgate second in the two miles.

Chisholm of Yale will do well to capture second in both the hurdles at Harvard, in the face of the fine showing made Saturday by Gardner and Lewis. No other Yale timber topper can hope to score. Yale will show her strength in the field events. Capt. Nelson and Gardner are almost sure of first and second in the pole vault, and Johnny Kilpatrick, the football star, should win the shot put. Cooney and Andrus are likely to capture the hammer throw first and third places. Kilpatrick is listed for second place in the broad jump, and Canfield to win the high jump with a leap of about 6 feet.

COLUMBIA ENTERS CREW.

Freshman Eight to Compete in A. R. A. Regatta.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—Definite announcement has come from the Columbia University rowing authorities that their freshman eight will compete in the American Rowing Association regatta to be held here May 21. This will be the first time Columbia has ever had a crew in this regatta, although the college is represented on the Board of Stewards. If possible, the New Yorkers will send a junior eight to row for the New England Cup.

Because of the excellent rowing weather here and elsewhere the Stewards are looking for an unusually large representation from the various non-collegiate clubs of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, and Washington. Among the latest of the club entries is one from the Union Boat Club of Boston, which contains many former Harvard oarsmen. The Union Club expects to send down two crews.

Slow Track for Kentucky Derby.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 8.—Although an all-day downpour to-day soaked the Churchill Downs track at least ten horses will face the starter for the thirty-sixth running of the Kentucky Derby. Discounting possible showers between now and the time the horses go to the post it seems the track will not be at its fastest, but the field will be the largest to start in the event for more than ten years. The revival of the custom of admitting the public free into the "field," or oval inclosed by the track probably will bring out a record-breaking crowd.

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; six furlongs.

	Pounds.		Pounds.
Follie Levy	107	Richard Reed	113
Bob R.	98	John A. Munro	113
Danfield	105	Dandy Dixon	115
*Jeanne d'Arc	114	Queen Marguerite	114
Rose Queen	118	*Horicon	98

SECOND RACE.—Handicap, purse, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

King James	128	Dinna Ken	107
Maskette	124	Guy Fisher	110
Prince Gal	107	Zienap	90
Also eligible—			
Montgomery	99	Hilarious	122
Fayette	116	Sweep	107
Firestone	120	Magazine	106
Woodcraft	106		

THIRD RACE.—Purse, for two-year-olds, selling allowances; five furlongs.

Ringmaster	106	*Freckle	94
Sheriff Bradley	106	Miss Nett	99
*War Jig	107	*White Wool	107
*Pennyroyal	97		

FOURTH RACE.—The Columbus Stakes of $1,000, for three-year-olds, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

*Agnier	91	Sepulveda	101
*Pretend	106	Loco	106
Eddie Dugan	107		

FIFTH RACE.—Purse, for two-year-olds, non-winners of more than one race in 1910, special weights, with allowances; five furlongs.

Amalfi	102	Dunc Campbell	109
Edda	106	Zeus	108
Ortson	102	White Wool	103

SIXTH RACE.—Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, non-winners of more than one race in 1910, selling allowances; seven furlongs.

Falcada	111	*Our Hannah	88
Blundara	99	*Cunning	108
Bob R.	98	*Killiekrankie	104
*Imitator	104	*Black Mate	112
Golden Flora	99	Bryce	110
*Tony Bonero	113	Golden Shore	111
Montgomery	114	Cohort	111
Woodcraft	111		

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

FORTY AUTOS WILL START IN CONTEST

Reliability Contest from New York to Atlantic City and Return Starts To-morrow.

More than 40 automobiles and fully 150 persons will participate in the reliability contest of the Motor Contest Association from New York to Atlantic City and return, which starts from Broadway and Fifty-seventh Street at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow morning. Of the forty or more cars thirty-four are contesting machines and the others are official cars. In all the entry list is the most representative of any touring competition that ever started in New York, excepting only the A. A. A. National tour.

The contestants will meet to-night in the rooms of the Motor Contest Association to receive final instructions from Referee Allan H. Whiting and the other officials. In the morning they will assemble on upper Broadway and cross the Twenty-third Street Ferry to Jersey City to check out from the official starting point at the monument in Washington Square.

Raymond Beck, manager of the Automobile Club of America Bureau of Tours, will pilot the tourists. Mr. Ireland will set the pace in a big Lozier car, and after the technical examinations have been completed the committee will make the trip. The checkers, who must make a very fast run, will ride in a speedy racer which competed in the Vanderbilt and Riverhead races. The entries are as follows:

CLASS 1A—Cars Selling at $800 and Under.
(Car, Entrant, and Driver.)
Hupmobile—F. L. C. Martin Auto Company—E. D. Cutting.
Hupmobile—F. L. C. Martin Auto Company—R. E. Gillam.

CLASS 3A—Cars Sellings $1,201 to $1,600.
Cole "Thirty"—Colt-Stratton Company—F. Warmington.
Regal—Regal-Detroit Auto Company.
Overland—Essex County Overland Company—William F. Bradley.
Maxwell—L. M. Bradley—L. M. Bradley.
Buick—Buick Motor Company—W. C. Davenport.
Maxwell—J. M. Mason.

CLASS 4A—Cars Selling $1,601 to $2,000.
Pierce-Racine—G. M. Merrill—Lewis Strang.
Auburn—La Due & Carmer—Herbert F. Earle.
Franklin—Franklin Auto Company—Paul Harvey.
Chalmers—C. H. Page & Co—Joseph Bell.
Koehler—Dr. Alexander Dallas—J. J. Bryer.
Buick—Buick Motor Company—Phil Hines.
Marion—Charles E. Riess.
Cadillac—Detroit-Cadillac Company—N. L. Lichtenberg.
Cadillac—Charles M. Welsh—L. R. Burne.
Midland—Midland N. Y. Company—Leo Anderson.
Maxwell—Maxwell-Briscoe Company.

CLASS 5A—Cars Selling $2,001 to $3,000.
Stoddard-Dayton—Atlantic M. C. Company—R. Newton.
National—Poertner Motor Car Company—W. C. Poertner.
Croxton-Keeton—Croxton-Keeton M. C. Company—William C. Spenny.
Mitchell—Mitchell Motor Car Company—O. R. Delamater.
Glide—W. H. Foltz—W. H. Foltz.
Mora—Mora Motor Car Company—Charles Hinman.
Mercer—Floy & Clark—H. S. Clark.

CLASS 6A—Cars Selling $3,001 to $4,000.
Franklin—Franklin Auto Company—Charles F. Fox.
Welch-Detroit—Buick Motor Company—Robert M. Flagg.
Matheson—Matheson Auto Company—Neil Whalen.
Haynes—Walter Shuttleworth—Walter Shuttleworth.
American—Eugene Christian—E. A. Cryne.

CLASS 7A—Cars Selling $4,001 and Over.
Zust—Thomas J. Gerehart—Joseph Kingsland.
Zust—American Zust Motor Company—V. P. Pisani.
Stearns—Edgar Gibbs Murphy.

DRIVERS BEGIN PRACTICE.

Many Cars Tried Out for 24-Hour Race at Brighton Beach.

Practice for the twenty-four-hour free-for-all automobile race on the Brighton Beach motordrome Friday and Saturday began in earnest Saturday, when half of the entered cars were tried out over the speedway. Most of the drivers were again at the course yesterday, either in cars thy will drive in the big race or in practice cars.

Cyrus Patschke, who drove the Lozier car that won the last twenty-four-hour race at the Beach last year, and who will drive a Stearns car in the next race, declared that the course is several seconds faster to the mile than ever before. In a practice run on Saturday Patschke and Frank Dearborn drove ten miles at a speed of fifty-five miles throughout.

George Robertson, the winner of one of the most sensational twenty-four-hour races on record, was to have been at the motordrome Saturday, but was confined to his house by a slight indisposition. He expects to have his racer on the track today. Among the other drivers in practice were C. H. Lund in the Croxton-Keeton, George Mack in the Selden, E. H. Parker in the Fiat, Montague Roberts in the Houpt-Rockwell, and W. Endicott in the Cole.

Glidden Pathfinder Makes Progress.

Special to The New York Times.

MARYSVILLE, Mo., May 8.—For the first time in four days the members of the Glidden tour pathfinding party saw the sun today. Leaving St. Joseph late this morning the Chalmers 30 plowed through mud, which grew stickier as it dried. Repeatedly the pathfinder and its escort stopped while masses of clay were shoveled off wheels and running boards. To-morrow an early start will be made for Omaha, and every effort will be made to reach that point before dark.

$100,000 FOR SHOOTING.

Bill Pending in Congress Granting This Amount for Schoolboys.

Rifle shooting among the schoolboys of the country is rapidly increasing in popularity. The President has declared his belief that training the schoolboys in markmanship is a sound principle for national defense, and the Secretary of War in his last report said:

> The encouragement of rifle practice among our citizens and schoolboys is of the greatest importance in this country, where preparedness for war is largely based on the employment of an army of volunteers, and wisely framed laws will give a healthy stimulus to this branch of military preparation.

A bill is now pending in Congress carrying an appropriation of $100,000 and a free issue of rifles and ammunition to carry on this movement on a broad and national basis. The bill has passed the Senate and is now pending in the Committee of Military Affairs of the House.

Sporting Briefs of Interest.

Entries for the annual games of the Brooklyn Athletic Club to be held on Decoration Day at the club grounds, Washington Park, Grand Street, Maspeth, are being received in encouraging numbers, and the meet promises to be one of the most successful ever held by the club. Several athletes of prominence are among the entrants. The events are 100, 300, 880 yards, and three-mile handicaps, and 75 and 600-yard novices. Entries close with Dieges & Clust, 23 John Street.

Alfred De Oro, who is matched to play Thomas Hueston for the three-cushion championship, will play S. Adams at Doyle's new academy on Forty-second Street this afternoon and to-night. James Blair will oppose him. A three-nights' match between Harry Cline, the 18.2 champion, and John Daly, has been arranged for the latter half of the week.

Boyd Driscoll will not leave Lakewood, where he is training for his ten-round go with Willie Beecher, until to-morrow morning. He will do his final boxing with Jem Driscoll in the Fairmount Athletic Club in the afternoon. Beecher will enter the ring at about 121 pounds, and Driscoll will weigh about the same.

Earl Browne of the Jimmy Valentine company was the lucky holder of a numbered ticket in a recent drawing which entitles him to see the Jeffries-Johnson fight without cost to himself for transportation to and from San Francisco and admission to the arena.

The schedule of Spring events of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association is: May 19, one-day tournament at Richmond County Country Club; one-day tournament at Plainfield Country Club, May 31, June 3, metropolitan championship at Montclair Golf Club; June 6, 7, intercity team matches at Huntington Valley Country Club; June 8-11, Women's Eastern Golf Association championship at Huntington Valley Country Club.

The games of the Monument Athletic Club, which were to have been held at Celtic Park yesterday, were postponed on account of the rain. Announcement will be made shortly when the games will take place.

WOMEN'S GOLF TITLE.

Conditions Announced for Annual Championship at Montclair.

Conditions have been announced for the annual championship tournament of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association, to be held over the links of the Montclair Golf Club, May 31, June 1, 2, and 3. There will be an eighteen-hole medal play testing round to start the tournament, and those with the best eight scores will qualify to continue for the title. Provision has likewise been made for second, third, and fourth eights.

All match play will consist of eighteen holes, and the rounds will be played in the forenoon. The first championship round is carded for 10:30 on June 1, while the other divisions will be got under way at 11 o'clock. There will be a nine-hole putting competition in the afternoon. At 10:30 on the morning of June 2 the semi-final round will be started in the championship division, and this will be followed half an hour later by the semi-final round matches in the other sets. An eighteen-hole medal play handicap is the side attraction scheduled for 2 o'clock that afternoon. On June 3, the last day, final round matches in the championship and other classes will be run off on the same schedule as on the previous day, while the tournament will be brought to a close at 1 o'clock with a mixed foursome handicap.

Entries will close with Mrs. E. F. Sanford, the Secretary, 317 West Ninety-third Street, New York City, Saturday evening, May 28, and all entries must be made through the Secretaries of the players' clubs. One of the rules of this association is that no competitor may use caddies other than those supplied by the club; also, that such caddies shall not be more than 16 years of age. The course will be open to contestants the week previous to the tournament.

The schedule of Spring events under the auspices of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association has been issued. In addition to the dates for the championship tournament of the association, the card also calls attention to one-day attractions that will be held at several of the nearby clubs. The first of these will take place at the Richmond County Country Club on May 19. The women will also gather at the Plainfield Country Club some time this month, but the exact date has yet to be fixed.

Jerome D. Travers, the Montclair amateur, who displayed much of his old-time form at Garden City last week, has entered for the invitation tournament at the Fox Hills Golf Club this Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. G. W. White, the youngster, who gave Travers such a hard match earlier in the round, has also entered, while Walter J. Travis will run down for the handicap on Saturday. As additional traps have been put in this Spring, the Staten Island course will be a greater test than ever.

The interscholastic championship tournament to begin to-day over the links of the Huntingdon Valley Country Club near Philadelphia, calls for an eighteen-hole qualifying round this morning, and coincident with this will be the team matches to determine the team championship of the East. Each school will enter four men, and the total score will count. The top sixteen will qualify to continue on at match play, and the final round on Wednesday will consist of thirty-six holes. The schoolboys will also hold a meeting to-day for the purpose of effecting permanent organization of an Eastern interscholastic body.

George Sargent, the National open champion, has been doing some great scoring in recent practice rounds at Chevy Chase. Not long since in a match with Robert McWatt, the "pro." connected with the Columbia Golf Club, Sargent broke the course record, doing the Chevy Chase circuit in 69. The card contained no less than nine threes. Starting with the eighth hole he had four in a row. The eighth hole is 466 yards. Sargent, who is determined to be at his best when he defends his title at the Philadelphia Cricket Club in June, visits that course every Monday for a day's practice. His record round at Chevy Chase was as follows:

Out—4 3 3 3 6 3 5 3 3—34.
In— 3 3 5 5 3 5 3 4 4—35—69

THE MALLET PUTTER DOOMED

American Golfers Disposed to Give Up the New Club.

The recent abolition of the mallet putter by the Royal and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews, the oldest golf club in the world, has brought forth a considerable discussion of the question on both sides of the Atlantic. The mallet putter, and in fact many of the freak clubs which have come into the game of golf during the past few years, and which tend to make radical departures from the old style, are for the most part American innovations, and the action by the Rules of Golf Committee is taken by some as a direct slap at the golfers on this side of the water.

However that may be, the fact remains that the action has international bearing. Both American amateurs and professionals have been in the habit of taking trips to the other side and testing their mettle against the foreign experts, and with the old "L"-shaped putter, the only one that can be used on the British or Scottish courses, the Americans will find themselves at a great handicap when forced to abandon their favorite club on the putting green to take up the old style. Some, of course, have never given the mallet putter a place in their bag, but there are many with whom it is popular, and it is possible that it will affect international play, for the American will hardly feel that he can afford to change clubs in accordance with the British standard.

Then, too, there is a chance that the golfers in the United States may feel in duty bound to follow the rule which the St. Andrews Club has put forth and pass a similar rule for this country, so that the playing rules may be more nearly alike. There is undoubtedly a sentiment among many followers of the game in this country that the mallet putter and clubs of a similar nature are too radical departures from the ancient game, and by them the rule of the Britishers is looked upon with favor.

Undoubtedly in the past few years freak clubs for all work have been the order rather than the exception. Putters of every nature have been thrust upon the market until now there are many which make the play on the putting green more of a croquet match than otherwise. The swing savors decidedly of the croquet style.

Whether the mallet putter really makes the putting on the green easier or not is much of a question, with strong sentiment arrayed on both sides. At any rate, those who use the mallet must get better results with it than with the original type, and the ban on the American club will undoubedly affect the play of many British players.

PUBLIC NOVICE LINKS.

Golfers on Park Courses Advocate Separate Place for the Learners.

During the past two years there has been a considerable amount of complaint over the poor condition of the Van Cortlandt and Pelham Bay Park courses by golfers who frequent the public links of the city, and remedies galore have been placed before those in charge of the links, some of which were good and others decidedly bad. One point on which every one is apparently agreed, however, is that the novice golfer, with no knowledge of the rules of the game and no ability to execute a stroke, is one of the chief menaces to a good course. As a rule he never thinks of replacing sod that he may dig up with his irons, and this is enough to ruin any fair green.

The one remedy which has been talked of with greatest favor by those best fitted to judge is that the two courses named, and particularly the one at Van Cortlandt, should not be opened to any one who is not able to make a creditable score for a round of the course. This would eliminate the so-called "dub" and go a long way toward keeping the course in condition.

Of course the novice will object to such a feature, and so that he may have the benefit of golf and learn the game it has been suggested that the city open a short nine-hole course somewhere at Van Cortlandt which would be for the use of novices only, and where they could not interfere with those who really understand the game.

Such a plan has been placed before Commissioners Higgins of the Bronx parks, and he has looked into its merits and demerits, and not long ago stated that he thought it would be a good idea to have a novice course. Whether the city will allow the building of another golf course, however, is a question, but there can be no doubt that it would pay in the end through eliminating part of the expense of keeping the present eighteen-hole course in condition.

NEW MOTOR BOAT GOVERNING BODY

A Growing Desire to Have Control of the Sport on a Firmer Basis.

There is a possibility that the Motor Boat Club of America will before the end of another year have a home of its own on Long Island Sound. A movement to that end has been inaugurated since Commodore Melville assumed office a few weeks ago, and, with the membership of the organization showing a steady growth at the present time, it is hoped to accomplish the construction of a home for the club that will give it ample opportunity properly to foster the sport of power boating.

It was the lack of a home and a rather heavy indebtedness, from which the club at the moment saw no way to free itself, that caused the agreement to be signed between the Motor Boat Club and the Automobile Club whereby the former became the power boat section of the latter and the former's members clubhouse members of the Automobile Club.

With the movement now well under way to establish strong lines of demarkation between the amateur and the professional in motor boat racing, the Motor Boat Club of America would, with an adequate home of its own, be able to act, perhaps, as the governing body that would be necessary under such conditions in the sport.

At the present time only the American Power Boat Association, with an organization well entrenched and growing constantly stronger, and the Automobile Club of America are in any sort of shape to take things up and propagate along that line. With the Motor Boat Club a truly national association, it might be able to help carry the very much needed reform in motor boat racing to fulfillment.

Dr. J. M. Gibbons, who is a prominent member of the Thousand Islands Yacht Club, an organization which permits only amateur racing by its members, and that under the strictest regard for the true meaning of the term, said last week that it was only by drawing the line strongly between the amateur and the professional—that is, between those who raced for trophies and those who raced for cash—that the sport of motor boating could be kept alive and thriving.

It is his idea, and he is well supported in his contention by many enthusiasts and prominent devotees of the game, that two sections should be established in some parent organization, one section for amateurs and the other for professionals and the trade. As to whether this parent body shall be the American Power Boat Association, the Automobile Club of America, or the Motor Boat Club of America as a national organization, it did not in the minds of those interested make any material difference.

Dr. Gibbons said that the fundamental idea of such a division was to protect the interests of both classes. He did not in any way criticise the professional or those engaged in designing or manufacturing power craft or engines. But he based his opinions on almost identically those ideals of clean, wholesome sport which led to the formation of the Amateur Athletic Union, ruling with an iron hand but a just one.

"Throughout Europe the sport of motor boating is fast going into desuetude," he said. "And why? Because none but cash prizes are raced for and those who go after them are in the game solely to exploit their wares. Such a condition must make for decadence, regardless of what sport develops from the situation. They are experiencing more and more trouble abroad every year to get suitable or sufficient entries to make their races even noteworthy, let alone notable.

"As proof of this one need only take up any narrative of the annual meeting at Monaco. No amateurs compete there any more, nor will they until a solution has been effected of this vexed problem of amateur and professional racing.

"So far as power boat racing in the United States is concerned," Dr. Gibbons added, "I do not believe there is a section of the country where it has had such a successful growth and so enthusiastic a maintenance as on the St. Lawrence. This Summer, for instance, we shall have at least six and maybe eight craft among the forty-footers capable of over thirty miles an hour."

INTRUDER GOES OVER TO-DAY.

F. K. Burnham's New Motor Boat Guaranteed for 36 Miles an Hour.

Owing to a slight mishap just as the time came for her launching, Frederick K. Burnham's new racing 40-foot motor boat Intruder was not sent over on Saturday, as it had been expected she would be. Intruder will be launched to-day at Jacob's City Island yards.

Mr. Burnham will christen the new flier, which is guaranteed by her designer, Henry Gielow, to have a speed of thirty-six miles an hour, when she goes over to-day. Mr. Burnham will have as his guests many porminent in the sport of power boat racing, including members of the Thousand Islands Yacht Club, New York Motor Boat Club, and the Motor Boat Club of America, to all of which he belongs, and of the last of which he is Vice Commodore.

Intruder will, after a few days' tryout in waters adjacent to City Island, be shipped by freight to the St. Lawrence, where, with Dixie II., Mr. Burnham's other racer, she will be put through her paces preparatory to the races in which her owner has entered her.

Among these are contests at Peoria Lake, Cincinnati; in the three-days' series for the Gold Challenge Cup of the American Power Boat Association, now held by the Thousand Islands Yacht Club, and in the elimination trials at Huntington Harbor on Aug. 15, 16, and 17, to choose a team of three defenders for the British International Cup.

YACHTS AND YACHTSMEN.

The fifty-six-foot yawl Petrel, owned by H. Van Rensselaer Kennnedy of the New York Yacht Club, is now hauled out at Lawley's Boston yards for painting, and is expected to be ready for service within the next fortnight. Petrel has not been in commission for the past two years.

David Fenton of Manchester, Mass., is building a fifteen-foot power tender for Louis L. Alberger of New York, which will be used by him this Summer on Long Island Sound. Mr. Alberger ordered the tender for his fifty-foot Polaris.

The seventy-four foot schooner yacht Cygnet, owned by Frederick Gallatin, Jr., has been sold by him to F. F. Carey. Cygnet will be put in commission at a very early date and will, under her new ownership, participate in the New York Yacht Club cruise.

The report that Harold Binney of New York had purchased the seventy-four-foot schooner Loyal from Henry N. Richards was incorrect. Mr. Richards states that he has no intention of selling Loyal under any consideration.

L. E. Raymond of New York has had his new steam yacht Machigonne I., which he recently purchased from former Gov. William L. Douglas of Massachusetts, hauled out at Quincy, Mass., for painting. It is believed that this work will be finished in time to permit of Machigonne I. leaving for this city at the end of this week.

The new bark-rigged auxiliary Aloha II., flagship of Commodore Arthur Curtiss James of the New York Yacht Club, launched at Quincy a few weeks ago, has been given the international code letters L B K S, and her official number is 207,367. She is 659 tons gross and 323 tons net. Aloha II. will be hauled out for painting at a Boston yard next Thursday.

Massachusetts, the Seawanhaka Cup defender now nearing completion at David Fenton's yards at Manchester, Mass., will be launched on Memorial Day. The craft has every indication of speed, and is apparently well able to withstand any strain that may be put on her. She is 25 feet on the water line and 40 feet over all, with a beam of 8 feet inches, and, with her bilge boards down, will draw 4 feet. She will have two rudders and will spread 650 feet of canvas. There is a long and very roomy cockpit of mahogany. A special feature is the oak trussing, which will make her very stiff, and the ribs, which are spaced six inches, are also of oak.

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MATHESON Matheson Automobile Co., 1,886-1,888 Broadway. Tel. 4458 Col.
MOON Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6095 Col.
NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,922 B'way. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
OAKLAND 30 H. P. $1,000; 40 H. P. $1,700. 1,753 Broadway. Tel. 3477 Col.
PULLMAN [illegible] 1,855 Broadway. Telephone 3772 Columbus.
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STEVENS-DURYEA G. G. Spalding Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 433 Bryant.
WHITE White Co., B'way & 62d St.
ZUST 30 H. P. $3,900; "Chain or Shaft." American Zust Co., 1,980 B'way. 'Phone Col. 4289.

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For Sale.—1910 Chalmers-Detroit "40," seven-passenger, fully equipped; delivered last week; owner going Europe. Address Chalmers 40, care Times.

CORBIN Touring Car, cape top, Presto, Warner speedometer, tire holders, magneto; thoroughly overhauled and in splendid condition; run less than 10,000 miles by present owner; replaced by purchase of 1910 Corbin; thoroughly reliable; no dealers; will sell cheap for cash; ample demonstration. E. C. Hill, 44 East 23d St., New York. 'Phone, 4761—Gramercy.

Anglo-American Auto Tire Co.—We have moved to 334 Amsterdam Av., and in order to introduce our new place of business, we will sacrifice at any price our stock, which includes all makes and sizes of slightly used tires. Anglo-American Auto Tire Co. Telephone 9078 Schuyler.

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For Sale—Handsome 1908 five-passenger Oldsmobile, newly painted and thoroughly overhauled by Oldsmobile Company, with their guarantee; new wind shield, top, speedometer, extra tubes; $1,150. 621 Lefferts Av., Richmond Hill, L. I. 'Phone, 10.

Limousines.—Three of the handsomest in New York; Packard with extra touring body, $2,500; Darracq seven-passenger 40 H. P., $1,500; Renault 30 H. P., a magnificent car, $2,250. All in perfect order and fully equipped. Call 340 West 44th St.

POPE-TOLEDOS—7-passenger touring car and limousine; both new cars and guaranteed; a high-grade car at a very low price; we guarantee parts. Call and see them.
CHARLES E. RIESS & CO.,
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For Sale—Stoddard-Dayton touring car in first-class condition; fully equipped; carries wind shield, top, magneto, one extra shoe; price, $650. Call for demonstration at Short & Wright, 1,650 Broadway, cor. 51st St.

REO Touring Car, top, wind shield, oil and gas lamp and generator; tires like new; just overhauled; newly painted; demonstration. Senior, 248 Arlington Av., Brooklyn; telephone, 293—East New York.

MORA roadster, 1908, with rumble seat, for sale; 4 cylinders, 24 h. p.; run 8,000 miles; fully equipped; good condition. Address or 'phone, Geo. F. Wagner & Co., 291 Greenwich St.

Welding of cracked cylinders, crank cases, gear boxes, differential housing, crank shafts; no patch jobs, but a clean everlasting weld. The Guarantee Welding Works, 220 East 74th St. 'Phone, 2041 Lenox.

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LANCIA, 1910, Runabout for sale—This car is as good as new, having been run only 3,500 miles. It is a 4-cyl. and 22½ h. p. Will sell for $2,500; no dealers. J., 103 Times.

20-30 H. P., C. G. V. delivery wagon for sale; car is in the finest order; demonstration cheerfully given; price, $2,500. C. G. V. Import Co., 49 West 64th St.

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Finding a light runabout will suit me better will sell my snappy Oldsmobile 4-cylinder touring car for $750; very handsome and looks like new. 336 West 44th St.

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For Sale—A 1909 two-cylinder 22 H. P. Buick touring car; good condition; full equipment; can be seen by appointment; $650. J 38 Times.

A very handsome car, $1,250; Sultan touring, 30 H. P.; paint and upholstery like new; snappy and speedy. 334 West 44th St.

Buick 22 H. P. five-passenger touring car, very fast and handsome; body rich, dark maroon; $500. At 338 West 44th St.

1909 Mitchell, 30 H. P., 5-passenger touring car; A1 condition; complete equipment; price $750. H. Muehlstein, 481 Washington St.

Runabout—Bargain; mechanically perfect; paint unmarred; a chance for lady or professional man. Call 55 West 93d St.

Swell French touring car, seats seven; excellent condition; can be seen 143 West 55th St., Monday afternoon. Busch.

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Packard "30" 1909 runabout; full equipment; car has not run 4,000 miles; not a scratch on it. 12 West 10th St.

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Runabouts and touring cars from $150 to $1,000. Lefayette Garage, 372 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

Locomobile, 5-passenger; top, magneto, slip covers; beauty. Hudson-Fulton, 247 West 47th St.

HOTCHKISS Touring Car, 4-cylinder, 35 h. p., in A-1 condition, at sacrifice. Call Garage, 20 West 60th St.

WINTON Model M 1907, and six-cylinder 1908, will sell very reasonable. Winton Co., 2040 Broadway, cor. 70th St.

Peerless, "30," excellent condition; good car for rental purpose; cheap. Hudson, 247 West 47th St.

Thomas, "60," 7-passenger; fully equipped; elegant condition; make offer. Hudson, 247 West 47th St.

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Maxwell runabouts, $250 and $450; all in first-class condition. 372 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

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HOW THE AQUARIUM HELPS FISH SUPPLY

Millions of Young Hatched Out There and Sent to Streams of the State to Mature.

PARK LAKES HERE STOCKED

And the Mosquito Pest Kept Down by the Need for Obtaining Food for the Young Fry.

A yellow perch enriched the piscatorial collection of the Aquarium down in Battery Park by more than 2,500 prospective fish, that being the estimated number of eggs in a pearly white mass of spawn taken yesterday from the tank which the mother perch and a dozen of her genus share with half that number of pickerel. Although there are thousands of fish on exhibition at the Aquarium, it is rare that any of these spawn.

"For some reason which we never have been able to determine," said Foreman Morgan, "fish which are born in captivity or which have been captive for a long time will not breed. There seems to be something lacking in the water. You know, that unless a hen gets a sufficient quantity of lime she will lay soft shell eggs, or none at all. Well, it is much the same with fish.

"What is lacking we do not know. It may be a vegetable substance or it may be mineral. At any rate, it is not contained in Croton tank water, which is what we use here. The fish very seldom spawn at all, and when they do the eggs are dead. The fish which has just spawned is one of a lot sent here from the Sportsmen's Show in Madison Square Garden last Winter. They were fish that were caught wild, so the spawn will live.

"We hatch millions of fish a year, but they are from spawn gathered in country lakes and streams. Within a week we have sent away nearly 700,000 yellow perch. Of these 500,000 were from spawn brought here from Wading River, L. I., and 200,000 from a mass of 250,000 eggs brought from Charlottesburg, N. J. The Wading River fish were sent up the State to stock lakes and streams. The others have been planted in Moose Range and Cope Lakes, in Bronx Park, and in the Prospect Park lake."

The spawn of the perch, as seen in the Aquarium tank, resembled a white silk handkerchief crumpled up. It had the translucence of white marble, and with the light shining through it one could see the thousands of nuclei, little spots of a darker shade, each representing a fish to be. The period of incubation, from seven to twenty-eight days, depends on the temperature of the water. At 60 degrees the spawn hatch within a week, and each degree of temperature below 60 means a day longer. The eggs would hatch in water as cold as 34 degrees.

As soon as the Aquarium was closed to visitors the spawn was lifted carefully from the tank in a cheesecloth net and placed in a hatching bottle much resembling a gallon preserve jar. Through its top run two glass tubes, one supplying fresh water, extending nearly to the bottom of the jar, the other being the exhaust from the top. Cold water is supplied to the eggs continually, the temperature being kept low, so that the period of incubation may be observed longer. The percentage of the hatch in the incubators is fully twenty times as great as in a natural state.

"We lose practically none," said Foreman Morgan, "but in the natural state it is a lucky thing for 5 per cent. to hatch. Many are destroyed by frogs and fish, while others are carried away by the current. The changing temperature of the water soon kills the eggs."

When the fish are hatched in the Aquarium they are about a quarter of an inch long. They wriggle free of the scruff, or residue of the spawn, and are gradually caught in the exhaust current which carries them into a large tank. At this time they scarcely can be seen, because they are colorless, except for a tiny black spot, which is the eye. But they grow rapidly, though the Aquarium officials give them nothing to eat.

After a few weeks, when the fish have reached an inch or more in length, they become ravenously hungry. Then they are put on a mosquito diet. For this purpose the Aquarium uses each Spring more than 10,000,000 mosquitos, with a probable saving to residents of mosquito-ridden sections of at least that number of bites. Every morning a man is sent out to the marshes of New Jersey from the Aquarium armed with a pail and a cheesecloth scoop net. Every bit of "casual water," as golfers call it, is skimmed, and tens of thousands of wrigglers captured. The work of this man alone is a sermon on the efficacy of oiling the marsh lands.

Mosquitos breed from April 15 to Nov. 1, the eggs hatching and the wrigglers developing into full-fledged mosquitos sometimes in ten hours, so that there is an unfailing supply. More than 100,000 wrigglers are fed to the little fish daily.

A thousand wrigglers, released yesterday in a tank of 500 little salmon fingerlings, as the young fish are called, disappeared like magic. The appearance of the wrigglers in the water was the signal for the most furious excitement. Hither and thither the tiny fish shot, bumping into each other with a reckless disregard of noses. One could not see what becames of the wrigglers. They simply went.

For a month after they are born salmon, trout, and many other kinds of fish eat nothing. The nucleus of the egg is attached to the under side of the body, and is gradually absorbed. When it has disappeared and not before, their mouths open and they are able to eat.

Spawn of pike is sent to the Aquarium from Put-in Bay, Ohio, by the Government hatcheries. After the fish are hatched they are turned over to the New York State Fish Commission, which uses them to plant in the waters of the State. In this way the commission gets the fish for nothing and the Aquarium gets a free exhibit. When fish are just hatched they are worth $2 a thousand, but when they have reached the fingerling stage they are valued at $20 a thousand. Within ten days the Aquarium has hatched out a million pike and sent them to the commission.

Had it not been for the Government's hatcheries many kinds of fish would have been all but exterminated long ago in this country. The vast number of eggs hatched artificially has renewed the supply.

GETS A BURGLAR AT WORK.

Captor Himself Has to Explain That He's a Policeman.

Policeman Cahill on approaching Carl Grimberg's saloon at 61 Frankfort Street last night at 9 o'clock, saw two men hurry away from its door. "Excise violation," murmured Cahill, stealing up to the front door. He found that a panel of glass had been taken out, and he saw a man disappearing down the steps into the cellar.

Pursuing the man, Cahill found him trying to hide himself in the cellar. The prisoner said he was John Daly of 19 Cherry Street. Cahill was getting ready to bring him out when Capt. O'Toole and Detective McGowan of the Oak Street Station, who had been attracted by the missing panel, pounced down on them both. Cahill explained, and took his prisoner away to the Oak Street Station, where he was locked up on the charge of burglary.

Four or five boxes of cigars had been packed up for transportation, and some change had been taken out of the cash register, when Cahill happened along.

NO DEEP THIRST UNQUENCHED

The Excise Situation, to the Public, Is Very Much as It Used to Be.

The backroom business in most of the saloons throughout the city flourished yesterday in spite of the presence of policemen on the beat, who strolled by and looked through the front windows only to see the bars closed. The saloon proprietors, however, were cautious. A watcher carefully scanned the faces of those who appeared at the side doors, and sometimes the applicants for admission were turn away thirsty.

As was the case a week ago, cellars adjacent to saloons were pressed into service when the proprietors had no back rooms at their disposal, or apartments overhead were utilized for the same purpose. The police stations in Manhattan reported the filing of few affidavits. The fact that out of seventy-six prisoners arraigned in the evening session of the Night Court, thirty-two were brought up on charges of intoxication, bore testimony to the activities of the saloon back-room business.

Although many saloonkeepers did business outside of their barrooms, there were some who used to stay open who closed down for the day. Perhaps the most notable example was a café in State Street, opposite Battery Park. This place locked its doors yesterday for the first time in thirty-seven years, and the oldest patron was unable to buy a drink there. The proprietor said that he had no hotel license and did not propose to take any chances under Mayor Gaynor.

In Brooklyn, especially in the downtown section and in Williamsburg, the conditions were similar to those on the east side of Manhattan. The backroom trade flourished. Deputy Police Commissioner Reynolds said in the afternoon that the patrolmen were gathering evidence of violations of the excise law just as they had been doing on Sundays for several weeks, and would turn the evidence over to their Captains, who in turn would hand the evidence to the District Attorney.

Both in Manhattan and Brooklyn the general opinion among men who had investigated was that the average person who had a thirst and the price could be accommodated.

NO LETUP IN MILK WAR.

Farmers Say Boston's Supply Will Be Reduced This Week.

BOSTON, May 8.—The second week of the milk war between farmers and contractors began to-day with the contractors asserting that they had an ample supply of milk, and the officials of the Farmers' Association declaring that their members would stand firm and more producers would withhold their milk from the Boston market. Up to date the average Boston consumer has received his customary milk supply at the regular price.

An announcement that Springfield contractors have agreed to the producers' demand that the Winter price of milk be continued during the Summer was made by officials of the Producers' Association to-day.

A mass meeting of farmers will be held at Faneuil Hall to-morrow morning. Following the meeting it is expected that many of them will attend the opening hearing of the legislative committee appointed to investigate the milk question.

OGALLALLAS MAKE A LITTLE BOY CHIEF

Buffalo Bill's Press Agent Picks Out Lone Bear to Succeed the Late Standing Cloud.

ALL THERE EVEN TO THE DOG

After the Coronation Ceremonies He Was Converted Into Stew—Maybe Six-Year-Old Is Now a Real Chief.

Little Lone Bear, 6 years old, and wearing feathers, beads, and bangles enough to cover one thrice his age or size, was crowned Chief of the Ogallallas in the arena of Madison Square Garden yesterday morning. The Ogallallas are a part of the Sioux Nation, and for years the tribe has been ruled by Standing Cloud, the Indian chief who died at the Pine Ridge Agency six weeks ago. When Standing Cloud passed away his mantle fell upon the youthful shoulders of little Lone Bear, and yesterday morning Chief Iron Tail, the head of the Sioux Nation, following the killing and eating of a dog, solemnly put on the raven-haired head of Lone Bear the gaudy headdress of feathers which is the insignia of chieftainship among the Ogallallas.

Chief Iron Tail has been associated with Buffalo Bill for some eighteen years now, and it is sometimes suggested by the skeptical that he arranges for a coronation every time Major Burke gives the word in sign language, but whether or not yesterday's crowning was the outcome of one of those secret signs makes no difference, for, as a matter of fact, the coronation did come off, the dog was eaten, and finally, surrounded by the braves and their squaws and all their little papooses, Lone Bear walked up, and, kneeling on a gorgeous blanket, took the oath of the Ogallallas, which, when interpreted into English, was a solemn affirmation to be just as good and wise a ruler as the lamented Standing Cloud had been.

Iron Tail, who looks something like the great Sitting Bull, was master of ceremonies yesterday, with the young and handsome American Horse acting as second in command. Bright and early these two warriors summoned into council Open Knife, Sam Lone Bear, (no relative of the new Chief,) Iron Cloud, Dusky Tail, Gold Star, and all the rest of the big men of the Sioux who are temporarily sojourning here. Then it was that the big Chief gave orders that the time was at hand for the coronation of little Lone Bear.

The Sioux—at least all that are in the show business—proceeded into the arena of the Garden and went into camp. Tepees were pitched about the Garden, and into them the squaws and the papooses went to rest up for the weird dances that were to follow, and which Iron Tail says must precede the coronation of all Indian chiefs. Then the donkeys and the bronchos were brought in and tied about the Garden in primitive fashion. "Black Bill" was there, too.

"Black Bill" is the Scotch collie that is so busy in the Summit battle scene that he has become one of the features of the Wild West. He was just as busy yesterday morning.

The ceremony preceding the coronation is known as the dance of honor, in which the chief is to be surrounded by all of his future subjects, who whoop and dance until they can dance no longer, their gyrations being accompanied by weird beating of drums by the stolid squaws. After this dance two of the young braves, painted in many colors and sporting gorgeous feathered headdresses, appeared and started a fire under a big pot in the centre of the camp.

Then followed another noisy dance, and that over, a dog was killed and eaten, and then the coronation dance began. The dance lasted an hour and ended with Iron Tail putting the feathered insignia of chieftain upon the head of the kneeling Lone Bear. This done, Lone Bear bowed all around and the stew was served. The eating of the stew ended the ceremony.

SHOT DOWN IN THE STREET.

Victim and His Assailant Had Quarreled Over 75 Cents.

Policeman Weber of the Oak Street Station was standing in Catherine Street last night at 10:15 o'clock when, following three pistol shots, Rocco Berlano of 68 Catherine Street came running out of Henry Street followed by Frederico Earlore of the Bowery and Broome Street, who fired two more shots at Berlano just as he passed in front of Weber.

The policeman hit Earlore across the pistol arm with his club, which forced him to drop his revolver. He continued running along Catherine Street, but was captured by Weber and Policeman Reilly. Berlano had fallen to the sidewalk, and it was found that he had been shot twice in the thigh. He was removed to the Gouverneur Hospital by Dr. Cheatham.

Earlore was locked up in the Oak Street Station on the charge of felonious assault. He told the police that he and Berlano were barbers in a shop at 21 Park Row; that they had quarreled about 75 cents, and that Berlano and four or five companions had set upon him, whereupon he had attacked all of them with his pistol. He had concentrated his fire upon Berlano, whose friends had fled at sight of the pistol.

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FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North. Week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Steamer CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R. Steamer NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M., Steamer BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE to Albany
Round Trip, $1.50. Good 10 Days.
Steamers leave Pier 39, North River, ft. Houston st., 5:30 p. m. daily, Sunday's included. Tel. 9226 Spring.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St. WEEK DAYS at 6 P. M.
Catskill-Hudson Coxsackie.
Phone 1098 Spring

All-The-Way-by-Water
Direct Between New York and
BOSTON
Express Turbine Steel Steamships
YALE and HARVARD
Service to be resumed for Season May 23.
THE METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY is pleased to announce the resumption of passenger service by its direct All-the-Way-by-Water Route between New York and Boston on Monday, May 23d, 1910.
THE YALE AND HARVARD, beginning with this season, will burn Oil Fuel. They are outfitted with Wireless Telegraphy, Submarine Signal Service, Searchlights, and every known device to insure Safety, Comfort and Convenience. Staterooms with or without bath; Main Deck Dining Room, etc., etc. An Unbroken Night's Rest from City to City over the most fascinating Salt Water Route in the World.
SCHEDULE. Week days and Sundays (beginning May 23d). Will leave New York, Pier 9, N. R., near foot of Rector St., 4 P. M. Same daily schedule from India Wharf, Boston. Due either City 8 o'clock the following morning.
METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
Pier 9, N. R. Telephone, Cortlandt—1715.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5:30 P. M., Pier 19, East River.

Central Hudson Line.
For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and Kingston week days 4 P. M. For Newburgh and intermediate landings week days 5 P. M. Sundays 9 A. M.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:52 | Sun sets..7:04 | Moon sets... ——

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:35	7:55	1:29	1:39
Governors Island	8:00	8:20	2:04	2:12
Hell Gate	9:50	10:10	3:39	3:47

Arrived—Sunday, May 8.

SS Baltic, Liverpool, April 30.
SS California, Glasgow, April 30.
SS City of New York, Swansea, April 23.
SS Cadillac, Rotterdam, April 22.
SS Duca degli Abruzzi, Naples, April 27.
SS Red Hill, Algiers, April 17.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, May 4.
SS Dover, Brunswick, May 4.
SS Aker, Matanzas, May 2.
SS Comal, Tampa, May 3.
SS Calderon, Barbados, May 1.
SS El Norte, Galveston, May 2.
SS Molina, Amherst, N. S., May 5.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, May 5.
SS Capt. A. F. Lucas, Port Tampa, May 3.
SS Queen Alexandra, Baltimore, May 6.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, May 7.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Coppename, Demerara	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Queen Alexandra, Montevideo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Desterro, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Bornu, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Hamburg, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Italia, Palermo	———	———
Oceania, Naples	———	12:00 M.
Yumuri, Cienfuegos	———	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Mauretania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	———
Teutonic, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	———	11:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Westfallen, St. Kitt's	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Orotava, Bermuda	———	10:00 A.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Comal, Tampa	———	12:00 M.
Momus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails at double postage rates are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Domingo de Larrinaga	Barbados	April 28
Istria	Hamburg	April 24
Gascogne	Havre	April 30
Antonio Lopez	Barcelona	April 26
Noordam	Rotterdam	April 30
America	Naples	April 29
Vaderland	Antwerp	April 30
Minnewaska	London	April 30
Bayonne	Algiers	April 25
Zulia	La Guayra	May 1
Korona	St. Thomas	May 4
Caroline	San Juan	May 4
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Jamaica	May 4
Proteus	New Orleans	May 4
Bermudian	Bermuda	May 7
Orotava	Bermuda	May 7
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Carpathia	Naples	April 27
K. Wilhelm der Grosse	Bremen	May 3
Caronia	Liverpool	May 3
Grosser Kurfuerst	Bremen	April 31
Lombardia	Palermo	April 28
Principe di Piemonte	Palermo	April 28
Venezia	Naples	April 26
Victorious	Fowey	April 26
Narragansett	London	April 28
Saramacca	Trinidad	May 3
Denver	Galveston	May 4
Alamo	Tampa	May 4
El Valle	Galveston	May 4
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Oceanic	Southampton	May 4
Verona	Naples	April 28
Prinzess Irene	Gibraltar	May 2
Argentina	Palermo	April 27
Delaware	Liverpool	April 27
Havana	Havana	May 8
Sarnia	Kingston	May 6
Cherokee	Turks Island	May 6
El Paso	Galveston	May 5

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, incoming from Bremen, was reported 1,171 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday forenoon.

SS Argentina, incoming from Trieste, was reported 1,200 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Thursday morning.

SS Grosser Kurfuerst, incoming from Bremen, was reported 740 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Carpathia, incoming from Naples, was reported 660 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Venezia, incoming from Naples, was reported 280 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:15 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Minnewaska, incoming from London, was reported 170 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Noordam, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 323 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this afternoon.

SS Vaderland, incoming from Antwerp, was reported 313 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this afternoon.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, outgoing, was reported 200 miles west of Brow Head at 5:10 P. M. yesterday; due at Plymouth about 2 P. M. today.

By United Wireless.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda, 185 m. S. E. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 8th.

SS Carolina, San Juan, 155 m. S. of Scotland Lightship noon, 8th.

SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Port Limon, 140 m. S. of Scotland Lightship noon, 8th.

SS Orotava, Bermuda, 241 m. S. E. of Scotland Lightship 8 P. M., 8th.

SS Cristobal, Cristobal, 603 m. N. of Colon 8 P. M., 7th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Cedric, at Holyhead, May 8.
SS Amerika, at Plymouth, May 8.
SS Columbia, at Moville, May 8.
SS St. Paul, at Southampton, May 8.

Sailed.

SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, from Southampton, May 8.
SS Lusitania, from Queenstown, May 8.
SS Celtic, from Queenstown, May 8.

Passed.

SS Minnetonka, New York for London, passed Brow Head.
SS Prins Willem V., New York via West Indies for Havre, passed Ushant.
SS Lazio, New York for Naples, passed St. Michael's.
SS Kroonland, New York for Dover, passed Brow Head.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) (via Tacoma)—Protesilaus	May 13 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, Australia, (except West,) and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Makura	May 15 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	May 16 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Arrivals See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Middle West disturbance has lost its definite character and unsettled, showery weather prevails over the east half of the country, with low pressure of irregular distribution. There will be showers Monday in the Atlantic States, followed by fair weather Tuesday, while over the remainder of the country generally fair weather will prevail during the next two days.

The winds along the New England Coast and Middle Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate and mostly south; South Atlantic Coast, moderate and mostly south to southwest.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have light to moderate winds, mostly south, with unsettled weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Partly cloudy Monday, showers in south portion. Tuesday, fair; light to moderate winds, mostly south.

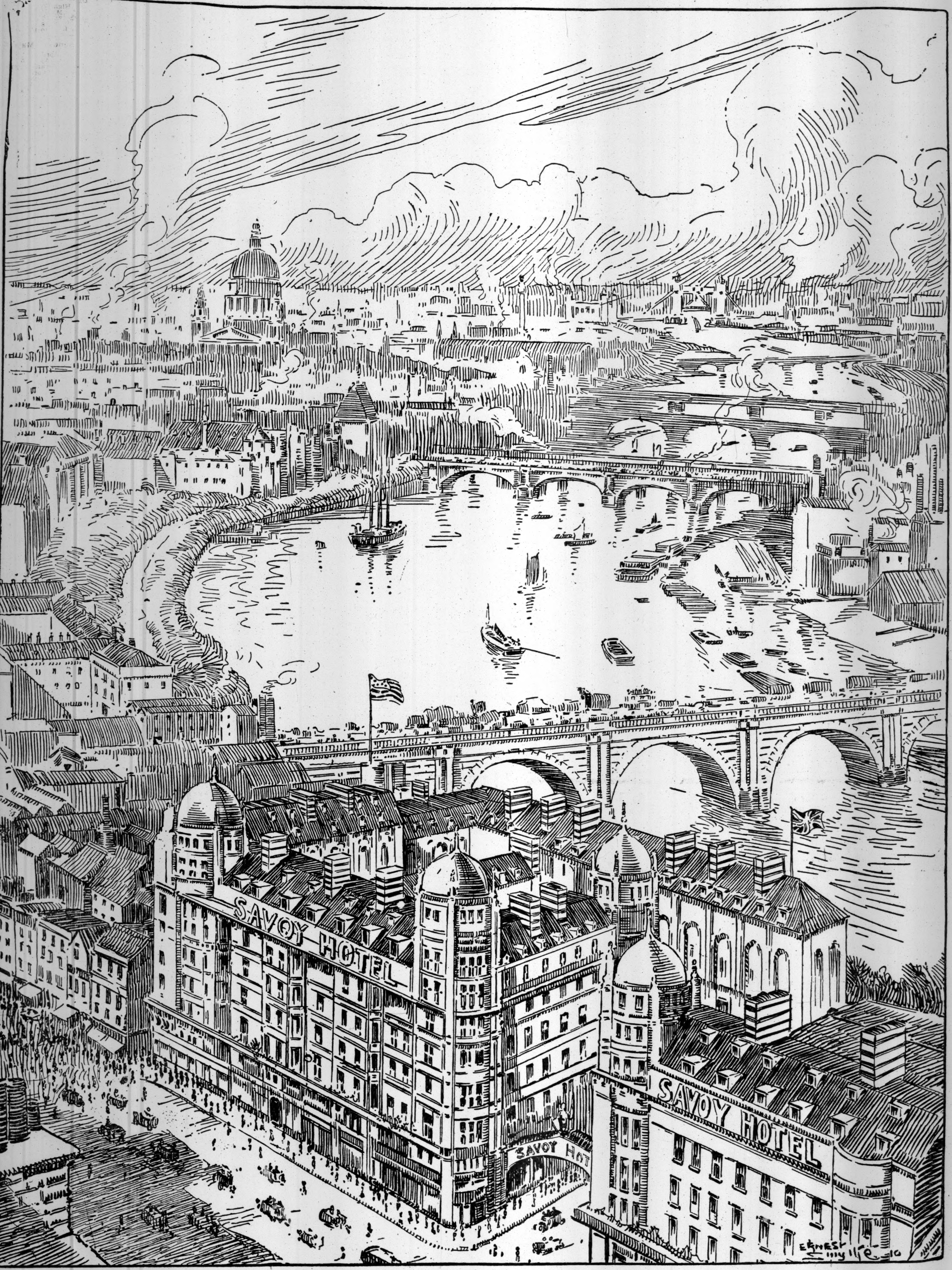
Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Showers Monday. Tuesday, fair; light to moderate south winds, becoming variable.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	54	54	4 P. M.	64	62
6 A. M.	54	55	6 P. M.	60	60
9 A. M.	60	56	9 P. M.	56	58
12 M.	67	58	11 P. M.	54	57

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 58; for the corresponding date last year it was 60; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years 57.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 56; at 8 P. M. it was 58. Maximum temperature, 62 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 54 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 94 per cent at 8 A. M.; 91 per cent. at 8 P. M.



A SUMMER DAY IN LONDON

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THE FASHIONABLE EUROPEAN RESORT of AMERICAN SOCIETY

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General Manager: **GUSTAVE SEGGELKE**

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SAVOY HOTEL

LONDON

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Savoy Hotel, London,

IS VERY BRIGHT AND GAY WITH WELL KNOWN TRAVELLERS FROM THE CONTINENT AND THE UNITED STATES, AND THAT IT IS THE COMMON MEETING GROUND FOR DISTINGUISHED AMERICANS WHO ARE RETURNING HOME. THE COMFORTS AND LUXURY OF THE SAVOY HOTEL, ITS CUISINE AND SERVICE, COMBINED WITH THE MOST MODERATE CHARGES, PLACE IT ABSOLUTELY IN THE FRONT RANK OF ALL HOTELS IN EUROPE. THE BEAUTIFUL SUITES — WITH BATHROOMS ATTACHED — OVERLOOKING THE RIVER THAMES AND EMBANKMENT GARDENS, AWAY FROM THE NOISE AND BUSTLE OF STREET TRAFFIC, ALTHOUGH IN THE CENTRE OF LONDON, ARE GREATLY APPRECIATED BY ALL EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN TRAVELLERS. THE SAVOY RESTAURANT STILL REMAINS THE MOST RENOWNED IN THE WORLD—ITS CUISINE IS UNRIVALLED. THERE ARE FEW VISITORS TO LONDON WHO DO NOT CONSIDER A VISIT TO THE SAVOY RESTAURANT AND ITS LUXURIOUS AND DELIGHTFUL SURROUNDINGS AN INDISPENSABLE FEATURE IN THEIR ARRANGEMENTS. THE APPRECIATION OF THE PUBLIC IS SEEN IN THE INCREASED NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO YEAR BY YEAR COME TO THE SAVOY, OWING TO THE STRONG RECOMMENDATIONS OF THEIR FRIENDS WHO HAVE STAYED THERE.

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We have been in the investment banking business for about forty years, and our organization is modern in all respects. In the underwriting of securities we exercise every precaution to surround the investment with proper safeguards. It is also our policy to make the offering price as attractive as possible, to the end that the investment may yield a fairly liberal rate of income and have every reasonable promise of appreciation.

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We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

With the publication on Wednesday last of reports that our bankers were engaged in negotiations with European financial institutions which might lead to the placement of as much as $100,000,000 of American securities abroad, securities' markets changed front immediately. The heavy losses of earlier days of the week, which had been in the nature of a continuation of the downward movement of the preceding week, were promptly recovered, but the advances made were reduced toward the close of the business week, the optimism created by the news of the foreign bond transactions having been impaired, for the moment, at least, by the illness and death of King Edward and the consequent unsettlement of the English markets. A sharp break in consols on Friday and declines in other securities on the London Stock Exchange reflected the uneasiness caused in English financial circles by the serious illness of the King. Following his death on Friday night, the markets, stock and commodity, throughout England were closed on Saturday, and the question of their reception of the fatal termination of the royal patient's illness therefore left open. Undoubtedly the situation precipitated by King Edward's death is a grave one politically; the clash between parties and between the Commons and the Lords has been bitter, and if Edward's successor takes sides the differences must become more acute, but there is, so far as can be seen, no real reason why matters in dispute should not be settled by a general election, nor does any good reason for an extension of the troubles to financial circles exist. Fortunately, the English financial situation is exceptionally strong. The Bank of England through receipts of gold from this side is in an extremely well-fortified position, and in every way financial London is well prepared for any unexpected shock. There is a broader view, but one not of immediate moment to financial markets, to be taken of King Edward's death. He was a strong advocate and upholder of peace in Europe, and it remains to be seen whether his passing will disclose another figure worthy to succeed him in these relations or whether in the absence of such a successor the work he did will endure.

The importance of the negotiations looking to the sales of large amounts of our railroad securities in Euorpe is threefold. In the first place, there is removed from our own market the necessity, which had plainly been weighing upon it, of providing for this financing. Again, a definite end is put to the gold export movement, and more than that, an import movement later on, if this be required, brought well within the possibilities, and finally, the negotiations offer striking evidence of the confidence of the great French and other foreign banking houses in the financial and business situation here, and this at a moment when our own people seem to be afflicted with a nervous dread of trade reaction. It has all along been well understood that the poor bond markets were hampering the railroads, if not effectively checking them, in their efforts to secure funds for equipment, extensions, and improvements which the lean post-panic earnings failed to provide for, but which have become, of course, more essential with each passing day. Apparently there has now been opened to them, but on terms which can hardly have been otherwise than highly remunerative to the lenders, a source of supply through which the long deferred expenditures may be made. How long Europe's purse strings, particularly those of France, will be loosed for our benefit undoubtedly depends upon the profit and safety of the present ventures, but it is perhaps not overstating the case to say that we have secured a foothold in France which, by judicious care, we may easily retain and further strengthen. The vast savings of the French people, far in excess of the requirements of their own commerce and industry, are practically directed by the great banks and banking houses of the country. For several years these institutions have displayed a leaning toward American securities, instanced in their purchase of Pennsylvania, New Haven, and New York City issues, and in the markets made in Paris for our copper and rubber shares, and the syndicate purchases of United States Steel common. The present negotiations, covering possibly $80,000,000 of our own high grade railroad bonds, may, therefore, properly be regarded both as evidence of satisfaction with past operations and a promise of increased interest in the future upon conditions which should easily be fulfilled on our part.

If these are in a way speculations regarding the future sequences of the bond flotations, a concrete example of their present worth to the financial situation is found in the course of the foreign exchange market last week. An inkling of the negotiations sufficed to weaken quotations for demand sterling from the opening of the week, while the publication of the fact that they were actually under way on Wednesday brought about an abrupt fall of about a half cent in the pound. Sales of bills representing stock purchases here by London and Paris had a part in the movement, but the main factor was the promise that the long continued scarcity of commercial bills, due to our diminishing sales of goods and commodities to Europe, would be terminated by the credits created through sales of our securities. While by no means conclusive, the mathematics of our trade balance as affected by bond sales of the magnitude of those under arrangement affords a measure of interest. For the nine months ending with March the trade balance in our favor amounted to $168,673,000, as against $348,066,000 in the same period of the previous year. Tere, then, was a loss of $179,000,000. It is apparent how sharply this loss must be cut by sales of $100,000,000 of securities, which, so far as their effect on the exchange goes, have nearly equal weight with sales of more tangible goods. In the long run, of course, these sales are only the equivalent of borrowings, and must be liquidated either in goods or money, but we may probably trust that long before their maturity such liquidation will have been effected through the restoration of normal conditions in our foreign trade. Indeed, signs of such a change for the better are not wanting now. Imports at New York for April fell $22,000,000 below those of March, and a further check to purchases abroad will undoubtedly follow if the irregularity now discernible in the business world approaches the proportions of a general recession. Full harvests of our agricultural products, the prospects for which are much better than they were a month ago, would effectively turn the trade balance once more heavily in our favor, if accompanied by the general economy which must, in any event, come sooner or later.

In trade circles the disposition is to regard such evidence of irregularity as that contained in the smaller April bank clearings, and the reduced pig iron production of the month, as reflecting seasonable hesitation in advance of the definite crop news, rather than as forerunners of general recessions in the business volume for more permanent causes. In some respects this view of the matter is borne out, particularly so, when the still enlarging railroad earnings and the record returns of numerous large industrials are considered. Certainly the failure of the widely expected May 1 labor troubles to eventuate, and the rapid composition of the differences between the country's railroads and their employes, together with the voluntary wage advances now being made in the industrial field, are factors in the business situation of great importance. The same may also be said of the unexpected lack of serious opposition, so far to the rate increases outlined by the railroads to offset, in part, at least, higher labor costs. The Inter-State Commerce Commission is still to be heard from, but the fact that a member of that body participated in the deliberations resulting in the awards to employes of wage increases may not be without significance. As regards crop conditions, upon which, after all, the year's trade must turn, earlier estimates of damage from unseasonable weather have been largely revised, the markets themselves have quieted down save where speculative forces are at work. The general disposition everywhere is to await with composure the carefully prepared and reliable Government report which will appear this week.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

LONDON MARKET UNCERTAIN.

Coming Week Regarded with Anxiety by the Brokers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 8.—This week is regarded with some anxiety by members of the Stock Exchange, for until the trying fortnightly settlement has been negotiated business is likely to be of the most limited description.

There is a general expectation that prices on Monday will show a recovery after Friday's break. Money is likely to be cheaper, owing to the derangement and suspension of many business projects caused by the King's death.

BERLIN MARKET FIRM.

Death of King Edward Causes Only Temporary Depression.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 8.—Firmness and an upward tendency were the main characteristics of the market last week despite a number of unfavorable factors, such as the reduction in American iron prices. The tendency was further strengthened by the easing of the English money market.

The death of King Edward provoked only a temporary depression and the week closed firm.

RECOVERY ON PARIS BOURSE.

Higher Prices Follow Depression Due to King Edward's Death.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 8.—The death of the King of England was practically discounted on the Paris Bourse Friday afternoon. There was a prompt recovery Saturday from the resultant general lowering of prices.

Notwithstanding the absence of any guidance from London, where the Stock Exchange was closed yesterday, remarkable firmness was exhibited in all departments. Nearly all State funds advanced slightly. South African stocks also moved forward.

Coppers were depressed throughout the week. Rio Tinto fell from 1912 on the previous Saturday to 1822 on Friday, recovering yesterday to 1837 only.

THE SITUATION IN THE STEEL TRADE

Pittsburg and Shenango District Are Lopping Off One-Fourth Their April Output.

WILL YET OUTDO RECORDS

The Gist of the News from the Pittsburg Factories Is of Sharp Curtailment in All Lines of Output.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 8.—The Pittsburg and the Mahoning and Shenango Valley districts are lopping off 200,000 tons from their pig iron output for the month of May—a drop of 25 per cent. from the record of April, when the combined districts produced a little more than 800,000 tons. This territory will probably see the most pronounced curtailment of output from the April figures, though the foundry iron producers of Eastern Pennsylvania have adopted the curtailment policy more vigorously than the foundry iron makers of this section.

Steel-making irons furnish the danger point in the Pittsburg zone. Alarmingly large stocks of Bessemer and basic are said to have been found in the furnace yards in the reckoning at the opening of this month. Strange to say, the melters had the lion's share of the stocks in foundry iron in this district at the opening of the new quarter, showing the effect of the reckless buying during the last quarter of 1909, for first quarter delivery this year, when practically all consumers of foundry iron specified for more iron than they would need during the first quarter, on the assumption that prices of foundry grades were about to sail skyhigh.

Present figures show, however, that the production of pig iron, even after the present curtailment, will be at a rate of close to 27,000,000 tons a year, which is more iron than was made during 1907. The increase in capacity in the Central and Lakes territory has been out of all proportion to consumption. Further additions to furnace capacity in the Pittsburg district and in the Lake territory, now under way, are all by concerns owning their own supplies of iron ore, and the question that is agitating the small producers of pig iron, who buy their ore, is whether they will be able to stay in the market at all during the remainder of the year. Many of them have not yet closed for their 1910 supply of Lake ore, the first deliveries of which are expected in this district the coming week.

Bessemer iron sold off to $17, Valleys, on two small sales for prompt delivery, during the wee. This is an even $2 below the high point reached at the close of last year, and a drop of 50 cents in two weeks. Basic was quoted at $15.75, Valleys, though this price was nominal, and could have been shaded 25 cents had there been any demand for prompt basic in this market. One good-sized block of malleable sold at a shade under $15.75, for second and third quarters deliveries, 1,100 tons. In foundry iron, small sales of 200 to 600 tons showed a range between $15.50 and $15.75, furnace, some of the larger producers of standard brands being unwilling to go under the $15.75 mark. On one or two small transactions in resale of No. 2 iron, the $15.50 price was shaded slightly.

Restriction of coke output in the Connellsville region shows up for the first time in the returns for the week ended April 30. For that week, the total was 372,803 tons from 30,384 active ovens. For the week preceding, the total was 425,152 tons, with 33,259 active ovens. For the week of April 9 the total was 447,508 tons from 34,316 active ovens. The maximum production of this year was 474,000 tons, in the closing week of January. Shipments of coke out of the Connellsville region fell off nearly 30 per cent. during the last two weeks in April, but this week shipments are reported better. Furnace companies had considerable accumulations of coke in their yards, which they endeavored to clean up after all danger of shortage owing to the coal mining strike was over.

The two lines of finished product that have been worst affected by the lull of the past two months, pipe and wire, seem to have the situation under control without further curtailment of mill operations. Some of the idle capacity at the McKeesport plant of the National Tube Company resumed this week, but the independent pipe mills at Steubenville, Wheeling, and Youngstown, Ohio, are still partially idle. There is a prospect that a portion of the oil pipe line work proposed by the new company in Arizona and Southern California, centreing on San Maria Bay, will be let in the course of a few weeks, and this will provide for 150,000 tons of heavy line pipe—the largest pipe project in four years. The Steel Corporation wire mills are running on moderate orders. The Pittsburg Steel Company, the largest independent wire producer in this district, has its plant at Monessen, Pa., entirely idle, though its rod mills and hoop mills are running full turn. There is a good demand for hoops, the plants in this section having orders ahead for four months. Industrial consumers of wire have been given permission to file reservations for their business through the last half of this year. The business is being booked at current prices, which assures the wire trade an eight months' run without the threat of higher prices.

Merchant steel is a little easier, but on work specified at the mills deliveries are still four to five months behind. On standard merchant bars some tonnage was available during the week at 1.45c., but this was mainly tonnage thrown back on manufacturer's hands by consumers who had over-specified. The price for new business, for ordinarily prompt delivery, remained 1.50 to 1.55c., mill. Iron bars are stronger, considerable railroad demand having sprung up, but the price of 1.55c. can still be done.

The structural situation is ragged, with shading of prices $1 to $2 a ton. Small contracts were booked here by the fabricating companies during the week, but the larger tonnage of the week's business in building lines was taken in the East. Pending orders from Western railroads for standard rails, about 40,000 tons, will probably give the Carnegie rail mills here some additional work, the Chicago and Gary rail mills of the Steel Corporation being filled till midsummer. The Pittsburg rail mills are not running more than 40 per cent. of their capacity on standard rails, though the demand for light rails from lumber, mining, and industrial companies is reported better than it was.

Sheet mills are finding new business, and there is less price cutting, though some lines of galvanized can still be shaded $1 a ton. Wage increases by practically all the large independent companies have stopped any talk of labor trouble in this section.

Some resale billets came out during the week, and there were some shipments here from Eastern mills, so that the crude steel situation softened considerably. Bessemer billets were quoted down to $26, mill. Open-hearth billets continued to command the top of the market, up to $28, making an unusual "spread" between the two grades.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 7.—The copper production of the Butte district in April was 25,087,200 pounds, against 24,757,700 in March, 1910, and 25,347,420 in April, 1909. The mines are running at full capacity. The output of the Shannon mine in April was 1,288,000 pounds of copper, compared with 1,418,000 in the corresponding month of last year. Greene Cananea in April produced 4,262,000 pounds of copper, in March 3,700,000 pounds, and in February 3,500,000 pounds. The April production of First National Copper is estimated at 1,120,000 pounds.

Some mineral figures, with comparisons, in tons are the following:

	April, 1910.	April, 1909.
Baltic	1,281	1,060
Champlain	1,291	1,049
Franklin	73	....
Mohawk	688	576
Trimountain	424	409
Wolverine	515	510

The results of the milling of rock from the Lake Copper Company mine during April are considerably better, 35.1 pounds of metal per ton having been obtained, whereas in March the figures were 28. The returns are still much below those of the early mill runs, but it is argued that no fair idea of the commercial value of the lode can be had until a larger stoping area is opened up.

Both drills in South Lake are in rock, one at 1,940 feet, and the other at 2,058. The north drift at the twelfth level of Winona has entered high-grade copper ground. In the Keweenaw a diamond drill has encountered what the management believes is the Kearsarge lode at a depth of 926 feet. Latest reports from Hancock show that the underground workings continue in first-class copper ground.

President Amster, who is on a visit to Arizona Commercial, has ordered the Eureka shaft sunk 300 feet deeper, and drifting both east and west continued on the Black Hawk vein. He writes optimistically concerning the property.

Two winzes are being sunk on the black oxide vein of Superior and Boston to determine the extent of the ore body, which at present assays 8 per cent. copper. The output of the Steptoe plant of Nevada Consolidated in April was about 6,000,000 pounds of blister copper, which is about the limit of capacity.

At Ely Central the Eureka shaft is bottomed in ore at 460 feet. Advices from First National Copper are that an ore body estimated to contain 80,000 pounds of 3 per cent. copper is being opened. It is estimated that the new mill of Ray Consolidated will have a daily capacity of 8,000 tons, possibly 10,000.

The Weekly Financial Review.

The purchase by French bankers of vast amounts of American securities during last week was an event of considerable importance, as it set the foreign exchange market in our favor, while giving a cheerful tone to our stock markets and to the general trade situation. In to-day's NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW the significance of the transactions is plainly told, and in addition the methods and peculiarities of French stock markets and investment handling is interestingly described.

The reason why railroads have turned to short-term notes to raise capital, and its meaning to investors; the speculation in land in the West, significant of the taking up of agriculture by young men as a career, and the unusual situation in the soft coal trade, whose activity would usually mean great industrial expansion, are told of in important articles.

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SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED MAY 7. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 4,453,056 SHARES.

Range for Year 1909. High	Range for Year 1909. Low	Range for Year 1910. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Closing Saturday, May 7. Bid.	Ask	Week's Net Change	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended May 7. First	High	Low	Last	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended May 7, '10.
16⅞	12¾	15	Jan. 3.	9¼	Mar. 24.	9¾	10	..	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	....	..	..	10	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	16	600
57½	38	54¾	Jan. 5.	32	May 3.	35	40	−2	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,150,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	33½	33½	32	33	50¾	400
96⅛	65	90¾	Jan. 3.	63⅛	May 3.	66	66⅛	−1¼	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Feb. 28, '10.	½	Q	66¾	67	63⅛	66	84¼	382,820
50	33½	49	Jan. 10.	40½	Feb. 8.	42¼	44¼	+1½	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	....	..	..	42½	43	41½	43	40	1,300
49½	20¼	47¼	Jan. 10.	31¾	Feb. 8.	35½	36	..	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	....	..	..	35¾	36¾	35	36	36	6,900
98	82	95	Mar. 16.	89⅞	Jan. 25.	92	93½	..	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	90½	90½	90½	90½	91	20
15⅛	7½	13⅞	Jan. 3.	8¾	Apr. 28.	10	10¼	..	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	9½	10¼	9⅜	9⅝	11	2,900
86	71½	81½	Jan. 6.	71	May 2.	71¾	73	−¾	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Apr. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	71	72¼	71	71¾	78½	2,790
76½	44¼	72⅞	Jan. 3.	55½	May 2.	58	59	+½	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	½	Q	57½	59⅝	55½	58¼	55½	14,600
124¾	107½	120	Mar. 9.	113⅜	May 7.	112½	115	−2⅝	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	115	115	113⅜	113⅜	116⅞	306
79¼	42⅛	69¾	Mar. 9.	57	Feb. 8.	65	65¼	+5	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '09.	5	A	59	65⅝	59	65	66½	8,940
107¼	98	106	Apr. 19.	101	Feb. 1.	101	104½	−3½	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '09.	3	SA	102½	102½	102½	102½	..	100
10	6¼	8⅛	Jan. 5.	5¾	May 3.	6	6¼	..	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	6¼	6¼	5¾	6¼	7⅝	900
51⅞	34	47⅞	Jan. 3.	29½	Apr. 28.	32½	34	+¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	31	32½	31	31½	42⅜	2,330
42¼	18⅞	29¼	Mar. 8.	20	Feb. 3.	24	24½	+½	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,042,500	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	23¼	25	23	24½	41⅛	2,600
20	12	17¾	Jan. 3.	12¾	Apr. 28.	13	13½	..	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	17¼	100
47¾	29	46⅞	Jan. 3.	32	May 2.	33	35	−1⅝	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	33	34½	32	33⅝	39	2,600
69¼	49	62½	Jan. 3.	45⅝	Feb. 8.	47	47½	+½	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¼	..	47	48	45⅝	47¼	58⅜	7,900
11½	6	8	Feb. 18.	5½	Feb. 8.	5¾	6	+½	American Malt Corp.	100	5,612,100	....	..	..	6	6	5½	5⅞	7⅝	600
59	38	48	Mar. 21.	33	Jan. 20.	35¼	35½	+1½	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,651,800	May 3, '10.	2½	SA	36	36	35¼	35¼	49	1,850
105½	77¾	104	Jan. 3.	72¾	May 3.	77⅝	77¾	+1⅛	American Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1	Q	76¼	78⅛	72¾	77¾	93¾	226,600
116¾	101	112¾	Jan. 3.	102⅛	Apr. 29.	103⅛	104	+⅛	American Smelt. & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	103	103½	103	103⅛	110¼	1,320
92	80	90⅞	Jan. 3.	86¾	Feb. 8.	87	87¼	−1	American Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	87	87⅛	87	87⅛	88	200
105	95	100	May 3.	95½	Jan. 13.	97	99	+1⅝	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	100	100	100	100	102	100
66⅜	34¾	66	Jan. 10.	54½	Feb. 4.	55½	56½	−1⅛	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	....	..	..	59	59	56½	56½	39	1,900
136⅜	115⅞	127½	Feb. 28.	118¼	Feb. 7.	123	125	+3⅜	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '10.	1¾	Q	120⅛	124⅜	120	124⅜	134½	4,250
131	118	124	Feb. 28.	119	May 4.	120	124	−1⅞	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 2, '10.	1¾	Q	119⅞	119⅞	119	119⅞	128	500
145⅛	125	143⅞	Feb. 24.	133⅛	May 2.	134¾	135	+1⅛	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	259,115,800	Apr. 15, '10.	2	Q	133½	135½	133⅛	135	141	10,202
104	90½	99¾	Mar. 14.	91	Feb. 3.	94	95	+1¼	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	95	95¼	94⅞	95¼	103½	530
40½	26	39½	Mar. 18.	31	Feb. 8.	34½	35	+3⅛	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	31¾	36	31¾	35⅝	36½	1,700
107¾	93¾	104	Mar. 7.	97⅛	Apr. 30.	98¾	100	+1	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	97⅞	98¾	97⅞	98¾	104¾	720
54⅞	37¾	54	Jan. 3.	38	May 3.	40½	41	+¼	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	30,000,000	Apr. 20, '10.	50c	Q	40	41⅛	38	41	51¾	16,100
*20	*20	36	Mar. 2.	25	Feb. 25.	32	36	−3	Ann Arbor	100	3,250,000	....	..	..	33	33	33	33	..	100
..	..	72½	Mar. 8.	48½	Feb. 23.	70	72	+½	Ann Arbor pf.	100	4,000,000	....	..	..	70	70½	70	70½	..	250
125⅝	97⅞	124⅛	Jan. 3.	105¾	May 2.	108¾	109	+¾	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	164,748,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1½	Q	107¼	109¾	105¾	108½	109¼	93,950
..	..	5-32	Apr. 4.	8-64	Apr. 20.	..	..	+1-64	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe rights	...	....				1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16		2,000
106¾	100¼	104¼	Jan. 10.	101½	Apr. 29.	101½	102	−¾	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '10.	2½	SA	102	102⅜	101¾	101¾	104⅜	1,660
143½	107½	137½	Jan. 5.	120	May 2.	121	124	−1¼	Atlantic Coast Line	100	56,963,900	Jan. 10, '10.	3	SA	122	123½	120	123	127¼	2,500
122¼	103½	119⅛	Jan. 8.	106	Apr. 28.	108¾	109	+1½	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,216,800	Mar. 1, '10.	3	SA	107⅝	109½	106⅛	108⅞	115⅛	14,152
96	91	94	Jan. 7.	90	Feb. 4.	89	91	+1	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	2	SA	91	91	91	91	95¾	500
5½	2⅞	3¼	Jan. 5.	2¾	Mar. 29.	2¾	3	+⅛	Batopilas Mining	20	8,929,920	Dec.31,'07.	12½c	..	3	3	3	3	3⅞	100
36¼	18¾	34	Jan. 3.	26½	Feb. 3.	27¼	29½	+¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	28	29¼	28	29½	26⅜	343
82⅞	67	82	Apr. 18.	68½	Feb. 7.	78⅝	78⅞	+2⅝	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1	Q	75⅝	79⅝	73¾	78⅝	79⅛	75,220
164½	118	164½	Jan. 3.	133	May 3.	137½	142	−1	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,997,500	Apr. 1, '10.	3	SA	136	138	133	138	134¾	614
21⅛	13	18⅛	Jan. 3.	12	Apr. 29.	11½	13	..	Brunswick T. & Ry. Securities Co.	100	7,000,000	....	..	..	12	12	12	12	14½	100
189⅜	165	186	May 5.	176¾	Feb. 8.	185½	185¾	+2⅞	**Canadian Pacific**	100	149,998,900	Apr. 1, '10.	§3½	SA	182¾	186	181¼	185⅝	181	16,955
51¾	25½	48¾	Jan. 3.	35½	Feb. 3.	41¾	41⅞	+½	Central Leather Co.	100	39,545,100	....	..	..	40¾	42⅞	39	41¾	30⅜	51,463
111	99¾	109¼	Mar. 8.	105¼	Feb. 7.	106	107	−1¼	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,226,600	Apr. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	105⅞	106⅞	105⅞	106	104	480
323½	215	312	Jan. 7.	275	May 2.	270	290	−5	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	May 2, '10.	2	Q	275	275	275	275	291	100
115	105	119	Jan. 25.	115	May 4.	114	118	−1	Central & South American Teleg.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 8, '10.	1½	Q	115	115	115	115	..	100
91¼	55⅝	92	Jan. 3.	77⅛	Feb. 8.	85⅝	85⅝	+2⅝	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Mar. 31, '10.	1	Q	82¼	86¼	81⅝	85⅝	78¼	46,450
74¾	57⅞	66¾	Jan. 3.	44	May 7.	..	45	−6	Chicago & Alton	100	19,537,800	Feb. 15, '10.	2	SA	48¾	48¾	44	44	70	900
37⅜	31½	36⅞	Jan. 3.	26	May 2.	26⅜	27	−⅝	Chicago Great Western	100	40,627,400	....	..	..	26½	27½	26	26⅝	..	2,976
64¾	58⅝	64⅛	Jan. 10.	49⅞	May 3.	51¼	52½	−1	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	38,581,400	....	..	..	51¾	52	49⅞	51	..	2,120
165⅛	141	158⅜	Jan. 3.	134½	May 2.	138⅞	139⅛	+2½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '10.	3½	SA	137	139⅞	134½	139	151⅞	61,253
181	158½	172¼	Jan. 3.	156	Apr. 5.	158½	160	+1	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '10.	3½	SA	158	159	156½	159	166	1,000
198½	173½	182½	Jan. 3.	146¼	Apr. 28.	149⅝	150	+1⅝	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	Jan. 3, '10.	3½	SA	147½	150	147	149⅝	182¼	5,110
167	148	162½	Feb. 23.	140	Apr. 28.	140	150	+½	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	Feb. 21, '10.	3½	SA	142½	142½	142½	142½	..	100
7	3½	5⅝	Jan. 4.	3¾	May 4.	4	4½	..	Chi. Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	8,523,000	....	..	..	4	4	3⅝	4	6⅝	300
18¼	7¾	12¼	Jan. 4	7⅝	Feb. 7.	9¾	10½	+1¼	Chi. Union Traction pf., tr. rcts.	100	4,571,700	....	..	..	9	9¾	9	9¾	18	1,150
83¼	68	92¼	Mar. 18.	77	Jan. 20.	82⅛	82½	+½	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Mar. 1, '10.	2	SA	80	82	80	81½	75¾	800
53	29	50	Jan. 3.	32½	Feb. 7.	37¼	37½	+1¼	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	36⅞	38½	35⅝	38	40⅝	4,100
115	67	120	Jan. 19.	110	Feb. 17.	113	120	+⅞	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	2,000,000	Feb. 20, '03.	4	..	115	115	115	115	..	100
68¼	51	65¾	Feb. 25.	54½	Feb. 8.	61⅛	62	+8⅞	Colorado & Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '09.	2	A	57½	62¼	56⅞	61½	65½	18,140
86	76½	83	Mar. 4.	75	Apr. 30.	75½	76½	−2⅛	Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '10.	2	SA	75	76½	75	75⅛	84¼	550
84½	73¼	81	Jan. 6.	75	Apr. 30.	75	76½	−1⅛	Colorado & Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '10.	2	SA	76	76	75	75	82	300
91½	21⅜	92½	Jan. 4.	7	Apr. 27.	8½	12	+3	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron	100	6,990,800	Mar. 1, '04.	¼	..	8¾	10	8¾	10	63	450
165¼	114½	160⅜	Jan. 3.	130⅛	May 3.	134	134½	+1¼	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,809,000	Mar. 15, '10.	1	Q	132⅞	136¼	130⅛	134½	137⅞	31,560
26½	16½	23¼	Jan. 6.	14⅝	Apr. 28.	15	15½	..	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	15	15¾	14¾	15	23⅞	2,833
93½	73¼	86⅝	Jan. 3.	74	Apr. 28.	75	77	−⅞	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,817,600	Apr. 11, '10.	†2	Q	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	88¾	100
200	167¾	185	Jan. 3.	167	May 2.	167	173	+¾	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,501,000	Mar. 21, '10.	2¼	Q	167¼	170	167	169	185	1,900
680	535	620	Mar. 21.	560	May 2.	555	565	−10	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	50	30,277,000	Apr. 20, '10.	2½	Q	565	565	560	560	669	370
54	37⅝	52	Jan. 3.	36	Feb. 8.	39	39⅜	+¾	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	38	40⅝	37½	39¼	51½	8,530
90	79½	84	Jan. 3.	76½	Feb. 8.	79⅜	80	+1	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,772,400	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	77½	79	77	79	87½	1,071
41⅝	32½	36¾	Jan. 10.	27	Feb. 3.	29¾	30	+1¼	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,768,000	Apr. 30, '10.	½	Q	28¾	30½	28½	29¾	39⅜	2,860
21	14¼	18¾	Jan. 3.	14	Feb. 3.	13½	14	−⅜	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	14⅜	14⅜	14	14	17⅝	500
36½	28	34⅝	Jan. 4.	23½	May 2.	25	26¾	..	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	23½	25	23⅛	25	32¼	710
..	..	72¾	Apr. 15.	70½	May 2.	69½	71	−2¼	Duluth Superior Traction	100	3,500,000	....	..	..	70½	70½	70½	70½	..	100
39	22⅝	34⅝	Jan. 5.	25¼	Feb. 8.	28¼	28½	+⅞	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	27½	28⅝	26¼	28¼	32½	14,010
56¾	36½	52¾	Mar. 8.	41¾	Feb. 7.	44½	45¼	+½	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	44	45¾	43	44½	50	2,600
46	28½	42	Mar. 8.	32⅞	Feb. 8.	36	36½	+1½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	34⅛	37	33¾	35¾	40	2,300
108	98½	107	Mar. 18.	103	Jan. 4.	101	105	..	**General Chemical Co.** pf.	100	12,500,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	102	102	102	102	103	100
172¾	150⅛	160⅞	Jan. 6.	145¾	May 2.	146½	147¼	+1	General Electric Co.	100	65,179,600	Apr. 15, '10.	2	Q	146⅝	147	145¾	147	160½	4,900
110½	91	112½	Jan. 5.	40	Apr. 7.	41	100	..	Granby Con. Min. Smelt. & Power	100	14,118,400	Dec. 31, '09.	2	..	40	40	40	40	104¾	100
157⅞	136⅝	143⅞	Jan. 3.	130¾	Jan. 20.	133½	134	+1¼	Great Northern pf.	100	209,950,400	May 2, '10.	1¾	Q	131⅞	134¼	130¾	133¾	146	27,760
88½	65⅛	80½	Jan. 4.	61	Apr. 28.	63	63½	+1	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 15, '10.	50c	SA	62¾	64¼	61	63	72½	6,230
118	110	116¼	Jan. 7.	116¼	Jan. 7.	..	..	..	**H. B. Claflin Co.**	100	3,829,100	Apr. 15, '10.	2	Q	110	110	110	110	..	20
103	39	97½	Apr. 14.	88½	Jan. 20.	..	95	..	Havana Electric Ry.	100	7,500,000	Feb. 14, '10.	1	Q	92	92	92	92	53	100
126	97	133	Mar. 21.	102	Feb. 7.	120	124	+4	Hocking Valley	100	3,214,800	Jan. 17, '10.	2	SA	120	124	120	124	..	200
162⅛	137	147	Jan. 5.	132	May 3.	133½	134⅞	−⅛	**Illinois Central**	100	109,270,400	Mar. 1, '10.	3½	SA	134½	134½	132	133	146½	1,700
25⅞	11⅝	25½	Jan. 11.	18	Feb. 3.	20⅜	20½	+¾	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	....	..	..	19⅜	21⅛	19	20¼	16⅝	31,100
63⅜	36¾	62⅞	Jan. 12.	45⅛	Feb. 8.	54¼	54½	+2¼	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	52	55	50⅜	54¼	46¼	33,100
118¾	62	125⅞	Jan. 10.	83⅛	Feb. 8.	92	92½	+2⅛	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Apr. 15, '10.	1	Q	90¼	92½	89¾	92½	83⅜	6,460
128	109¼	129	Jan. 4.	120	Feb. 17.	122	125	..	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	122	122	122	122	121½	300
19¼	9½	16	Jan. 3.	10½	May 3.	11½	12	−⅜	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	11¼	11⅝	10½	11⅝	13¼	3,150
69¾	47¾	61½	Jan. 3.	47¾	May 7.	48	50	−2⅜	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Apr. 15, '10.	½	Q	50	50	47¾	47¾	57¾	2,150
54¼	33½	54⅝	Jan. 7.	42	Mar. 28.	46	46⅜	+4	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	42¼	46⅛	42¼	46⅛	41¾	1,600
91¾	82½	90¾	Jan. 17.	82½	Feb. 7.	84½	85	+¼	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	May 2, '10.	1½	Q	83½	85¼	83½	85¼	89	315
36	26¾	30	Jan. 3.	18½	May 2.	20	20½	..	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	19	20⅝	18½	20	32¼	3,300
62	48	54¼	Jan. 3.	37	Apr. 30.	38	38½	+½	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,300	May 1, '00.	1½	..	37¾	39¾	37¾	38½	58½	2,100
57	42	95	May 6.	52	Feb. 18.	91	..	+4	**Kanawha & Michigan**	100	9,000,000	....	..	..	95	95	95	95	..	284
82	74	80	Feb. 18.	75½	May 3.	77	80	+1⅞	Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. pf.	100	13,510,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1	Q	75½	78	75½	78	77¾	300
50¼	37	44¼	Jan. 3.	31	May 2.	33	33½	−⅛	Kansas City Southern	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	31½	34	31	32⅛	46	4,910
75½	67⅞	71	Jan. 4.	63¼	May 2.	66	66¼	+1⅜	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1	Q	63¼	66	63¼	66	72⅞	1,200
11¾	5	9	Jan. 4.	7½	Feb. 1.	6	9	..	Keokuk & Des Moines	100	2,600,400	....	..	..	7	7	7	7	..	20
113⅜	104	116½	Jan. 10.	97	Feb. 7.	99⅞	100	−¼	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	8,500,000	Mar. 15, '10.	1¼	Q	99½	100½	99½	100	..	900
99	92	95	May 3.	95	May 3.	..	98	+2	Laclede Gas Co. pf.	100	2,500,000	Dec. 15, '09.	2½	SA	95	95	95	95	..	100
29½	19½	25¾	Jan. 5.	15	Apr. 29.	16	18	..	Lake Erie & Western	100	11,840,000	....	..	..	16	17	16	17	25½	825
64⅞	48	62¾	Jan. 3.	55	Feb. 8.	50	60	..	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08.	1	..	48	48	48	48	53	60
71¼	59	70¼	Apr. 14.	62	Feb. 3.	64	66	..	Long Island	50	12,000,000	Nov., 1896.	1	..	64½	65	64	65	67	760
162½	121	159⅜	Jan. 5.	141¼	Feb. 3.	145	145½	+½	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 10, '10.	3½	SA	145	146	142	145½	139⅝	8,000
95½	70	91⅛	Jan. 5.	85	Jan. 17.	85	88	−2⅞	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Apr. 1, '10.	-¼	Q	86	86	86	86	78½	100
77⅞	69½	78¼	Jan. 10.	75½	Apr. 29.	75½	77	+¼	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1	Q	76½	76½	75¾	75¾	73	292
153½	137	139	Mar. 8.	132	May 2.	132	135	−¾	Manhattan Elevated	100	60,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	132	133¼	132	133¼	146	625
9	5⅝	7½	Jan. 5.	5	May 4.	5	5½	−⅝	Mercantile Marine	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	5	5¼	5	5	8⅛	600
27⅞	18¾	24⅜	Jan. 5.	16½	Apr. 28.	17	18	..	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	17	17¼	16¼	17¼	25	1,200
65	51	53¾	Jan. 4.	32	Apr. 15.	33½	35½	+¾	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	33½	35½	33½	35½	59½	1,200
90	81	80	Feb. 23.	65	May 5.	63	69	−¾	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	65	68	65	68	..	710
149½	132½	145	Mar. 3.	130¼	Jan. 19.	135½	136½	−1½	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,831,900	Apr. 15, '10.	3½	SA	136½	137½	134⅜	135¼	137½	3,560
164	147	155½	Mar. 2.	145	May 2.	143	148	−5	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie pf.	100	10,415,900	Apr. 15, '10.	3½	SA	145	145	145	145	149¾	100
94	89	92¾	Jan. 3.	86½	May 5.	86½	89	−2	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,095,100	Apr. 1, '10.	2	SA	86½	86½	86½	86½	..	100
50½	35½	51⅛	Jan. 5.	38	Feb. 3.	41¾	41⅞	+2¼	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	39	42⅛	38½	41¾	43⅝	35,650
78¼	71	74⅝	Jan. 5.	68½	Apr. 29.	68	70	..	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '09.	2	SA	69	69	68½	68½	73½	210
77½	65	73	Mar. 9.	65¼	Feb. 3.	68½	69	+2½	Missouri Pacific	100	83,084,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	66½	69	66	69	74¾	3,700
120	96½	115	Jan. 8.	101	Feb. 4.	100½	109	..	**National Biscuit Co.**	100	29,236,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1¼	Q	103	103	103	103	105⅞	10
130	118½	125	Jan. 17.	121	Feb. 23.	122	123¾	−¼	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Feb. 28, '10.	1¾	Q	122½	122½	122	122	126	205
30¼	12⅜	28½	Jan. 3.	20¼	Feb. 7.	19½	21½	+½	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	½	..	21	21	21	21	14½	100
94	71¼	89⅝	Jan. 4.	72¾	May 3.	75½	76	−¾	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	76⅛	76⅝	72¾	75½	88½	19,125
113¾	102¾	110½	Jan. 17.	106⅝	May 4.	106½	108½	−1⅞	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,463,600	Mar. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	107½	107½	106⅝	106⅝	107	830
64	44½	65½	Mar. 24.	60	Feb. 3.	61½	66	+1	National Rys. of Mexico 1st pf.	100	28,830,200	Feb. 10, '10.	1	SA	63	64¼	63	64¼	50⅞	700
26⅝	21	29⅞	May 6.	24⅝	Jan. 15.	29½	29⅝	+1⅜	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	123,835,600	....	..	..	27½	29⅞	27½	29½	24⅝	24,460
97¼	80	95½	Jan. 3.	71	May 3.	72	72½	−2½	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	Oct. 22, '07.	2	..	74	74	71	72½	89⅝	1,370
147¾	120½	128	Mar. 9.	114⅞	Feb. 3.	119⅝	119¾	+1⅜	New York Central	100	222,722,400	Apr. 15, '10.	1½	Q	118	120⅜	117	119⅝	132⅝	46,425
69	48½	65½	Jan. 4.	55½	May 4.	55	58	−½	New York, Chi. & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	....	..	..	55½	55½	55½	55½	55⅜	100
95	76¼	98	Jan. 19.	82¾	Apr. 28.	85	90	+2¼	New York, Chi. & St. Louis 2d pf.	100	11,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	5	A	85¼	86	85	85	82	330
174¾	154	162	Mar. 14.	149	Apr. 28.	152¼	153½	+2¼	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	105,000,000	Mar. 31, '10.	2	Q	149¼	152½	149	152½	170¼	550
..	..	151	Mar. 11.	145	Jan. 20.	144½	146	+¼	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs., 1st pd.	100	....	Mar. 31, '10.	50c	Q	146	146	145¼	145¼	..	231
55⅝	42¼	50	Jan. 5.	41⅝	May 3.	42¼	43	..	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 9, '09.	2	A	42	43⅜	41⅝	42¼	49	3,860
102	84¼	108⅝	Mar. 21.	95	Jan. 25.	101½	102	+1	Norfolk & Western	100	68,610,000	Mar. 18, '10.	1¼	Q	100	102⅞	98¾	101½	91½	20,400
92½	85⅞	91¼	Mar. 16.	88	Feb. 2.	90	93	..	Norfolk & Western pf.	100	23,000,000	....	..	..	90	90	90	90	..	239
87½	72	84	Jan. 3.	70⅛	Apr. 28.	70¾	74	+1⅛	North American	100	29,779,700	Apr. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	70⅝	71⅞	70⅛	71⅞	82⅞	1,800
159½	133¼	145⅝	Jan. 3.	126	May 2.	129	129¼	+½	Northern Pacific	100	247,951,900	May 2, '10.	1¾	Q	128	129¾	126	129	145⅞	36,810
5⅝	2	3½	Feb. 17.	2⅛	May 6.	2½	8	..	**Ontario Mining Co.**	100	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02.	30c	..	2⅛	2½	2⅛	2½	..	275
115	88	118	Jan. 3.	105	Feb. 14.	108	114	+2	**Pacific Coast 2d pf.**	100	4,000,000	May 2, '10.	†2½	Q	110	110	110	110	..	200
48½	29⅛	43¼	Jan. 4.	24	Apr. 28.	26	26½	+⅛	Pacific Mail	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1	..	25¾	26¾	25⅛	25⅞	30¾	4,000
64½	45¼	46¼	Jan. 4.	33	Jan. 26.	31	35	−1	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	34	35⅞	34	34	..	400
151¼	126⅛	138½	Mar. 9.	129¼	Feb. 8.	131½	131⅝	+1½	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	401,364,150	Feb. 28, '10.	1½	Q	131⅝	132½	129⅞	131½	135¼	123,315
120	101½	116⅜	Jan. 3.	105½	Feb. 3.	107	107⅛	+⅝	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Feb. 25, '10.	1¾	Q	108	108	105¾	107⅛	114½	7,820
103½	99½	106½	Jan. 8.	97	Feb. 8.	97	99	−1	Philadelphia Co.	50	36,000,000	May 2, '10.	1½	Q	98	98	98	98	..	100
99⅞	86½	104⅝	Mar. 22.	95	Feb. 8.	100	100½	−1⅛	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	35,284,400	Feb. 15, '10.	2½	SA	98¾	100⅜	98¾	100¼	91	3,400
29⅜	10	27¾	Jan. 5.	17½	May 3.	18⅜	18¾	+¼	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....	..	..	18	18¾	17½	18¾	11⅛	2,250
87½	40	85	Jan. 3.	66½	Feb. 8.	71¾	73	+2¼	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Apr. 25, '10.	1¼	Q	69⅛	72	68	72	43⅜	1,100
56	30½	51⅞	Jan. 3.	35¼	Feb. 8.	37½	38	..	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	37	38	36½	38	42¼	1,510
111¾	96	107½	Jan. 5.	97½	May 4.	98	100	+¾	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Feb. 23, '10.	1¾	Q	99	99	97½	98½	105	410
200	169	200	Feb. 11.	156⅞	Apr. 29.	161	163	..	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	Feb. 15, '10.	2	Q	162	162	160½	162	187¼	955
9⅝	1⅝	3⅞	Apr. 5.	2⅝	Feb. 9.	3	4	..	**Quicksilver**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	3½	3½	3½	3½	7	200
10	3	5	May 2.	3½	Apr. 7.	4¾	5⅝	+⅛	Quicksilver pf.	100	4,291,300	May 8, '01.	½	..	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	6	600
54½	32½	51⅞	Jan. 3.	35	Feb. 7.	37½	38¼	+½	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	37½	40	37½	38	44	800
109	97⅞	107	Jan. 17.	100¼	Apr. 29.	100	103¼	+2⅜	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	13,500,000	Mar. 21, '10.	1¾	Q	103	103	103	103	105	100
173⅜	118	172¼	Feb. 18.	153⅜	May 3.	156⅜	156⅞	+⅛	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 1, '10.	3	SA	156	158⅜	153⅜	156⅝	151½	663,950
96	89	93½	Feb. 17.	90¼	May 2.	88½	91½	−½	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Mar. 10, '10.	2	SA	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	90	200
117½	90	110½	Jan. 3.	98	May 2.	98	100	+1½	Reading 2d pf.	50	42,000,000	Nov. 10, '10.	2	SA	98	100⅛	98	100⅛	96	1,300
49½	16⅝	45⅞	Jan. 3.	32	Apr. 28.	33	33¼	+¼	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	32⅛	33½	32	33¼	26¾	5,550
110¼	67⅛	104¼	Jan. 3.	96¼	May 2.	97	98	−1	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Apr. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	97	98	96¼	97	87	1,580
81	20⅞	57¼	Jan. 3.	38⅜	Jan. 20.	44	44¼	+¾	Rock Island Co.	100	90,618,300	....	..	..	42¼	45⅝	41⅜	44	29⅞	107,750
94¾	57⅝	92½	Apr. 9.	81	Jan. 25.	88	89	+3	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,758,500	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	86⅜	89	86⅜	89	71⅛	1,600
126	126	121½	May 5.	121½	May 5.	121	124	−2	Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg	100	10,000,000	Feb. 15, '10.	1¼	Q	121½	121½	121½	121½	..	100
74	65¼	73	Jan. 6.	64½	May 5.	63½	66	−2⅞	**St. Louis & San Fran.** 1st pf.	100	5,000,000	May 2, '10.	1	Q	65	66	64½	66	70¾	1,344
60¾	36	60	Apr. 5.	44	May 2.	46¼	46¾	+1¼	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	44	47	44	46¼	45¾	4,750
35⅜	20½	34½	Jan. 3.	24½	Feb. 8.	29¼	29½	+2	St. Louis Southwestern	100	16,356,200	....	..	..	26¾	29¼	26¾	29¼	25	3,000
82⅜	47½	77½	Jan. 3.	69¾	Feb. 7.	71¾	72¼	+¼	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	71½	72¾	71½	72	59½	700
..	..	166½	Apr. 14.	155¼	Apr. 29.	156	..	+1	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	30,000,000	Feb. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	157	158	157	158	..	400
94⅝	68	86¼	Jan. 3.	71	May 2.	72	73	+1	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	71	73	71	73	80⅞	2,900
139⅛	114⅜	138¼	Jan. 4.	117¾	May 3.	125⅝	125¾	+5⅛	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,200	Apr. 1, '10.	1½	Q	119⅞	125⅝	117¾	125⅝	122⅞	323,600
34	22	33¾	Jan. 3.	24	May 2.	26	26½	+⅝	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	25	26¾	24	26½	29⅜	1,110
75½	60	75	Jan. 3.	59	May 2.	60¼	61	−¼	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07.	1½	..	60	61	59	60¼	68	3,400
49	33½	40⅝	Jan. 3.	25	Apr. 29.	27	27½	+⅜	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Dec.23,'09.	$1.25	..	26	27¾	25	27¾	45⅝	3,800
40	40	60	May 4.	60	May 4.	60	..	+20	Texas Central	100	2,649,400	....	..	..	60	60	60	60	..	100
40½	30	36¾	Jan. 3.	26¼	Feb. 8.	31¾	32½	+1½	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	30¼	32	30	32	34⅝	6,600
93⅞	80½	92	Mar. 9.	83	Feb. 8.	85	86⅞	+¾	Texas Pacific Land Trust	100	5,284,700	....	..	..	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	90	600
42½	12¼	19½	Jan. 7.	6	Mar. 10.	6	7	+½	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	6	6½	6	6¼	33¼	1,200
54⅞	43	54⅝	Jan. 4.	38	May 6.	37⅞	39⅛	−1¼	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	38¾	39⅜	38	38¾	51¾	1,200
74¼	64¾	72¼	Jan. 4.	62½	Feb. 4.	63½	64	+⅜	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	2	SA	63¾	64¾	63	64⅛	70	2,100
116¼	97	117½	Jan. 3.	111	Jan. 25.	111½	113	−1	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	May 2, '10.	1½	Q	112⅞	113	111½	111½	103	493
15⅝	9¼	13¼	Jan. 8.	7⅞	Apr. 28.	8	9	..	**Union Bag & Paper Co.**	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	12¾	200
81¼	66	73	Jan. 13.	59½	May 7.	59	61	−½	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	11,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	1	Q	59½	59½	59½	59½	75	100
219	172½	204¾	Jan. 3.	175⅝	May 3.	180⅜	180½	+2⅝	Union Pacific	100	216,579,300	Apr. 1, '10.	2½	Q	178	181½	175⅝	180½	188⅞	517,040
118½	94	103¾	Jan. 7.	93¾	May 4.	94	94½	−1⅝	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Apr. 1, '10.	2	SA	95	95½	93¾	94⅜	96⅝	5,100
111	99	109½	Jan. 19.	106	May 2.	106	110	−3	United Cigar Manufacturers pf.	100	5,000,000	Mar. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	106	106	106	106	106	100
125½	115	122	Jan. 3.	104½	Apr. 28.	106	110½	+1½	United Dry Goods	100	11,163,100	May 2, '10.	2	Q	106	106	106	106	..	100
114	109	113⅞	Jan. 3.	108⅛	Apr. 8.	108	109	..	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,849,100	Mar. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	108½	109	108½	108½	..	495
47	30	42¼	Jan. 3.	33	Jan. 25.	..	..	−1½	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	33	33	33	33	37¼	200
77	50¼	72⅜	Jan. 8.	56½	Jan. 25.	..	..	−2	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	64½	64½	63	63	56¼	200
35½	24⅜	32	Jan. 3.	20¼	Apr. 26.	20	22	+½	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	20⅛	21½	20⅛	21	33	410
87½	70	84	Jan. 10.	69½	Apr. 30.	70	72	+¾	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fy. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	Mar. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	77	100
110	82	145	Jan. 10.	105	May 5.	104	112	−2	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '09.	3	SA	105	105	105	105	99	100
87	60	84¼	Jan. 4.	72	Feb. 8.	72½	73½	+½	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	May 2, '10.	1¼	Q	73½	73½	72½	73½	80⅜	850
17½	10	11	Jan. 14.	5	Apr. 30.	5¼	5¾	+¾	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '03.	1	..	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	10	100
57⅝	27	52½	Jan. 3.	35	Feb. 7.	40	41	+1½	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Apr. 30, '00.	1	..	39	41	38	40½	39¾	8,900
123½	98	116½	Jan. 10.	108	Feb. 7.	111	113	+½	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	39,824,000	Apr. 30, '10.	2	Q	110¼	112	109⅝	111	110⅝	2,380
89½	67½	84	Jan. 3.	76	Feb. 7.	75	78	+2	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,965,000	Apr. 30, '10.	1½	Q	77	78	77	78	..	200
94⅞	41¼	91	Jan. 3.	75	Feb. 8.	81⅞	82	+1¾	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Mar.30, '10.	‖1¾	Q	79⅞	83	78½	82	58	984,790
131	107	125⅜	Jan. 3.	115¾	Apr. 28.	117	117½	+1¼	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Feb. 28, '10.	1¾	Q	117¾	119	116⅝	117½	119½	19,060
67¼	39⅛	60¼	Jan. 6.	40¼	Apr. 28.	43¼	43½	+1⅝	Utah Copper	10	15,328,210	Mar. 31, '10.	75c	Q	42	44	40½	43½	52⅛	20,585
56⅞	40⅞	61⅛	Mar. 22.	47	Feb. 3.	57⅛	57½	+1⅛	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Aug. 20, '09.	3	..	56	58¼	55¼	57½	51⅝	20,825
128	114	129¼	Jan. 4.	121	Feb. 11.	122	125	+1¼	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf.	100	18,000,000	Apr. 15, '10.	2	Q	122½	123¼	122½	123¼	118	300
75⅞	57	73	Jan. 8.	58	Apr. 22.	56	60	−1	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	58	58	58	58	..	150
37¼	6	20	Jan. 24.	15	Feb. 4.	15	21	..	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	2,000,000	....	..	..	18	18	18	18	..	137
27⅞	15	27¾	Jan. 3.	18¼	Apr. 28.	19½	20	+½	**Wabash**	100	53,189,200	....	..	..	19½	20	18¼	20	20¼	6,400
61⅝	41	61	Jan. 3.	39¾	Feb. 8.	43	43¼	+1⅝	Wabash pf.	100	39,189,200	....	..	..	42	44¼	40⅜	43⅛	52⅝	28,000
..	..	54⅝	Mar. 12.	42¼	May 3.	43½	44½	−¼	Western Maryland Ry.	100	23,959,500	....	..	..	41½	45	42¼	44	..	3,300
85¼	64	78½	Mar. 4.	67	May 2.	68½	69	+⅜	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,701,600	Apr. 15, '10.	¾	Q	67¾	68⅝	67	68⅜	77	2,900
90	74	82½	Jan. 3.	61	Apr. 28.	62	62½	..	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	36,289,850	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	62½	63⅝	61	62½	84	4,400
145	110	130	Feb. 24.	110	May 3.	110	125	−13¼	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf.	50	3,998,700	Apr. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	110	110	110	110	120	200
12⅞	5	10	Jan. 3.	3	Apr. 28.	3¾	5	+¾	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	3½	3¾	3½	3½	12	300
25⅜	15¼	23	Jan. 3.	8¼	Apr. 26.	8	10	+½	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	....	..	..	8¼	8½	8¼	8½	25¼	250
15⅛	6½	13¼	Jan. 3.	4¼	May 2.	4⅝	4¾	+⅜	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	4¼	4¾	4¼	4⅝	14¼	200
63⅝	35⅞	63	Mar. 7.	45½	Feb. 4.	50	51	+¾	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	47½	50	47½	50	58½	800

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BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD COMPANY

First Refunding Four Per Cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds

To the holders of bonds of the above issue:

In view of the appointment of a Receiver of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Company, the lessee of the property of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company, and at the written request of a large number of bondholders, the undersigned have organized as a Committee to protect the interests of the First Refunding Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company, dated April 1, 1901.

Bondholders are invited to deposit their bonds promptly with the Committee's Depositary, THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 15 Nassau Street, New York City, which, on behalf of the Committee, will issue transferable Certificates of Deposit therefor. The deposit agreement, copies of which may be obtained from the depositary, is designed primarily to conserve and maintain the rights of the bondholders, and in case the Committee shall find it necessary to adopt or recommend a plan of reorganization, any holder of certificates of deposit who may be dissatisfied with such plan will be entitled to withdraw his bonds within twenty days from the commencement of the publication of notice that such plan has been adopted or recommended, upon payment of a proportionate part of the expenses of the Committee, but without compensation to the Committee for its services.

Dated May 3, 1910.

ALVIN W. KRECH, Chairman;
JOHN L. BILLARD,
JAMES S. KUHN,
ROBERT WINSOR,
ASA S. WING,
Committee.

LYMAN RHOADES, Secretary,
15 Nassau Street, New York City.
JOHN QUINN,
Counsel to the Committee.

BID FOR STATE BONDS.

In accordance with Senate Bill No. 309, Chapter 99 of the Laws of 1910, authorizing the issuance of State bonds for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Government of the State of Mississippi, I, E. F. Noel, as Governor of the State of Mississippi, in accordance with said law, hereby give notice that on the 6th day of June, 1910, at or about twelve o'clock noon, at the Governor's office, in the City of Jackson, Mississippi, the Governor, Treasurer, and Auditor of the State of Mississippi will receive sealed bids for the issue of Six Hundred Thousand Dollars of twenty-year non-taxable bonds of the State of Mississippi in series of Five Hundred Dollars each, redeemable by the State at the expiration of twenty years from the date of issuance. Said bonds to bear interest at a rate of not exceeding four per centum per annum and the interest thereon payable on the 1st day of January and July of each year at the Treasurer's office at Jackson, Mississippi. All bids must be accompanied by certified check for one-tenth of the amount of bonds bid for, and the right is hereby reserved to reject any and all bids.

I, E. F. Noel, Governor of the State of Mississippi, do this 30th day of April, 1910, authorize publication to be made in three newspapers, in accordance with the law, and declaring that the sale of the said bonds will be made on the day designated in said notices and to continue from day to day thereafter until said bonds are sold as the law requires.

E. F. NOEL,
Governor of the State of Mississippi.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

The Metropolitan Telephone & Telegraph Company

First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds.

The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee, under a certain Mortgage dated May 24th, 1888, and an agreement dated November 1st, 1888, both executed by The Metropolitan Telephone & Telegraph Company, which the New York Telephone Company has assumed and agreed to pay, hereby invites proposals for the sale to it, on July 1st, 1910, of bonds secured by said Mortgage, at a price satisfactory to the New York Telephone Company, at a rate not exceeding par and ten per centum premium, to such an amount as shall not exceed the sum of $13,571.42.

THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY
as Trustee,
By GUY RICHARDS, Secretary.
New York, May 2, 1910.

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LACKAWANNA STEEL
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LOUISVILLE PROPERTY CO.
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Bought, Sold, and Quoted
WEED and GWYNNE,
7907-8 Hanover. 25 Wall St., N. Y. City.

TO THE HOLDERS of CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued by **Speyer & Co.** for

NATIONAL STARCH COMPANY

Five Per Cent. Debenture Bonds;

NATIONAL STARCH MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Six Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds.

Notice is hereby given to the depositors under the Protective Agreement, dated the twenty-second day of December, 1909, entered into between holders of the Debenture five per cent. twenty-five-year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of National Starch Company, and holders of the First Mortgage Six per cent. thirty-year Gold Bonds of National Starch Manufacturing Company and the undersigned committee, that the Committee appointed by such Protective Agreement have prepared, approved, and adopted a plan and agreement for the readjustment of the indebtedness of the National Starch Company, and that a copy of such plan and agreement has been filed with Messrs. Speyer & Co., Nos. 24-26 Pine St., New York, N. Y., the depositary named in said agreement.

Dated New York, April 28, 1910.

J. D. HIGGINS,
JOY MORTON,
A. HECKSCHER,
EDWIN S. MARSTON,
Committee.

A. V. HEELY, Secretary of the Committee, 22 William St., New York.

WANTED

Pere Marquette 1st Pref. & Com.
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Waltham Watch Pref. & Com.
N. E. Investment Sec's Pref.
American Glue Com. & Pref.
Hood Rubber Pref.
Am. Investment Sec's Com. & Pref.
Regal Shoe Pref.
Hartford Carpet Com. & Pref.
Central New England R. R.
Lawrence Gas
Georgia Railway & Electric Com.
Alvarado Com. Mines Co.
Coastwise Transportation
Niles-Bement-Pond
Union Twist Drill
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pref.
Whitman & Barnes Mfg. Co.
U. S. Envelope Com. & Pref.
Pere Marquette 6s, 1912
Am. Finance & Sec's 6s
(with equal stock)
Westchester Co. (N. Y.) Water 6s
Peoria Water Works Con. 4s, 1948

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INVESTORS READ

The Wall Street Journal

DIVIDENDS.

NORFOLK & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

The Board of Directors has declared upon the adjustment preferred stock a quarterly dividend of $1.00 per share, payable at the office of the company, Arcade Building, Philadelphia, Pa., on and after May 18, 1910, to the adjustment preferred stockholders of record at the close of business April 30, 1910.

E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.

25 Broad Street, New York, April 30, 1910.

A dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) has been declared on the Common stock of this Company, payable June 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., May 20, 1910. JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TAKE NOTICE THAT A MEETING OF THE holders of the Fifty-Year Consolidated First and Collateral Trust Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company under its mortgage to the Title Guaranty and Trust Company of Scranton, dated September 1st, 1903, is called to be held at the office of said Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company in the Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 28th day of May, 1910, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of acting upon a proposition to release from the lien of said mortgage the coal rights underlying three certain parcels of land in Susquehanna Township, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, containing respectively 146 acres, 134 perches, 51 acres more or less, and 113 acres, 45 perches.

Dated New York, April 22, 1910.

PENNSYLVANIA COAL AND COKE CO.,
By T. H. WATKINS, Receiver.

PROPOSALS.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 8th day of June, 1910, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $25,006.13. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, May 3d, 1910.

PICATINNY ARSENAL,
Dover, N. J., April 1, 1910.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, upon the blank forms furnished by this office only, will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M. Monday, May 16, 1910, for furnishing during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, Felt, Rope, Forage, Steel, Iron, Hardware, Lumber, Paints, Oils, Chemicals, Laboratory Supplies, Electrical Goods, etc. For information apply to the Commanding Officer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

New York, April 30, 1910.

The firm of GROSS & KLEEBERG, stock brokers of 25 Broad Street, New York City, is this day dissolved. Mr. PHILIP KLEEBERG will sign in liquidation. All persons having claims against said firm will please present them to him for settlement at his office, Room 1,114, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City.

The Long Island Loan and Trust Company offers its services as Depositary, Executor and Trustee.

Capital, Surplus & Profits $3,000,000

OFFICERS.

EDWARD MERRITT .... President
CLINTON L. ROSSITER, 1st Vice-President
DAVID G. LEGGETT, 2d Vice-President
FREDERICK T. ALDRIDGE ..... Secretary
WILLARD P. SCHENCK, Assistant Secretary
CHARLES R. GAY ...... Assistant Secretary

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

WALL STREET
CORNER NASSAV

THE MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
Bayonne, N. J.

Commenced Business March 1st, 1886.

STATE, CITY AND COURT DEPOSITARY.

Only Trust Company in New Jersey Clearing Through New York Clearing House.

Accommodations based on balances and responsibility.

Accounts maintained in principal cities.

OFFICERS.
DeWitt Van Buskirk, President.
C. B. Zabriskie, V. Pres. Wm. R. Wilde, Treas.
Frederic C. Earl, Sec'y. T. J. Kitts, Asst. Treas.
Chas. S. Noé, Chairman Board of Directors.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital $5,000,000
Surplus 18,000,000

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows interest on deposits. Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILROAD COMPANY.

Special Stockholders' Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, duly called by the Board of Directors of said Company, will be held in Room 825 in the Frisco Building, Corner of Ninth and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, on Monday, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1910, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of that day:

(a) to consider, act upon, and to authorize an increase of the bonded indebtedness of said Company in the additional amount of $50,000,000 by the issue of its New Orleans, Texas & Mexico Division First Mortgage Gold Bonds, limited to said aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding of $50,000,000, to be dated March 1, 1910, and payable on the first day of March, 1940, in gold coin of the United States of America, of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness, said bonds to bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, or to bear such rate of interest, not to exceed five per centum per annum, as the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee may, from time to time, fix, payable semi-annually on the first days of March and September in each year in like gold coin, and both principal and interest to be payable at the office or agency of this Company in the CITY OF NEW YORK, and also in

LONDON at $4.86 per pound Sterling; in AMSTERDAM at 2 Guilders 48 Cents to the dollar; in

FRANCE, BELGIUM and SWITZERLAND at 5 Francs 18 Centimes to the dollar; in

GERMANY at 4 Reichsmarks 20 Pfennigs to the dollar, and both as to principal and interest, free from any tax or taxes which this Company may be required to pay thereon or retain therefrom by or under any present or future law of the United States, or of any State, county or municipality therein. The said bonds to be redeemable at the option of this Company on March 1, 1927, or on any interest day thereafter at 105% and accrued interest, upon ninety days' notice. The payment of the total issue of said bonds to be secured by mortgage and deed of trust upon all of the railroads, and interests in railroads, equipment, franchises and property of the Colorado Southern, New Orleans and Pacific Railroad Company, a corporation of the State of Louisiana, the capital stock of which is owned by this Company, and to ratify the proceedings of the Board of Directors of said Company in authorizing the issue of said bonds and the use to be made thereof;

(b) to consider and act upon such other business as may properly be transacted at the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

Dated St. Louis, Missouri, March 12th, A. D. 1910.

F. H. HAMILTON, Secretary.
B. L. WINCHELL, President.

Crossways Realty Company

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the CROSSWAYS REALTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 26 Exchange Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 27th day of May, 1910, at two o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated New York City, May 6th, 1910.

ELKAN HOLZMAN, President.
JAMES STERN, Secretary.

MONEL METAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Monel Metal Manufacturing Company will be held at its office, No. 43 Exchange Place, in the City of New York, at 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, May 25th, 1910, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

F. S. JORDAN, Secretary.

Dated May 1, 1910.

S. PEARSON & SON, INCORPORATED.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of Stockholders of S. Pearson & Son, Incorporated, will be held at the principal office of the Company, 507 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, May 25th, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

H. D. FORBES, Secretary.

New York, May [illegible], 1910.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s	$1,250,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99½
Am.Cit. R. & L.	10,761,165	1½	S	Jan. 1, 10	60½	62
Do preferred	6,906,177	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	93½	94
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,500,000	..	..	....	45½	47
Do 6% cum.pf	2,735,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	82	83
Ariz. Power	3,000,000	..	..	....	24	26
Do preferred	825,000	..	..	....	44	50
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,707,000	3	S	May, 1910	†86	†91
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2	S	Apr., 1910	99	101
A. & S. E. RR. 1st & ref.5s,'42	1,425,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	100	102
Augusta R&E5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	98	..
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Apr. 9, 10	54	59
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Apr. 9, 10	90	93
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	Apr 15, 10	100	101
Do1st rf 5s,'46	1,300,000	2½	S	Jan., 1909	..	97
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	823,000	2½	S	May, 1910	94½	96½
Bangor R. & E 1st con. 5s,'35	1,851,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Binghamt'n Ry. 1st con. 5s, '31	863,000	2½	S	Mar 30,10	..	101
Birmingham R. & E. Co. 5s	957,000	2½	S	Jan., 1909	103½	..
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	Apr. 1, 10	88½	89½
Do 6s	1,300,000	3	S	May, 1910	100	104
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock	900,000	¾	S	Jan. 1, 10	14	20
Do 1st 4s,1950	700,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	55	65
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 11, 09	120	..
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	98	100
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	102	106
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933	250,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	97	102
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2½	Q	Apr., 1910	160	168
Buff. Cross'n 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	May, 1910	102¾	104
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	100	101½
Buff. & L. E. Tract. 5s, '36	5,005,000	V	V	V	..	83½
Hamb'g Ry.4s	650,000	2	S	May, 1910	82	86
Buf. & Lacka. Tr. 1st 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	94	96
Buf. & Lockpt. Ry. 5s	500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100	..
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P.1st5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	97½	99
Capitol Tract'n (Wash.)	12,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,10	131	132
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	115	116
Cataract P. & C.	2,000,000	3	S	Mar 1, 10	97	98
Do 1st 5s	1,367,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100	101½
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	3¾	Q	Oct. 1, 09	90	130
Do 1st 6s.1922	250,000	3	S	Nov. 1, 09	..	95
Charleston Con. R., G. & E.($50)	1,500,000	2	S	Jan 10, 10	25	30
Do con 5s, '99	1,713,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	92	94
Chas. City Ry. 5s. 1928	780,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	102½	103
Chattan'ga Rys	2,000,000	..	..	....	35	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 10	75	80
Do 1st 5s, '56	2,165,000	2½	S	May, 1910	95	98
Cit'z L,H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	May 2, 10	99	101
Clev., Painsv. & East. 1st5s,'16	500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	99	..
Clev.E.Ry.1st 5s	600,000	V	V	V	98	100
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s	1,073,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	88	92
Clev. Ry. 5s, '12	2,128,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98¼	99¾
Columbia G.&E.	50,000,000	..	..	....	22	24
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,080,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	69	71
Col'bus (Me.) El. 5s g '33	689,000	V	V	V	..	92
Colum's New'k & Z. 1st 5s	1,260,000	5½	A	Mar, 1910	95	97½
Com. Power 5s.	2,731,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	97	99
Conn. R. & L 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	101¼	102¼
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2¼	S	J. & J.	101½	102½
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	30	50
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	V	V	V	80	90
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,000	2	Q	Feb 28,10	60	80
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	78	83
Con. Gas,E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	9,831,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	82	84
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 10	74½	76
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	103¾	104¼
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,658,000	2½	S	May, 1910	..	94
Dayt. Lt. 5s, '37	1,582,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 10	..	†97
Detroit Ed'n 5s	8,822,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99½	101½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	Dec., 1908	96	100
Do 5%sc.,1914	1,100,000	2½	S	Feb., 1909	45	50
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,127,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	98	100
East Penn. Rys. 1st 5s, '36	2,905,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	80	83
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	98
Ed'nEl.(L.Ang.) pf. stock	V	V	V	V	80	80½
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	300	350
Elmira Water, L. & RR.1st 5s	1,661,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99	103
Do con. 5s	1,814,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	88	93
El Paso El. 5s.	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	97	100
Erie El. Mot.1st 6s	148,000	3	S	Apr., 1910	103	108
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	..	May 6, 09	200	220
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	99	101
Do inc.6s,1915	1,500,000	..	..	....	50	60
Grd. Rap.-Mus. Pow. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	97	99
Gd. Rapids Ry.	2,000,000	1	Q	Mar 1, 10	120	128
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	May 2, 10	89	91
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	†93	†96
Harwood El. 5s, '39	700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Herk. Co. L. & P. 1st 5s	390,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	101
Houston L.&P. 1st 5s, 1942	744,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99	101
Ind.Un.Tr.5s,'33	1,250,000	V	V	V	70	77½
Int. Ry. of Buf.:						
Buf. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	105	106
Do deb. 6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	Mar, 1910	105	106
L.&O.Div1st5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	96	99
B.&L.Div1st5s	500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	..	101
B&NFD1st5s	750,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	..	105
Int. Trac. 4s,'49	18,335,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	65	66
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	May, 1910	75¼	76½
Joplin & Pit.Ry. 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	95	97
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,635,600	..	..	....	27½	28½
Do pref.	9,522,000	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 10	76¾	77¾
Do 1st r. 5s	9,220,000	2½	S	May 15,10	96¾	96⅝
Do 6% notes	4,125,000	3	S	Mar, 1910	98¼	98¾
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	84	88
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937	2,500,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	101	103
Knox. R. & L.5s	1,932,000	V	V	V	94	95
Knoxv. Trac.5s	824,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	102	..
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33	1,981,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	102½	104
Los.A. G. & E.5s	1,100,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	96	98
Memph. St.R.5s	7,394,000	2½	S	May, 1910	98	99½
Met. St. Ry.	9,550,400	1¾	..	July 1, 07	15	25
Mil. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '29	5,000,000	2½	S	May, 1910	102	104
Minn. Gen. E. 1st con. 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99	101
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	4,208,000	2½	S	Jan 15, 10	103	104
Nash. R. & El.5s	4,034,000	V	V	V	101	103
Nashv. R. & L.	4,000,000	V	V	....	..	56
Do preferred	2,500,000	V	V	....	85	..
Do con 5s,'53	4,034,000	V	V	....	100	102½
Do ref. 5s,'58	1,785,000	V	V	....	93½	95
Nassau L & P5s	547,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	99	101½
Np.News & O.P. R. & El.5s, '41	1,700,000	2½	S	V	75	..
New Orl. Ry. & Lt. gen. 4½s	15,043,000	2¼	S	Jan., 1910	86	87
N. Orl. Rys.	V	V	V	V	26¼	26½
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	63	64
N.Y.&N.J.5s,'32	V	V	V	V	100¼	101¾

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.	1,250,000	..	..	....	53	58
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Mar. 1, 10	77	80
Do 1st 5s	2,350,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	100	101
Ninth Avenue	V	V	V	V	150	170
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & M.	99	..
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99	101
Nor. Hudson Co Ry. ext. 5s	100,000	2½	S	Feb, 1910	100	103
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2	S	May, 1910	77	79
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,533,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	96	99
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,616,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	97	100
Omaha El. L. & P. 1st g. 5s,'33	1,143,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	97½	99½
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	May 2, 10	96½	98½
Pacific Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '42	2,350,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	99¾	100¾
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	6,724,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Port. Gen. El.5s	6,348,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99	101
Pub. Ser. Corp.	23,437,000	1¼	Q	V	117	119
Do certs	19,848,255	2¼	S	May 1, 10	101	103
Puget Sd. El.Ry.	3,500,000	V	V	V	..	25
Do preferred	3,000,000	V	V	V	..	82
Do 1st 5s, '32	4,179,000	V	V	V	..	96
Rochester Ry.	3,000,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	..	104
††Do c. 5s, '30	2,000,000	V	V	V	100	..
RochG.&El1st5s	16,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Roch. Ry.&L.5s	4,828,000	2½	S	May 1, 10	88	90
Roch.,Syr.&E.5s	530,000	2½	S	May 2, 10	98	100
Rockld. L.&P.5s						
Rutland R., L. & P.1st 5s,1946	1,510,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	96½
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	May, 1910	99	101½
Sagn. Val. Tr. 5s	813,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	96½	98½
San Diego Con. G. & E.	700,000	1¼	Q	Mar 15,10	83	88
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar, 1910	95	98
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,650,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 10	95½	97½
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	78	81
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 10	97	99
Scranton El. 5s	1,622,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99½	101½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	4,500,000	V	V	V	55	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	102½	125
Do con. 5s,'32	900,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	102
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seattle Elec.	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 10	112	114
Do preferred	5,000,000	3	S	Apr. 1, 10	102	103
Do 1st 5s, '30	4,565,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	103	105
Seattle Ltg. 5s	1,645,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	96	98
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25	1,982,000	2½	S	Dec. 4, 09	100	101½
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	13	15
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	50	58
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	96	100
Do deb. 5s, '09	216,000	2½	S	July, 1908	75	80
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 10, 10	115	125
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So.Cal.Ed's'n 5s	6,440,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	95	97
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	87	92
South'n Pow. 5s	3,000,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	96½	98½
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	3,941,000	2½	S	May 2, 10	98	100
Stein'y Ry.1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 10	104	108
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931	1,500,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	82½
Syracuse, L. S. & No. 5s	1,875,000	..	..	May, 1910	93	96½
Tampa Elec. 5s	591,500	2½	S	J. & D.	97½	99
T'town, W. P. & M. 1st 5s, 1928	300,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	75	85
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996	1,500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	15	25
23d Street	600,000	4½	Q	Oct., 1908	200	230
Tri-City R& L.pf	2,826,000	V	V	V	..	93½
Union Ry. 5s	2,000,000	2	S	V	92	95
United E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,500,000	2¼	S	May 2, 10	90	91
U. Elec. Co. N. J. 4s	V	V	V	V	78	79
United G. & El. Co.(NJ)1st5s	1,752,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	94	98
Altoona Gas 5s	750,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	95	99
Col. Spgs.El.5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	94	98
Leav'w'th L., H. & P. 5s	600,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	92	95
Lkpt. L., H.& P. 5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	95	99
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	7,542,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	94
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s	2,410,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	95	98
Do stock	1,500,000	1	S	Jan. 2, 10	57½	62½
Wash. R. & L.	6,500,000	1	S	Jun 1, 10	36	38
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Jun 1, 10	89	91
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	V	60	75
West'n Power	12,000,000	..	..	....	28	32
Do 6% cum.pf	5,220,000	..	..	....	50	51
West SideRR.5s	355,000	..	..	Jan. 1, 10	98	101
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	70	80

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Brake S. & F. 5s, 1952	857,000	2½	S	....	99	101
Amer. Chicle	6,000,000	‡2	M	May 20,10	215	222
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	103	105
Am. Malt. 6s	3,893,000	3	S	May, 1909	101	102½
Am. Screw	3,250,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,10	158	161
Am. Typefd	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 15, 10	45	49
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 10	95	100
Am. Un. Telph. (H'sb'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	V	V	V	45	50
Am. Writ. Pap	9,500,000	..	..	....	2	3
Do preferred	12,500,000	1	S	Apr. 1, 10	23	25
Do 1st 5s, '19	17,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	88	89
Atl. P. Cem. 6s.	5,000,000	3	S	Mar, 1910	107¾	108¾
Babcock & Wilcox, stk	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 10, 10	101	103
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36	2,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	90	97
Bliss & Co.($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	120	130
Do pf., ($50)	1,250,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	120	135
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '34	507,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	80	85
Do 5s of '36	780,000	V	V	V	50	60
Bord. C. Milk	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15, 10	110	115
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,10	102	107
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s	2,900,000	2¼	S	May 1, 09	99	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	126½	128¼
Cen. Coal&Coke	5,125,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 10	80¼	81¼
Do preferred	1,875,000	1¼	S	V	79½	80
Cen. Fireworks	1,406,150	1½	S	V	..	6
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	S	....	..	40
Cent. Fdy. pf.	6,650,000	..	..	V	1	2
Cent. Fdy. 6s	3,860,500	3	S	....	40	44
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	34	..
Do 1st 6s	2,500,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	102½	..
Do 5s of '19	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	96	..
Chesebr'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Mar 15,10	725	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,113,800	1	Q	Apr 25, 10	43	46
Chic. Subw. 5s	15,600,000	2½	S	V	25	32½
Clev'd Furnace	1,000,000	V	V	V	165	210
Col. Telph	V	V	V		55	57
Con.Coal 4½s,'34	5,133,000	2¼	S	May, 1910	92	..
Con. Cot. Duck	6,869,020	..	..	....	5	7
Do preferred	5,705,000	1	S	Oct. 1, 09	17	..
Con. Rub. Tire	4,000,000	..	..	....	3	5
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	10	25
Do deb. 4s	2,850,000	3	A	Dec 31, 09	30	40
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	3,500,000	V	V	V	10	12
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31	2,270,400	V	V	V	48	51
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	98	99
CumberlandTel. & Tel.	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	150	152
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	V	V	V	85	87
Dolores Mines	£329,965	4½	Q	May 24,10	5¾	6⅝
Du P. de N. P.	28,047,000	2	Q	Mar 15,10	132	134
Do db.4½s,'36	14,452,000	2¼	S	Dec. 1, 09	87	89

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	10	20
Do preferred	2,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 10	70	80
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	5,170,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	93½	95½
Federal Sugar	6,677,200	..	..	....	40	45
Do preferred	3,322,800	1½	Q	May 2, 10	85	90
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	60	64
Hav. Tobacco	30,000,000	..	..	....	4	6
Do preferred	5,000,000	..	..	....	8	12
Home Tel.&Tel. (Los Ang.) pf.	2,795,000	1¼	Q	Feb 10,10	55⅛	56
Int. Ed.Pub.Co.	3,500,000	..	..	....	36	41
Do preferred	3,000,000	1¾	Q	V	78	82
Int. Nickel	8,822,662	‡1½	Q	Jun 1, 10	147	155
Int. Nickel pf.	8,912,626	1½	Q	May 2, 10	89	92½
Do 5s	V	V	V	V	92	93½
Internat. Salt	18,228,000	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	6	8
Do 1st 5s	3,999,900	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	54½	54¾
Internat. Txtbk	6,000,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1910	139	141
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	1,750,000	V	V	V	..	66
Kan.C.Home Tel	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	108	110½
Do 5s, '23	2,978,700	2½	S	Jan., 1910	88	90½
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	87	88
K. C. Stocky'ds	9,000,000	1½	Q	May 2, 10	96½	97½
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	V	V	V	106¾	107
Lackaw. Steel	35,000,000	..	..	....	..	44
Do con. 5s	15,000,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	97	97¾
Lan. Monotype	4,998,060	1½	Q	Mar 30,10	90	95
Mergenthaler	10,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,10	200	215
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	3,627,700	..	..	....	50	52
Nev. C. Cop. ($5)	5,756,000	37½	Q	Mar 31,10	19¼	19½
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100	100⅕
N. F. Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	V	V	V	101	..
Do stock	4,180,700	2	V	Apr 25, 10	100	100½
O'gara Coal 5s.	2,744,000	2½	S	V	79	82
Ontario Pow. 5s	4,913,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	93½	95⅛
Otis Elevator	6,375,300	1½	Q	Apr 15, 10	54	56
Do preferred.	6,310,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 10	96	98
PaintCr.Colls.5s	2,913,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	61	66
Penn. Coal & C. 5s, '53	5,854,500	2½	S	Mar. 1, 08	25	33
Do "A" 5s,'32	1,140,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	89	93
Poc. Con. Col. Inc. 5s of '57.	3,237,300	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	82	87
Proc. & Gamble	9,000,000	3	Q	May 14,10	370	390
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 10	175	200
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,10	185	200
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,10	107	109
Safety Car Heat & Lighting	9,862,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	127½	129½
Schwarzschild & S. deb.6s,'19	5,401,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	100	100¾
Shredded Wht.	8,750,000	¾	..	Apr. 1, 10	46	47
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	..	Apr. 1, 10	100	101
Singer Mfg.	30,000,000	10	Q	Apr. 1, 10	540	580
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	1	V	Dec 24, 09	20	30
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 24, 09	100	110
Stand. Milling	4,600,000	V	V	V	14	18
Do preferred.	6,900,000	1½	V	Oct 30, 09	52	57
Do 1st 5s	3,537,000	2½	S	Nov, 1900	80	84
Standard Oil	100,000,000	$15	Q	Mar 15,10	520	630
Studeb'kr Bros. 1st mtg. 5s	......	2½	S	Jan., 1910	97½	99½
Temple Iron 4s.	705,000	2	S	Jan., 1910	103	105
Tintic Co. ($5).	3,000,000	..	..	....	½	1½
Tren. Potteries	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	4	9
Do preferred.	1,250,000	1	Q	Apr 25, 10	57	62
Twin C. Telph.5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	6%	5¾%
Underwood Typ.	2,000,000	V	V	V	59	61
Do preferred	1,500,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	100½	101
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	52	56
Do 1st pf.	4,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 10	110	113
Do 2d pf.	4,105,000	4	S	Apr. 1, 10	109	112
Unit. Banknote Corp. ($50)	5,000,000	1	Q	May 16,10	48	52
Do pf., ($50).	4,495,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	50	54
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1½	Q	May 1, 10	67¾	68
Unit. T. & T. 5s	1,937,000	V	V	V	50	59
U. S. Play. Card	V	V	V	V	128	131
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s.	2,156,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	..	83
Welsb'h col.tr.5s	6,576,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	84	86
West. Elec 1st 5s, '22	11,250,000	2½	..	July 1, 10	99¼	99¾
Worth'n H.R.pf	2,000,000	3½	S	May 2, 10	104	106

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety	$2,500,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,10	220	225
Astor Trust	1,250,000	2	Q	May 2, 10	350	370
Bankers' Trust	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 10	675	690
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	May 14,10	248	250
Broadway Tr.	700,000	1½	Q	May 1, 10	145	150
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 10	420	435
Carnegie	1,500,000	2-3	M	Jn-Ju, 10	..	135
Central	3,000,000	x9	Q	Apr. 1, 10	1000	1030
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	135	145
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	2	Q	Mar 31,10	290	300
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	110	120
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	300	305
Emp. St. Surety	V	V	V	V	95	105
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,10	490	500
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	May 2, 10	1775	1825
Fidelity Trust	750,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	215	..
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Dec 31, 09	220	230
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	280	..
Guaranty (new)	5,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,10	845	855
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	175	180
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 2, 10	270	..
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	108	..
Hudson Trust	500,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	170	180
Kings County	500,000	4	Q	May 2, 10	500	..
Knickerb. Trust	1,200,000	..	..	....	315	325
Lawyers Mtg.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	248	251
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	283	288
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	135	150
Long Island	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	300	315
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	385	410
Mercantile	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,10	740	760
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,10	500	525
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	113	117
Mutual Alliance	700,000	4	S	Jan. 1, 08	125	132
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	May 1, 10	175	185
National Surety	750,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	255	265
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	‡25	S	Dec 10, 09	1100	1120
N.Y.Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,10	650	657
People's Trust	1,000,000	1	M	May 2, 10	300	320
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	‡4	S	Jan 15, 10	116	120
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31,10	400	430
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Mar 31,10	500	515
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	140	143
Tr. Co. of Am.	2,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 10	345	350
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Apr 10, 10	1350	1370
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,10	475	485
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 10	1200	1235
Van Norden	1,000,000	3	M	Mar, 1910	220	240
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	375	400
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 29, 09	..	130

x Also extra dividend of 9% payable May 2.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Commonwealth	$500,000	V	V	V	315	..
Continental	2,000,000	35	S	Jan. 7, 10	900	960
Empire City	200,000	4	S	Jan., 1910	125	140
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	..	....	290	300
Germ. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 4, 10	260	..
Germ.-Amer.	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 4, 10	550	570
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	9	S	Jan. 5, 10	285	300
Globe& Rutgers	400,000	5	Q	V	470	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	7½	S	Jan. 3, 10	190	205
Home	3,000,000	15	S	Jan., 1910	675	700
Nassau ($50)	200,000	5	S	V	140	155
Niagara ($50)	750,000	10	S	Jan. 6, 10	300	310
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Apr 11, 10	155	165
Pacific ($25)	200,000	3	S	V	185	..
Peter C'per($20)	150,000	5	S	V	90	105
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	S	Jan 14, 10	150	..
Un. States ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan 11, 04	60	75
W'sb'gCity($50)	250,000	10	S	V	400	420
W'chester ($10)	300,000	15	S	Jan 14, 10	450	..

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.	$300,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	175	180
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 10	625	635
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	May 2, 10	240	245
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	120	130
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	May 2, 10	400	..
Bronx Borough	150,000	10	..	Dec 30, 09	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	135	145
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	170	180
Chase National	5,000,000	‡9	S	Jan. 3, 10	450	465
Chat'm Nat($25)	450,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 10	325	330
Chelsea Exch.	200,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	205	220
Chemical Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	May 2, 10	445	..
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	160	165
City (National)	25,000,000	5	S	May 2, 10	395	400
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	145	155
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	400	..
Columbia	625,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	330	340
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	206	210
Corn Exchange	3,000,000	4	Q	May 2, 10	321	325
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	120	125
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	May 2, 10	165	175
Fifth Avenue	100,000	25	Q	Apr. 1, 10	4300	4500
Fifth National	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	300	350
First National	10,000,000	‡‡5	Q	Apr. 1, 10	900	910
Fourteenth St.	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	150	165
Fourth Nat.	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	198	200
Gal'tinNat.($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Apr. 6, 10	350	360
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,10	290	310
Ger.-Am. ($75)	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	140	145
German Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 10	475	..
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	May 2, 10	550	575
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	May 2, 10	250	265
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 10	625	650
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 10	560	575
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 07	100	110
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	200	210
Jefferson	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 10	160	170
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 10	600	625
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 2, 10	400	425
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 10	325	340
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	255	265
Mechanics and Metals	3,000,000	¶3	Q	May 10,10	265	270
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 10	155	165
Merch. Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	180
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	165	175
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	May 2, 10	..	395
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 10	200	210
Mount Morris	250,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	260	280
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	275	290
Nassau ($50)	500,000	4	S	May 2, 10	240	255
Nat. Reserve	1,200,000	3	S	Jan 10, 10	105	115
N. Netherland	200,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	200	..
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 10	325	327
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 3, 10	900	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	‡4	S	Apr 15, 10	170	175
Mt'a & Day B'k	200,000	..	..	....	200	240

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Nor. Bk.of N.Y.	700,000	3	..	July 1, 07	100	105
Pacific ($50)	500,500	2	Q	May 2, 10	230	245
Park National	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 10	435	450
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 10	280	290
PhenixNat.($20)	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	195	205
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 10	600	..
Seaboard Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	390	450
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 10	350	..
Sherman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	275	300
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	150	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	180	190
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	..	Apr., 1910	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	600	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 09	500	..

‡‡Also 3% div. on First Security Co.
¶Also Special Dividend of 21% paid Jan. 29.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$9,383,000	2½s	Q	May 2, 10	x284	x288
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	May 2, 10	104½	106
Bay City 5s, '20	V	V	V	V	95	100
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938	750,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	98	100
Bklyn Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	60	70
Do 1st mtg 5s	500,000	V	V	V	95	98
Buffalo Gas	7,000,000	..	..	....	5	5½
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	18	..
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,805,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 10	64¾	66¼
Cit.G.&F.(Terre Haute) 1st 5s.	......	2¼	S	V	99	100
Docon.mtg.5s		2½	S	V	94	96
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100	101½
Chemung 1st 6s	340,000	3	S	V	97	100
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	..	..	....	..	39
Do preferred.	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	..	80¼
Do 1st 5s, '32	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	93	..
††Con. G.of N.J. 1st con.5s,1936	971,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	93	95
Con. Wat. Utica 5s of 1930	3,241,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98½	100
Dayton Gas 5s.	1,200,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	98	100
Denver G. & E.	3,500,000	1½	M	Jan., 1910	155	159
Do gen. 5s	5,691,000	2½	S	Nov, 1910	94	96
Det. City Gas prior lien 5s,'23	5,619,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	..	101
Elmira Wat. 6s, 1913	330,000	3	S	V	100	105
Gd. Rap.G.L.5s	1,350,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	98	101
Houston G.5s,'20	734,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	95	97½
Hud. Co. Gas	10,500,000	3½	S	Dec. 1, 09	135	140
Do 1st 5s	10,290,000	2½	S	May, 1910	103	104
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	32	34
Do 1st 4s,1958	3,000,000	2	S	Feb. 1, 10	64	66
Ind'apolis ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	18	20
Do 1st 5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	75	85
J'ksonville5s,'37	978,000	1¼	Q	Mar, 1910	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	35	37

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation May 7, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,600,000	3	S	May, 1910	99	101
Do 2d 6s, '18	3,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	88	90
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	20	21
Do 1st 5s,1941	......	2½	S	Jun, 1900	75	80
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926	400,000	3	S	Apr., 1910	103	108
Mass. Gas	25,000,000	1	1-3	Apr. 1, 10	80	80¾
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Jun 1, 10	91	91¾
Michigan Light	1,000,000	1	Q	Apr. 1, 10	100	..
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 10	105	..
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27	7,932,000	2	SA	May, 1910	..	90⅝
Mutual	3,500,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	140	155
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	99	101
N.Y. & E. R. 1st 5s, 1944	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	101	104
Do con.5s,1945	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	95	100
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. st. & gen. 5s	840,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	95	100
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	May, 1910	99	100
Okla. G. & El.	700,000	1¼	Q	Mar 15,09	98	103
Do 7% cum.pf	1,200,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 10	95	100
Do 5s. '29	1,600,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 10	95	100
Omaha Gas 6s	V	V	V	V	102	..
Pacific G. & E.	17,566,000	V	V	V	54¾	55¼
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 15, 10	74	78
Do deb. 6s,'37	3,651,000	3	S	Dec 15, 09	†98	†101
Que-Jac.Cartier 1st ref. 5s, '30	....	2½	S	Apr., 1910	95	97
Portl'd G.&E.5s	2,596,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	93	95
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944	3,439,000	2½	S	Mar, 1910	97	98½
Do con.mtge. 6s, 1918	600,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	106	108
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'23	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	101	102½
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100½	101¼
Do deb 5s, '39	550,000	V	V	V	100½	101½
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s,1949	2,090,000	2½	S	Mar. 1910	93	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	Dec., 1909	135	139
Do 1st 5s	11,717,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99¼	99½
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,600,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	103½	104
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	50	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	80	..
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	May, 1910	102	106
Syracuse Gas1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100	102
S'r'c'se L. & P. col. tr. 5s,g.'54	5,152,000	2½	S	V	69	71
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51	2,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99	100½
U. G. I. Co.($50)	50,473,335	2	Q	Apr 15, 10	84¾	84⅞
Wilkes-Barre G. & E. 1stc.5s,'55	2,553,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101¼	102½
Do stock	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 10	82½	86

s Also regular stock dividend of 2½ shares to 100 in common.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
of NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances.
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.

358 Fifth Avenue
125th St. & Lenox Avenue
60 Broadway
148 St. & Third Ave

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION
Friday, April 1st, 1910.

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Cash on hand and in banks	$7,667,033 37	Capital Stock	$3,180,000 00
Bonds and other securities	9,946,299 15	Surplus & Undivided Profits	5,722,624 18
Demand loans	6,066,258 05	Due depositors	34,045,430 31
Time loans	12,381,360 63	Reserved for taxes	44,800 00
Bonds and mortgages	3,386,914 15	Reserved for unconverted "B" certificates	60,000 00
Real Estate, banking houses	3,430,477 06	Accrued interest payable	215,657 43
Accrued interest receivable	390,169 51		
	$43,268,511 92		$43,268,511 92

Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York
49 WALL STREET
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $10,000,000

BRAYTON IVES, President.
ANTON A. RAVEN, Vice-Pres.
BEVERLY CHEW, 2d Vice-Pres.
BERTRAM CRUGER, Treasurer.
GEORGE N. HARTMANN, Secretary.
JAMES F. McNAMARA, Trust Officer.
RUPERT W. K. ANDERSON, Asst. Tr.
FREDERICK E. FRIED, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS.
Francis M. Bacon, William L. Bull, William Carpender, Beverly Chew, Thomas De Witt Cuyler, Henry W. DeForest, Haley Fiske, J. Horace Harding, Erskine Hewitt, Brayton Ives, Lewis Cass Ledyard, Bradley Martin, Frederick T. Martin, Walter E. Maynard, Ogden Mills, E. D. Morgan, Richard Mortimer, John E. Parsons, Charles M. Pratt, Anton A. Raven, Norman B. Ream, George R. Sheldon, J. Edward Simmons, John W. Simpson, Joseph J. Slocum, John T. Terry, Geo. Henry Warren, Horace White.

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company
Main Office: 177-179 Montague St.
Branch: Bedford Ave. and Fulton St.
Manhattan Office: Corner Wall St. and Broadway.
Capital $1,000,000 Undivided Profits $2,342,965

TRUSTEES
Thomas T. Barr, Samuel W. Boocock, George W. Chauncey, William N. Dykman, William Hester, Francis L. Hine, William A. Jamison, David H. Lanman, Frank Lyman, Howard W. Maxwell, Theodore F. Miller, Willis L. Ogden, Joseph E. Owens, John J. Pierrepont, Charles M. Pratt, George G. Reynolds, Charles A. Schieren, Edward M. Shepard, J. H. Walbridge, Alexander M. White, Willis D. Wood

THE
TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA
37-43 Wall Street, New York
COLONIAL BRANCH, 222 Broadway, New York.
LONDON OFFICE, 95 Gresham Street.
Capital and Surplus - $8,000,000
Invites accounts of individuals, firms and corporations.
Pays interest on daily balances.
Executes trusts of every description.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF Alice Gold and Silver Mining Company.

Salt Lake City, Utah, May 2, 1910.

To the Stockholders of the Alice Gold and Silver Mining Company:

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Alice Gold and Silver Mining Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, in the Utah Savings and Trust Building, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Friday, the 27th day of May, A. D. 1910, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering the proposition of confirming and ratifying a contract of sale which has been entered into between the Alice Gold and Silver Mining Company and the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, a Montana corporation, under and by virtue of the terms and provisions of which it has been agreed to sell and dispose of all the property and assets of every kind and character owned or possessed by the Alice Gold and Silver Mining Company, to the said Anaconda Copper Mining Company, in consideration of the issuance and payment to the Alice Gold and Silver Mining Company of 30,000 shares of the full paid capital stock of the said Anaconda Copper Mining Company, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors of the ALICE GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY,
J. W. ALLEN, Secretary.

TAKE NOTICE THAT A MEETING OF THE holders of the Thirty-Year First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds (Series A) of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company under its mortgage to the Commercial Trust Company, dated July 1, 1902, is called to be held at the office of said Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company in the Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 28th day of May, 1910, at 11:45 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of acting upon a proposition to release from the lien of said mortgage the coal rights underlying three certain parcels of land in Susquehanna Township, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, containing respectively 146 acres, 134 perches, 51 acres more or less, and 113 acres, 45 perches.

Dated New York, April 22, 1910.

PENNSYLVANIA COAL AND COKE CO.,
By T. H. WATKINS, Receiver.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF
NEW YORK CITY INTERBOROUGH RAILWAY COMPANY:

YOU ARE HERBY NOTIFIED that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, May 11th, 1910, at 12:00 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.

New York, April 25th, 1910.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF LOUIS MEYER & COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors of Louis Meyer & Company not having been held on the day designated in the By-laws, and the Directors not having within one month thereafter called a special meeting, a meeting of the Stockholders of said corporation for the purpose of electing Directors thereof will be held at the office of the said corporation, No. 13 East 16th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 23rd day of May, 1910, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated New York, May 7th, 1910.

HYMAN MESSE,
MORRIS MESSE,
Stockholders of said Corporation.

THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

New York, April 27th, 1910.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eightieth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York and Harlem Railroad Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the office of the company, in Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May, 1910. The Poll will open at 12 o'clock noon and continue open for two hours thereafter. The Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 27th day of April, 1910, and reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 18th day of May, 1910.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

Alabama & Vicksburg Railway Company.

Jackson, Miss., May 4th, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at 118 N. Congress Street, in the City of Jackson, Miss., on Friday, June 10th, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M., to consider and determine the advisability of increasing the authorized capital stock of the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

(Signed,) H. W. WENHAM, Secretary.

UNIVERSAL AUDIT COMPANY OF N. Y.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of stockholders of Universal Audit Company will be held at the office of the Company, Suite 1,005, Singer Building, 149 Broadway, New York, on May 23, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

W. M. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Phoenix Construction Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Monday, May 23rd, 1910, at [illegible] o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

FRANCIS W. BELKNAP, Secretary.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total for the Week Ended May 7, $12,786,000.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	93	93½	93	93½	5½
Allis-Chalmers 5s	77½	79	77¼	79	12
American Agricultural Chemical 5s	101½	101½	100¾	101¼	9
American Hide & Leather 6s	100¼	100½	100	100½	23
American Ice Securities 6s	73	73½	70	70	4
American Tel. & Tel. conv. 4s	100⅛	101	100	100½	356
American Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	90⅞	91	90	90½	18
Ann Arbor 4s	77	77	77	77	4
American Tobacco 4s	77½	78⅛	77½	78⅛	68
American Tobacco 6s	106⅝	106⅝	106	106	21
Armour 4½s	91½	92	91½	91¾	67
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s	98½	98¾	98⅝	98¾	110
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s	89	89	89	89	3½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s, stpd	89	89½	89	89½	21½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 5s	109¼	112	109¼	112	97
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s	107¾	109⅞	107¾	109½	180
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s, 1960	102¾	102¾	102½	102¾	169
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé deb., Series L	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	1
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	94	94½	93½	94½	44
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	90	91	90	90⅞	48
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	90	90¼	90	90⅛	57
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	97½	98	97¼	98	98
Balt. & Ohio Southwestern Div. 3½s	90⅜	90⅜	89½	89½	13
Balt. & Ohio. P., L. E. & West Va. 4s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	2
Bethlehem Steel 5s	87½	87½	87	87	52
Brooklyn Rapid Transit 4s	83¾	84¾	82¼	84⅝	427½
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	105½	107	105½	106	5
Canada Southern 1st ext. 6s	104¾	104¾	104¼	104¼	8
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½	1
Central of Georgia consol. 5s	104⅞	105	104⅞	104⅞	8
Central of Georgia 2d inc. 5s	80	80	80	80	1
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s reg	122⅞	122⅞	122⅞	122⅞	10
Central Leather 5s	99	99⅞	99	99⅝	74
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	96	96½	96	96	40
Central Pacific gtd. 3½s	88	88	88	88	4
Central Vermont 4s	85	85	85	85	1
Chesapeake & Ohio conv. 4½s, w. i.	93¾	93¾	93½	93¾	439
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	101	101	99	100	85
Chesapeake & Ohio fun. 5s	103½	103½	103½	103½	5
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	111¾	112½	111¾	112½	6
Ches. & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 1st con. 4s	97½	97½	97½	97½	2
Chicago & Alton 3s	74	74	74	74	5
Chicago & Alton 3½s	71¾	72	70¼	70¼	9
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	86½	86½	86½	86½	8
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	99	99¼	99	99¼	3
Chi., Bur. & Q. deb. 5s	101¼	101¼	101	101	18
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s	95½	95½	94¾	95¼	158
Chi., Bur. & Q. gen 4s	98⅛	98⅜	98	98⅜	71
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska Ext. 4s	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	8
Chicago & Eastern Illinois gen. 5s	110	110	110	110	1
Chicago & Eastern Illinois ref. 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	5
Chicago Great Western 4s	87½	87½	87½	87½	10
Chi., Mil. & St. P. term. 5s	103	103	103	103	2
Chi., Mil. & St. P. gen. 4s, Series A	98⅞	99¼	98⅞	99¼	82
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, 1934	92¼	92⅝	92¼	92⅝	3
Chicago & Northwestern s. f. 6s	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	1
Chicago & Northwestern consol. 7s	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	3
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	87¼	87½	87¼	87½	22
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	88¼	88¾	88	88½	121
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	77	78	75½	77	513
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 4s	95½	96¼	95½	96¼	6
Chi., St. Louis & New Orleans gold 5s	116¾	116¾	116¾	116¾	1
Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf gen. 5s	104	104	104	104	2
Colorado Fuel & Iron gen. 5s	96½	96½	96½	96½	1
Colorado Midland 1st 4s	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	3
Colorado Industrial 5s	78	78	78	78	2
Colorado & Southern 1st 4s	96	96	96	96	9
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	97¼	97¼	97	97¼	31
Conn. Ry. & Light 1st & ref. 4½s, stpd	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅝	7
Columbus & Ninth Avenue 5s	96¼	96¼	96	96	3
Consumers' Gas of Chicago 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Corn Products Refining s. f. 5s, 1934	94	94	94	94	1
Cuba Railroad 5s	100	100	100	100	5
Delaware & Hudson 1st & ref. 4s	98½	98½	97⅝	97¾	97
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	98¾	99	98¾	99	46
Denver & Rio Grande consol. 4s	94½	94½	94	94	11
Denver & Rio Grande imp't 5s	102	102	102	102	3
Denver & Rio Grande 1st & ref. 5s	91	92⅛	91	92	75
Detroit & Mackinac gold 4s	88	88	88	88	5
Distillers' Securities 5s	70	70⅜	70	70	23
Du Pont Powder 4½s	88	88	88	88	5
East Tenn., Va. & Ga. consol. 5s	112	112	112	112	1
Edison Elec. Ill. of New York con. 5s	110½	110½	110½	110½	15
Erie 1st consol. 4s	81	81	81	81	1
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	75⅛	76	75⅛	76	6
Erie conv. 4s, Series B	68	68	67	67	57
Erie, Pennsylvania col. tr. 5s	84	84	84	84	5
Erie gen. 4s	72½	73	72½	73	13
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	136½	138	136½	138	15
Green Bay & Western deb. B	14⅝	15	14½	15	80
Hocking Valley 4½s	100	100	100	100	1
Houston & Texas Central 1st 5s	110½	110½	110¼	110¼	6
Illinois Central ref. 4s	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	1
Interborough Rapid Transit conv. 6s	101⅞	102	101⅞	101⅞	65
Interborough Rapid Transit 5s	102	102	101¾	101⅞	16
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	79⅝	81⅛	79⅛	80⅞	538
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s	111	111	111	111	2
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s, tr. r.	111	111	111	111	12
International & Gt. Northern 3d 4s	25	25	25	25	7
International Paper 6s	102	102	102	102	6
International Steam Pump 5s	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	1
Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis 4s	77¾	78	77¾	78	2
Kansas City Southern 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½	2
Kansas City Southern 3s	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	1
Kentucky Central 4s	97	97	97	97	1
Keokuk & Des Moines 1st 5s	98	98	98	98	¼
Kings County Elevated 4s, stpd	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	10
Laclede Gas Light of St. Louis 1st 5s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	8
Lackawanna Steel 5s	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	2
Lackawanna Steel consol, 5s, Series A	86	86	86	86	10
Lackawanna Steel 5-year conv. 5s	96	96	96	96	6
Lake Erie & Western 1st 5s	111½	111½	111½	111½	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	92¾	93	92¾	92⅞	19
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	92⅞	93	92¼	92¼	84
Lehigh Valley Terminal 5s	115½	115½	115½	115½	1
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre ext. 4½s	100	100	100	100	26
Long Island ref. 4s	94¾	97	94½	97	18
Long Island ref. 4s reg	94	94	94	94	10
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	98	98⅛	98	98⅛	48
Louisville & Nashville gen. 6s	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼	1
Louis. & Nash., At., Knox. & Cin. 4s	94	94	94	94	1
Louisville, New Albany & Chicago 1st 6s	100	100	100	100	4
Mexican Central consol. 4s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	6
Mexican Central 1st inc. 4s	31	31⅞	31	31⅞	15
Metropolitan Street Ry. 4s. tr. r., stpd	47½	47½	47½	47½	10
Mercantile Marine col. tr. 4½s	63¼	64	63¼	63⅞	88
Milwaukee & Northern, Main Line 6s	100½	100½	100½	100½	2
Milwaukee & Northern 1st consol. 6s	105	105	105	105	1
Milwaukee, Lake Shore & West. 1st 6s	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	1
Minneapolis & St. Louis consol. 4s	104	104	104	104	10
Minneapolis & St. Louis ref. 4s	75	75	75	75	1
Missouri, Kansas & Oklahoma 1st 5s	106½	106½	106½	106½	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	88	88	88	88	3
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	82	82½	82	82½	5
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ext. 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½	2
Missouri Pacific trust 5s	100½	100¾	100½	100¾	11
Missouri Pacific 4s	77¾	78½	77¾	78⅛	10
Missouri Pacific conv. 5s, cfs., full pd	93⅞	94	93¾	94	59½
Missouri Pacific coll. 5s	102	102	101⅜	101⅜	4
Mohawk & Malone 4s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	9
Nassau Electric 4s	77½	77½	77	77	8
National Enameling 5s	95½	95½	95½	95½	2
National Rys. of Mexico prior lien 4½s	94¾	94⅞	94¼	94⅞	29
National Rys. of Mexico gen. 4s	89⅜	90¼	89⅛	90¼	21
New York Air Brake conv. 6s	105	105	102	103	9
New York Central gen. 3½s	89¼	89¼	89⅛	89¼	75
New York Central deb. 4s	93½	93½	93	93	44
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s	79½	80	79½	80	4
New York Central Lake Sh. coll. 3½s reg	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛	1
N. Y., Chicago & St. Louis 1st 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	4
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s	101	101	100½	100½	18
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	83	84	83	84	8
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	98	98½	97¾	98⅜	127
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	130¾	131½	130¾	131¼	47
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. deb. 4s, 1956	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	1
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. 3½s, 1947	83½	83½	83½	83½	5
N. Y., Ontario & Western ref. 4s	97½	97½	97¼	97¼	3
N. Y., Susquehanna & Western gen. 5s	90	90	90	90	2
N. Y. Susquehanna & Western term. 5s	108½	108½	108½	108½	10
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	97	97	96½	96¾	13
Norfolk & Western divl. 4s	92	92	92	92	1
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	98½	98¾	98½	98¾	9
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	101¼	102⅝	100⅞	102½	394
Norfolk & West. conv. 4s, sub rcts full pd.	99	101⅜	98¾	101½	378
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	100¼	100½	100	100⅜	56
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	71½	72	71½	72	13
Ogdensburg & Lake Champlain 4s	86½	86½	86½	86½	2
Oregon Railway & Navigation 4s	95⅛	95⅛	95	95	15
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	92⅜	92⅜	92	92	49
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s	114½	114½	114	114	5
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	104½	104½	104½	104½	5
Pacific of Missouri 1st. 4s	99	99	98	98	2
Pacific Tel. & Tel. col. 5s	96⅞	97	96⅞	96⅞	16
Pennsylvania 4s, 1948	103	103½	102⅞	102⅞	78
Pennsylvania gtd. 3½s, B	89⅝	89¾	89⅝	89¾	16
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	100⅜	100⅜	100	100	72
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	95⅞	95⅞	95½	95⅞	205
Pennsylvania gtd. g. 4s	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	1
Pennsylvania gtd. 4½s	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	3
Pennsylvania Real Estate 4s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
Peoria & Eastern 1st 4s	93½	93½	93½	93½	2
Reading gen. 4s	98	98	97½	97¾	133
Reading-Jersey Central col. 4s	95½	95½	95½	95½	3
Rio Grande Western 1st 4s	91½	91½	90½	90½	11
St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st 4s	90	90	90	90	1
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South. gen. 5s	109	109	109	109	11
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & So. unif. & ref. 4s	84	85	84	85	6
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South., R. & G. 4s	85	85¾	85	85½	17
St. Louis & Merchants' Bridge 5s	109	109	109	109	2
St. Louis & San Francisco gen. 5s	105	105	105	105	1
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. gen. 5s	88⅛	88¼	88	88	83
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	81⅞	82	81¼	82	47
St. Louis Southwestern consol. 4s	77	77	76¾	77	21
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	88¼	88½	88¼	88½	5
St. Louis Southwestern 2d inc. 4s	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	1
St. Paul, Minn. & Man. consol. 4½s	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	1
St. Paul, Minn. & Man. Dakota ext. 6s	100½	100½	100½	100½	20
St. Paul, Minn. & Man. consol. 4s	99½	99½	99½	99½	4
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	86¾	87	86¾	87	17
Seaboard Air Line gold 4s, stpd	83½	83½	83½	83½	30
Seaboard Air Line ref. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	1
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	71	71½	71	71½	67
Southern Pacific conv. 4s	100	101⅛	99½	101	1,274
Southern Pacific conv. 4s reg	99½	99½	99½	99½	1
Southern Pacific 1st 4s	90½	90½	90	90	6
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	94½	94½	94	94⅜	171
Southern Railway 1st 5s	104½	106	104½	106	36
Southern Railway dev. & gen. 4s	77¼	78	76¾	77⅛	251
Terminal Association of St. L. consol. 5s	115	115	115	115	1
Texas Pacific 1st 5s	111	111	110¾	110¾	2
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r., stpd	63⅝	63⅝	63	63	18
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 4s	79	79½	79	79½	5
Union Bag & Paper 5s	93	93	93	93	3
Union Bag & Paper 5s, stpd	93	93	93	93	1
Underground El. Rys., London, inc. 6s	37	37	36¼	36¼	37½
Underground El. Rys., London, 4½s	84	84	83½	83½	28
Union Pacific 1st 4s	100	101½	99⅞	101½	195
[illegible] Pacific 1st 4s reg	98½	98½	98½	98½	5
[illegible] Pacific conv. 4s	105¾	106½	104¾	106½	874
Union Pacific 1st & ref. 4s	96¾	96¾	96⅜	96⅝	41
United States Rubber s. f. 6s	103⅛	103⅛	102½	102⅞	58
United States Realty & Improvement 5s	90	90	90	90	1
United Rys. of San Francisco 4s	69½	69½	69½	69½	34
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s	103⅜	104	103	104	412
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. tr. 5s, reg	103	104¼	103	104¼	3½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1st 5s	98½	98¾	98⅜	98½	15
Virginia Midland 5s, Series F	106	106	106	106	3
Wabash 1st 5s	108	108¼	108	108	20
Wabash 2d 5s	100	101⅛	100	101	102
Wabash ref. & ext. 4s	66¾	69	66½	68½	513
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s, tr. r.	38	38	37½	38	32
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s, tr. r.	4¾	4¾	4½	4½	6
Washington Terminal 3½s	88½	88½	88½	88½	10
Western Maryland 4s	84⅞	84⅞	84½	84½	33
West Shore 4s	100½	100½	100	100½	88
West Shore 4s reg	99½	99½	99½	99½	1
Western Union Tel. coll. tr. 5s	99½	99½	99½	99½	2
Western Union Tel. real estate 4½s	95	95	95	95	2
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. conv. 5s	90	90	89	89⅜	15
Wisconsin Central gen. 4s	92	92	90	90½	20
Total sales					$11,746,500

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Threes, coupon	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	1½
Threes, registered	102½	102½	102½	102½	1
Fours, 1925, coupon	114½	114½	114½	114½	6
Total sales					$8,500

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Argentine 5s	96½	96½	96½	96½	3
Imperial Japanese 4s	91½	91½	91½	91½	1
Imperial Japanese 4½s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	2
Imperial Japanese 4½s, 2d Series	94¾	94¾	94½	94¾	21
Sao Paulo 5s	97	97	97	97	4
Republic of Cuba 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼	10
United States of Mexico 4s, Series A	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	37
United States of Mexico 4s, Series B	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	2
Total sales					$80,000

CITY BONDS.

New York City 4s, 1956, reg	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	85
New York City 4s, 1957	99½	99⅝	99½	99⅝	53
New York City 4s, 1957, reg	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	5
New York City 4s, 1959	99	99½	99	99½	260
New York City 4s, 1958	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	92
New York City 4½s, temp. ctfs	101	101⅛	101	101⅛	885
New York City 4½s, 1917	103	103⅛	103	103⅛	23
New York City 4½s, 1957	108¼	108½	108¼	108½	37
New York City 4½s, 1957, new	108⅝	108¾	108¼	108½	41
Total sales					$931,000

STATE BONDS.

New York 4s, March, 1960	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	20
Grand total					$12,786,000

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
N. Y. City 3½s, 1954 ... M. N.	88⅝ Feb. 25	88⅝ Mar 4	88⅝ Mar. 4, 1910
N. Y. City 3½s, 1954, reg ... M. N.	88 Feb 17	88 Feb 17	88 Feb. 17, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1918 ... M. N.*	99½ Mar. 8	99½ Mar 8	99½ Mar. 8, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1957 ... *M. N.	100½ Jan. 4	99 Mar 31	99⅝ May 7, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957 ... *M. N.	110 Jan. 7	108 Jan 24	108¼ May 7, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, reg	108¼ Jan. 31	108¼ Jan 31	108¼ Jan. 31, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, new ... M. N.*	109⅞ Jan. 7	107¾ Jan 25	108½ May 6, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917 ... *M. N.	104 Apr. 12	102½ Feb 3	103⅛ May 6, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917, new ... M. N.*	103½ Apr. 15	103¼ Mar 15	103½ Apr. 15, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1958 ... M. N.*	100⅝ Jan. 3	99 Mar 29	99⅝ May 7, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959 ... M. N.*	100⅝ Jan. 3	99 Mar 17	99½ May 7, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959, reg	99¼ Mar. 23	99¼ Mar 23	99¼ Mar. 23, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, temp. ctfs	101⅛ Mar. 23	101 Mar 23	101⅛ May 6, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1956, reg	99⅛ May 7	99⅛ May 7	99⅛ May 7, 1910

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1910 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914.....J. J.	....	....	100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	113⅜ Jun. 19, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	106¼ Apr. 25	106¼ Apr 25	106¼ May 6, 1910
North Carolina 6s, 1919......A. O.	114¾ Mar. 28	114¾ Mar 28	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910. J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small	....	....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax......A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4s, 1933.......J. J.	....	....	117 Jan. 22, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913.......J. J.	94¾ Mar. 9	94¾ Mar 9	94¾ Mar. 9, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small	93½ Mar. 9	93½ Mar 9	93½ Mar. 9, 1910
Virginia def. ctfs	....	....	1½ Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs.	56 Jan. 4	43 Feb 8	45 Apr. 27, 1910
Va. fund. debt 2-3s, 1991.....J. J.	90⅞ Jan. 20	90⅞ Jan 20	90⅞ Jan. 20, 1910
Virginia Riddleberger	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg.........Q. Jan.	101¼ Mar. 4	100½ Jan 20	101¼ Mar. 4, 1910
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon......J. Jan.	100¼ Feb. 5	100¼ Feb 5	100¼ Feb. 5, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg..........Q. F.	115¼ Jan. 3	114½ Mar 28	114½ Mar. 28, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon......Q. F.	115¾ Jan. 28	114½ May 5	114½ May 5, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	103 Mar. 22	101⅜ Jan 5	102⅝ May 2, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg.....Q. F.	102⅜ Feb. 24	101⅜ Feb 25	102½ May 5, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	102½ Mar. 11	102½ Mar 11	102½ Mar. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg	....	....	100 Oct. 27, 1909
Panama 2s, 1938, reg	....	....	101 Feb. 11, 1909
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg	....	....	100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Argentine 5s	97 Feb. 4	95¾ Jan 4	96½ May 6, 1910
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925..F. A.	96½ Apr. 2	94⅜ Jan 3	94⅞ May 4, 1910
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925.J. J.	95⅜ Mar. 10	93⅞ Jan 3	94¾ May 6, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan.4,1925.F. A.	92½ Apr. 6	88½ Jan 23	91½ May 5, 1910
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931......Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Republic of Cuba 5s.........M. S.	104 Feb. 2	101½ Mar 28	102¼ May 2, 1910
Republic of Cuba 4½s	98¾ Mar. 7	97 Jan 17	98 Apr. 8, 1910
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p c., 1919.	97¼ Feb. 3	96⅜ Jan 3	97 May 2, 1910
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s.........Q. J.	99⅜ Apr. 15	97⅝ Jan 4	98⅞ Apr. 29, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Dec. 1, 1953.J. D.	97⅛ Mar. 7	95⅜ Jan 7	96¼ Apr. 21, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series A	96⅝ Mar. 7	95⅝ Jan 24	96¼ May 7, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B	96⅜ May 2	95⅜ Jan 24	96⅜ May 2, 1910

ISSUES AND LOCATION OF GOVERNMENT BONDS MAY 2, 1910.

	Total Issue.	Amount Now Outstanding.	Deposited at Washington to Secure Circulation.	Held at Washington to Secure Govt. Deposits.*	Outside Investment Holdings.
2 p. c. Consols of 1930	$646,250,150.00	$646,250,150.00	$576,309,550	$25,882,900	$44,057,700
Threes of '908-1918	198,792,660.00	63,945,460.00	14,329,740	4,189,300	45,476,420
Fours of 1925	162,315,400.00	118,489,900.00	16,648,650	4,348,000	97,493,250
2 p. c. Panamas of 1916-36	54,631,980.00	54,631,980.00	50,875,340	2,861,000	895,640
Panama Twos of 1918-38	30,000,000.00	30,000,000.00	26,780,180	1,423,000	1,796,820
Total interest-bearing debt of U. S.	$1,091,990,190.00	$913,317,490.00	$684,943,460	$49,982,200	$178,441,830

*There were also held in the Treasury $4,539,000 Philippine 4s, $949,000 Porto Rican 4s, $1,197,000 District of Columbia 3.65s, $663,000 Hawaiian bonds, $136,000 Philippine Railway 4s, and $3,794,000 various State, city, and railroad bonds to secure Government deposits in National banks, making a total of $49,982,200 of all issues held at Washington for this purpose.

CANADA'S NEW LAW PREVENTS STRIKES

Arbitration Boards Have Averted Them in 45 Out of 59 Disputes, Says Dr. Clark.

CONCILIATION THE AIM

The Law Is Regarded as a Big Factor for Promoting Industrial Peace by Government Intervention.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Canadian Industrial Disputes Investigation act for the prevention of strikes affecting public utilities forms the subject of an article by Victor S. Clark in Bulletin 86 of the Bureau of Labor, of the Department of Commerce and Labor. This is the second report of Dr. Clark on the workings of this act, his first report, covering the first year of its operations, having been printed in May, 1908.

The dominant motive of the act was to prevent strikes and lockouts that seriously and directly affect the general welfare. The method of the law in such disputes is to prohibit a cessation of industry under penalties until by the investigation of an official board the public is officially informed of the grounds of the controversy. While strikes and lockouts are not prohibited after an investigation has been made, reliance is placed upon the power of well-informed public opinion to prevent or shorten such disturbances.

The law provides for boards of conciliation and investigation, appointed for each dispute. Each board consists of three members, one selected by the workers, another by the employers, and the third by these two members, or, when they fail to agree, by the Government.

The industries to which the law applies are those known as public utilities, such as steam and electric railways, power and lighting plants, and similar industries; it also extends to mines. Coal mines may perhaps be considered as public utilities, but the application of the act to metal mines is a departure from the strict principle of the law.

In comparison with the Australasian statutes the Canadian act differs in four important particulars: (1) It applies to a limited number of industries; (2) it does not provide for the incorporation of unions; (3) it requires the appointment of a new board for each dispute instead of a permanent tribunal; (4) it does not prohibit strikes and lockouts after an investigation of the dispute has been made.

From March 22, 1907, when the act went into effect, to August, 1909, boards were appointed and acted in a total of fifty-nine disputes. These disputes involved altogether 65,500 employes. In five cases there were legal strikes—that is, begun after the report of a board—and in eight cases there were illegal strikes—that is, begun before or pending investigation by a board; in forty-five cases settlement was secured without a strike. The friends of the act claim that a considerable number of disputes which otherwise might have resulted in a strike have been settled without a board because the parties were unwilling to have a public investigation. The most valuable feature of the act is claimed to be that it furnishes a regular formal procedure for bringing parties together before a strike or lockout occurs.

The principal service of a board is in bringing the parties to the controversy together for an amicable discussion and in guiding their negotiations to a voluntary settlement. If the parties cannot agree in this way the board seldom brings in a unanimous report. The chief merit of the law, then, lies not so much in its compulsory or penal features as in its conciliatory provisions, though its original and interesting element is the temporary prohibition of strikes and lockouts in order that conciliation may not be sacrificed by default.

Dr. Clark reports that observation and interviews with different classes of people in all parts of Canada indicate that the act has with some exceptions the support of the general public and of employers and of the parliamentary "laborists" and of the unions not directly affected by its provisions. The officials of the railway unions are divided in their opinions, but on the whole are more favorably inclined toward the law than when it first went into operation, and the rank and file of these unions is probably even more friendly. The leaders and the aggressive membership of the Western mining unions are vigorous opponents of the act, although there is a considerable quiet element that probably regards it with favor. The Nova Scotia miners officially indorse the law, but the result of a referendum vote upon it would be difficult to predict.

The act seems to be gaining support with longer experience, and has very few opponents outside of labor ranks. The act has afforded machinery for settling most of the disputes that have occurred in the industries to which it applies, but in some cases it has postponed rather than prevented strikes, and in other cases strikers have defied the law with impunity. Most of the amendments proposed look toward perfecting details rather than toward revising the structure of the law. There is no likelihood that the act will be repealed, or that it will be extended to other industries or toward compulsory arbitration. The most serious danger it faces is the non-enforcement of the strike and lockout penalties in cases where the law is violated.

Under the conditions for which it was devised the Canadian law, in spite of some setbacks, is useful legislation, and it promises more for the future than most measures—perhaps more than any other measure—for promoting industrial peace by Government intervention.

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THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Prospects Not So Good, but Cotton Outlook Brightens—Receipts Moderate in Other Staples.

The trend of opinion in the wheat market has slowly worked around to the bull side, although there has been no special excitement, but there has been a steady hardening of prices. The advance in the market has apparently come from a conviction that the conditions were not becoming favorable in the crop developments. There has been apprehension that the Government report on Monday will show a loss of very serious importance in the area, and likewise a loss in condition. Such a development would without doubt have a marked effect on the trade ideas regarding the crop situation. The average condition last month was 80.8 compared with a ten-year average of 87.0. A year ago in May the condition of wheat was 83.5, with a ten-year average of 86.0. In July the average condition of Winter wheat had improved to 82.4, compared with a ten-year average of 79.6. The actual threshing results last year were even better than indicated from the average condition.

This year it will be seen that the crop at the opening of the growing season was not only lower than last year, but also lower than the ten-year average, and the trend of private reports indicates the lowering in the condition during the month, with probabilities of a very large abandonment in area. A Western statistican about the first of the month issued a statement showing the probabilities of a loss of condition of about 1½ points for the month and a loss in area of over 4,000,000 acres. On Friday a Southwestern flour trade paper issued a statement proclaiming a loss in condition in the eleven leading producing States compared with last month, and a loss in acreage from the area seeded in those States of about 3,866,000 acres. The big surplus producing States of Kansas and Nebraska were given a low average. These two States last year raised 130,000,000 bushels out of the 446,000,000 produce of Winter wheat, and including Missouri and Illinois the four States raised 191,000,000 bushels. The greatest losses in acreage and crop are in these sections. Elsewhere the reports indicate a fairly good condition of wheat and probabilities of a large crop.

Even with an abandonment in area of 4,000,000 acres the area still standing for harvest would be 1,000,000 acres larger than last year, but the yield per acre would have to be somewhat over the average in order to make a crop equal to last year.

The reports of insect damage have been very numerous during the week, and there seems to be good reason for believing that insect life has developed to an important extent this Spring. The crop has been subject to very trying conditions, and is apparently feeling the effect of these conditions. There is at present reason to believe that there is ample moisture in all sections of the Winter wheat belt. On Friday and Saturday there were heavy rains in the Missouri Valley, particularly heavy in Kansas and Nebraska, and the drought in that region has been effectually broken. Favorable weather for the balance of the season would make a vast difference with the crop, but if the conditions are to continue trying for the balance of the season the outturn of the crop is problematical as the crop does not seem to be at present in promising shape.

Speculatively the bull interest appears to be making as much as possible out of the conditions, and speculative sentiment has been slowly shifting over from the bear side. While a great deal is being made out of what unfavorable conditions there are there seems to be good reason to believe that the most is being made out of the unfavorable conditions possible for speculative effect.

Statistically there has been a further decrease in stocks with moderate interior stocks, and as usual at opening of navigation stocks at points of accumulation are being distributed quite rapidly. This has resulted in another large decrease in the visible supply for the week following a good decrease the preceding week. Foreign markets paid little attention to the American markets during the week, being influenced entirely by other conditions, and prevailing prices abroad still are much below an export parity.

The corn market has slowly improved during the week. On Monday there was a sharp upturn as a result of disappointingly small deliveries on the May contracts West. The balance of the week prices held with steadiness, working upward slowly. The near-by positions were firm, and there was a large decrease in the visible, and the statistical developments showed a liberal distribution of corn, while the receipts from the country were apparently light and the cash situation improved. The corn being shipped into distribution will help the position materially, and corn being retained in store is undoubtedly that which will best stand the effects of high temperatures as the season advances. Reports indicate probabilities of a large corn area this season, with the planting generally under favorable circumstances in the Southwest. Work was interrupted at the close of the week by heavy rains. As a whole planting appears to be well advanced.

The developments in the oats market were also somewhat more favorable for prices. The advance in values, however, was slow and there was no particular excitement in the trade. The market was influenced by some decrease in stocks, rather moderate receipts, and better tone to the cash situation and some improvement in the cash demand. Toward the close of the week there were advices of a somewhat less favorable character regarding the appearance of the new crop and these reports had some influence in the situation.

Provisions were active and strong most of the week. Speculation turned slowly to the bull side on the extremely small movement of hogs at interior points. The monthly statement of stocks showed unexpectedly small totals West and a large decrease in the world's visible supply of lard. The covering movement immediately started in, and with hardening hog prices worked up very sharply. The packing is very disappointing and for the past week was only a little more than one-half of the total for the corresponding week last year. Although constant predictions are made of increasing hog movements the receipts are still of a very disappointing volume.

COTTON.

There is no way of discussing the cotton situation at present without allowance for the position of the different large interests in such prominent evidence in the market. There appears to be little or no public interest and there seems to be little immediate indication of any return of the public until the big fight is over. It has been stated that the big interest wanted the public to keep out until the fight was over so as to leave a free field with no ordinary speculative complications, and the public certainly seems to be keeping out.

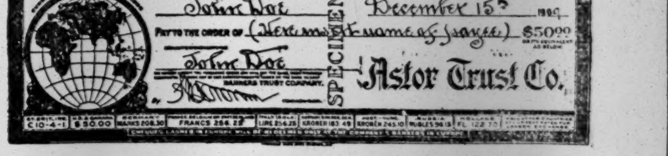
The market last week worked up a little, but there was only a moderate volume of trade and there were no developments of particular importance either for one side or the other in the big contest. The deliveries on May contracts are so far 201,000 bales, and the cash sales for the week have been about 15,000 bales. The transfer of the 201,000 bales of cotton has been a transaction involving approximately $15,000,000. It was not a disturbing factor in the money market, as it is understood that a great deal of the money came from outside New York. The cotton has been promptly taken, and arrangements as promptly made to ship out an important part. Freight engagements have been reported of over 50,000 bales, largely to Liverpool, and the selling of cotton bills last week was a factor in the Exchange market. Arrangements have also been made to ship out a large amount of cotton to Southern and New England mills, and there is no question apparently but that there will be a very rapid distribution of the stocks here. Mr. Patten's record as a distributor of grain accumulations indicates that his policy will be to move the stocks into consumption just as rapidly as possible and thereby show that prices are not above a distributing basis, that there is a market for the spot supplies, and that the future market here has not been above a parity with a distributing basis for the stocks accumulated.

There have been some further purchases of spot cotton from the South during the week, and some sales of May delivery as a result of these purchases. Cotton is coming in moderately for further delivery. The general feeling seems to be that there is no important interest which will not be filled by the delivery of the actual cotton for this month, but there is also a strong feeling that the outstanding July interest is large, and while Mr. Patten may not be involved in the July other important interests are believed to be heavily long, and there seems to be a great deal of apprehension as to the possible outcome of the July situation, with the country scoured for cotton for the May deliveries and stocks all over the world reduced by two months' additional consumption.

There has been a larger volume of world's takings of cotton of late, and this increase in takings is cited as a good indication of the renewed interest on the part of spinners in the actual spot situation. During the past week the world's takings were 196,619 bales of American against 238,286 bales last year. The world's takings of American cotton to date have been 8,955,688 bales, against 10,536,864 bales last year, a decrease of 1,581,176 bales. This is a decrease in round figures of just a little short of 200,000 bales a month. If continued for the balance of the season the total decrease would be about 2,300,000 bales for the year, which, deducted from last year's total, would indicate world's takings of American cotton for the year of about 10,800,000 bales. With a commercial crop of, say, 10,500,000 bales this year it would mean a decrease of at least 300,000 bales in the world's visible, compared with a year ago. The decrease in the American visible for the week was 140,354 bales, compared with a decrease of 124,819 bales last year.

The illness and death of the late King Edward was an unsettling factor at the close of the week, but there seemed to be a feeling that business conditions would not be seriously affected by the change in the Government. The Cotton Exchanges in America and England did not open Saturday. Foreign trade conditions have continued of favorable character, and there is a good volume of business being reported from the other side. The trade generally accepts the belief that the business conditions abroad are on a much better basis than they have been, and foreign spinners are in better shape. The trade conditions here continue slow. Curtailment is on a large scale, and the volume of business reported by the mills disappointing.

Crop conditions the past week have been a little more favorable and the weather conditions have been somewhat better. The rainfall has been light, and the absence of rain has been a desirable feature in one way, in that it has given opportunity for very rapid advancement in replanting of the cotton damaged by the frost and of planting areas not previously put in. There were some showers, and at the close of the week there was more precipitation shown. A very desirable condition at present would be warm, general rain.



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Needs These Cheques

THE *Travelers' Cheques of the American Bankers Association* are a necessity for the tourist Abroad, a great convenience for the traveler At Home. Accepted at face value by Hotels, Banks, Transportation Lines and others who cater to travelers throughout the world. More available than drafts or certified checks. Safer than money. Self-identifying. We issue these cheques in $10, $20, $50 and $100.

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Trustee for Personal Trusts
Astor Trust Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 36th STREET, NEW YORK

SIGNS OF TURNING IN CITYWARD TIDE

Rise in Price of Farm Lands an Indication That Farmers' Sons Are Staying.

BUSINESS GOOD IN WEST

Bankers from Chicago and Kansas City See No Real Let-Up in Prosperity, Though Buyers Are Cautious.

The return to the land which J. J. Hill and other close observers of economic conditions have been urging as necessary for the basic prosperity of the country is already in progress. Sure signs of such a movement are to be found in the increased value of farm lands in the Middle West, the increasing tendency of farmers' sons to settle down at their fathers' calling, and the movement toward increased acreage and intensive cultivation in already developed localities. These are the views of Vice President Ralph Van Vechten of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago, who was in New York last week.

The early Spring is the season when land buying and leasing is at its height in the agricultural districts, and most mortgages, leases, and sales concentrate on March 1. This date this year saw the largest movement of this character that the banks in the grain regions have ever had to handle. Although the small banks have never been more numerous and more prosperous throughout the Middle West, the tendency among the farmers to increase their land holdings has been so marked this year that the resources of the agricultural banks have been taxed severely to meet the demands of their farmer clients, and the requirements for this class of financing have had the effect of restricting funds ordinarily available for investment in commercial paper and for loans in the larger cities. Many banks, in fact, which ordinarily are lenders in the big centres at this season are now borrowers.

The movement in farm land is not properly to be classed as speculative, Vice President Van Vechten contends, indicating rather a healthy movement toward the soil. His observation of the conditions of the past few years is that most of the land bought is paid for out of the profits of the recent prosperity in agriculture and in most cases represents the enlargement of holdings by the acquirement of adjacent property. One of the notable causes of the demand for land, he says, is the increasing tendency of the farmers' sons to establish themselves in the home district. The widespread dissemination of scientific methods of dealing with farm problems and the great increase in education along agricultural lines, together with the vastly better conditions of farm life which have come with prosperity, have helped to keep the sons who a decade ago flocked to the cities on the land, and in Mr. Van Vechten's opinion the drift away from the Middle West has for all practical purposes become a thing of the past.

As for the present level of values, Mr. Van Vechten sees nothing alarming in the increases which have taken place in the last few years. There has been nothing like the boom conditions which brought disaster to holders of farm mortgages in the eighties. The growth has been steady, about 10 per cent. annually, and in this movement the buyers are actual cultivators. The best indications that the movement is not to be classed as a boom is the absence of speculation in town lots and the fact that mortgage rates have not advanced materially despite the heavy demand. Where 5 and 5½ per cent. was the usual rate a short time ago the pressure under which the banks have been put has brought the rate no higher than 6 per cent. While some of the agricultural banks have been glutted with farm mortgages because of the local conditions which focus this class of financing on one date, the 1st of March, the burden is being rapidly distributed. The 6 per cent. mortgages are being taken in large numbers by the large life insurance companies and other financial institutions, Mr. Van Vechten says, and this fact is responsible, he thinks, for some of the heavy selling of standard bonds which have been replaced in the coffers of such institutions by farm mortgages.

In the general conditions in his territory Mr. Van Vechten finds little to indicate a slowing up in business. The high prices of goods have made buyers cautious, and there has been a tendency to avoid stocking up heavily in the expectation of recessions in prices. One of the best indexes of the general prosperity is the business of the mail order houses. In Chicago Mr. Van Vechten says the mail order houses are doing the biggest business in their history.

Business men consult The New York Times Wekly Financial Review for reports on the country's trade developments. Informative articles on bond, stock, metal, and produce markets and reliable tables for reference. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE.—Stockholders of the Robespierre Realty and Construction Company are hereby notified that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Robespierre Realty and Construction Company will be held on the 17th day of May, 1910, at the office of Weed, Henry & Meyers, No. 62 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the Robespierre Realty and Cnstruction Company be forthwith dissolved.
By order of the Board of Directors.
New York, April 16, 1910.
LOUIS PINCUS, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A SPECIAL meeting of the Stockholders of the Importers Automobile Salon will be held in Room No. 408, Thoroughfare Building, 1,777 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, May 17th, 1910, at 8 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the Corporation be forthwith dissolved, pursuant to Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and for the transaction of such other business that may come before the meeting for action.
By order of the Board of Directors.
E. R. HOLLANDER, Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF
AZURITE MINING COMPANY.
Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors authorizing the same, a meeting of the stockholders of Azurite Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company, Number 136 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of May, 1910, at 3:00 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that said corporation be forthwith dissolved.
Dated New York, March 30, 1910.
W. C. MEEKER, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A MEETING of the Stockholders of 103 Park Avenue Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 103 Park Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 16th day of May, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
New York, N. Y., May 2, 1910.
HARRY B. MULLIKEN, Secretary.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.
The Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, May 11, 1910, at 12:00 o'clock Noon, for the election of five Directors to hold office for three years, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
New York, April 25th, 1910.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of THE STANDARD GAS LIGHT COMPANY of the City of New York will be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 916, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th Street, New York City, on Wednesday, the eleventh day of May next, at 12 o'clock M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
GEO. W. PARKHURST, Sec'y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Chesebrough Building Company will be held at its office, Room 709, No. 17 State Street, N. Y., on Monday, at 12 M., May 23rd, 1910, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.
ARTHUR J. HOPPER, Secretary.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Showers Monday. Tuesday fair; light to moderate south to southwest winds.

Georgia—Showers Monday, followed by fair in western portion. Tuesday fair; light to moderate south to southwest winds.

Florida—Showers Monday, except fair in extreme southern and extreme northwestern portions. Tuesday fair; light to moderate south to southwest winds.

Alabama—Partly cloudy Monday; warmer in northern and western portions. Tuesday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Mississippi—Fair, warmer Monday. Tuesday fair; light variable winds.

Louisiana—Fair Monday; warmer in the interior. Tuesday fair; light variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Monday and Tuesday; moderate southeast to south winds.

Western Texas, Utah, Oklahoma, and Kansas—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Arkansas—Fair, warmer Monday; Tuesday fair.

Tennessee—Fair in western, clearing in eastern, portion Monday; warmer. Tuesday fair; warmer in eastern portion.

Kentucky—Partly cloudy and warmer Monday. Tuesday fair; warmer in eastern portion.

Ohio—Partly cloudy Monday. Tuesday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair, warmer Monday. Tuesday fair; light to moderate west to northwest winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Monday; warmer in northeast portion. Tuesday fair; light to moderate west to northwest winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Monday; cooler in northern portion. Tuesday fair; light to moderate west to northwest winds.

Wisconsin and Minnesota—Fair Monday; slightly cooler in northern portion. Tuesday fair, cooler; light to moderate west to northwest winds.

Iowa—Fair Monday. Tuesday fair; cooler in northern portion.

Missouri—Fair, warmer Monday. Tuesday fair.

North and South Dakota—Fair Monday and Tuesday; cooler Tuesday.

Nebraska—Fair Monday. Tuesday fair; cooler in western portion.

Cotton Mill Dividends.

FALL RIVER, Mass., May 8.—Following are the cotton mill dividends for the second quarter of 1910

Names of Corporations.	Capital.	Rate.
American Linen Co.	$800,000	1½
Ancona Co.	100,000 pf.	1½
Ancona Co.	200,000 com.	1½
Arkwright Mills	450,000	1
Barnard Mfg. Co.	495,000	1½
Bourne Mills	1,000,000	1½
Border City Mfg. Co.	1,000,000	1½
Barnaby Mfg. Co.	350,000	1
Chace Mills	1,200,000	2
Cornell Mills	400,000	2
Conanicut Mills	*300,000	1½
Davis Mills	1,250,000	1½
Davol Mills	500,000	1½
Flint Mills	1,160,000	†1½
Granite Mills	1,000,000	2
Hargraves Mills	800,000	2½
King Philip Mills	1,500,000	1½
Luther Mfg. Co.	350,000	1½
Laurel Lake Mills	600,000	2
Merchants' Mfg. Co.	1,200,000	1½
Mechanics' Mills	750,000	1½
Narragansett Mills	400,000	2
Osborn Mills	750,000	1½
Parker Mills	800,000	2½
Pocasset Mfg. Co.	1,200,000	1½
Richard Borden Mfg. Co.	1,000,000	2
Sagamore Mfg. Co.	1,200,000	2
Seaconnet Mills	600,000	2
Shove Mills	550,000	1½
Stafford Mills	1,000,000	1½
Stevens Mfg. Co.	700,000	1½
Tecumseh Mills	750,000	1½
Troy C. & W. Manuf'y	800,000	3
Union Cotton Mfg. Co.	1,200,000	1½
Wampanoag Mills	750,000	1½
Weetamoe Mills	500,000	1½

*Authorized capital. †Paid on capital of $580,000.

BRONX MONKEYS HAZE NEWCOMERS

Under the Direction of Keepers, They Put Aguinaldo and Gen. Lopez Through Zoo Stunts.

START WITH BOXING MATCH

Then Follows a Lesson in Using the Springboard with Attempts to Unearth Hidden Delicacies.

Now and then they have a hazing party in the monkey house at the Bronx Park Zoo similar in some respects to the hazing of freshmen at college in the old days when the fraternities had freer range than they have now. The monkey house hazing festivities are conducted by the monkeys themselves, under the guidance of the fun-loving keepers.

The old residents of the monkey house colony enjoy these parties greatly. So do the keepers. The signal for the hazers to prepare for action is the arrival of a new member of the monkey family. Yesterday there was a double hazing, for two monkey "freshmen" from the Philippines arrived early in the morning. They came in port late last week on the steamship Moncaster Castle from Singapore, and were transferred to the Zoo late Saturday night by Head Keeper Charles Snyder.

The new arrivals are known to zoologists as Moor Macaques. To the Zoo keepers they are known as Aguinaldo and General Lopez.

Baldy, the dean of the monkey house, is chief hazer. Fuzzy Williams, a foolish looking simian, who hails from Africa, and who the keepers say becomes seasick whenever he catches sight of water, is Baldy's chief lieutenant. Creole, who distinguished herself a week ago by riding the bucking kangaroo known as The Sydney Plunger, also helps out the fun.

Upon their arrival at the monkey house Saturday night, Aguinaldo and Gen. Lopez were put in a cage by themselves near the wire-covered apartment of Baldy and his mate. All through the night the inmates of the "Hotel de Monk," as the keepers call the place, kept up a subdued chattering. Keeper Riley said afterward that he guessed Baldy and his fellow-hazers were trying to tell the Philippine contingent what to expect a little later on.

Aguinaldo and Gen. Lopez looked as though they had spent a very unhappy night when Riley and Keeper Engelholm appeared with breakfast soon after sunrise yesterday. The new arrivals seemed to cheer up at the sight of the bananas and apples, however, and ate heartily. It was a gloomy morning in the park yesterday. Rain was falling and it looked as though there would be no morning visit from the Sunday-in-the-Parks Club. The conditions were ideal for the hazing of Aguinaldo and Gen. Lopez.

Into a room, known as the gymnasium, Aguinaldo and Gen. Lopez were carried, a little while after breakfast. Each received a banana to keep him quiet, and Baldy and his fellow-hazers were brought in. The old residents of the monkey house seemed inclined to rush the newcomers. In fact Baldy grimaced and began hopping over the floor toward the Philippine monkeys, but was waved back by Keeper Riley. Aguinaldo was deeply impressed with the belligerent attitude. But his partner, Gen. Lopez, seemed to have regained his nerve. He grimaced back at Baldy and said things in his own language. Baldy and Fuzzy Williams, in obedience to a motion from Keeper Riley, ambled over to a corner and sat down to await developments. Creole sprang on top of the long table in the centre of the room, while Chauncey vaulted to the flying trapeze and perched herself comfortably on the swinging bar. Riley and Engelholm held a consultation as to how to begin.

"Get out the boxing gloves and the muzzles," said Riley, and in a moment Engelholm had them ready. The sets of boxing gloves in the Hotel de Monk consist of four pairs, instead of two. Four of the small two-ounce gloves were fastened to the hands and feet of General Lopez, and a muzzle was slipped over his face and securely fastened. The table was shoved aside and the muzzled General Lopez was put in the middle of the floor. Baldy was muzzled and gloved, and all was ready for the initial stage of the hazing.

It was not a new experience for Baldy. He had been the star boxer in several other hazings in the Hotel de Monk. General Lopez tried hard to rub the muzzle from his face, but the boxing gloves prevented him. While he was still struggling with the muzzle, Keeper Riley gave Baldy a push and sent him reeling against General Lopez. And then the fun began.

Of course neither monkey could hurt the other, for the boxing gloves were soft and the muzzles prevented biting. For nearly a minute they pawed each other with the gloves, not exactly slugging, as prize fighters do, but landing a blow now and then. Baldy was the aggressor from the start. The boxing gloves on the feet of the monkeys made it difficult for them to stand. About half the time they lay on their sides digging at each other with hands and feet. Each was grimacing and chattering excitedly, their eyes snapping angrily. As for the other monkeys, they stared eagerly at the fighters, never once attempting to interfere.

No time was kept by the keepers, but now and then Baldy and General Lopez were dragged apart to rest. And each time the keepers let go, Baldy would scramble across the floor and pummel his antagonist as hard as he could.

Several rounds of this, and the muzzle was slipped from General Lopez, the gloves were taken off, and Aguinaldo was prepared for the hazing. He proved no match for Baldy, and after a few mix-ups Baldy was retired to give place to Fuzzy Williams. Aguinaldo seemed to lose his fear as the fight progressed. He became very angry and made jungle sounds which might have struck terror to the heart of a less seasoned fighter than Fuzzy Williams. He persisted, too, in hugging his antagonist, rather than fighting fairly with the gloves.

The fight was declared a draw. Before it ended several of the keeprs were on hand to see the fun, and, with no danger of interruption from visitors, entered enthusiastically into the hazing.

Next came the springboard feature of the hazing of Aguinaldo and his friend General Lopez. The springboard is a thin piece of lumber, which is clamped to the table with screws, and about five feet of which overhangs. Underneath is a padded mat. Aguinaldo was blindfolded and put on the table. Baldy and Chauncey were stationed behind him, and at a word from Keeper Riley gave the blindfolded monkey a push. Aguinaldo jumped away, and found himself on the board and swaying up and down at every movement. As he paused, uncertain what to do, Baldy's hand reached out and touched him on the back. Another flinch and a jump by Aguinaldo, and the board sagged. He slid off the end and to the mat below, while the chattering of the monkey hazers drowned the laughter of the keepers. General Lopez was put through the same performance.

After that was over the freshmen monkeys watched Baldy and Chauncey and the rest of the hazing party operate the combination lock and the spring which opened a little trapdoor and let fall a shower of bananas and apples. Along toward the close of the hazing Aguinaldo and General Lopez, plucking up a little courage, and seeking to imitate the older residents of the monkey house, tried to discover the secret of the combination lock and the hidden spring. They gave it up in despair. But before they were sent back to their cage each of the newcomers received some fruit as a reward for his patience.

NEW SWINDLER AT WORK.

Police Looking for a Man Who Dupes Delivery Wagon Drivers.

The police are looking for a new kind of swindler whose field lies among delivery wagon drivers of firms having more than one store in New York. For some weeks he has been trying to victimize the drivers of a clothing store with several branches in Manhattan by going to them in the street with the story that he is a manager of one of the stores and has just lost $5 or $10. If the driver will let him have that amount until he can reach the store he will not only repay him but make him a present of a pair of trousers or some shirts if he will call for them.

In several instances the drivers have been induced to give up their money, only to find on applying to the store where the man said he was manager that no such person was known. This man is described as about 28 years old, 5 feet 6 inches in height, stout, with full face and pleasant address. He usually wears a blue serge suit and green glasses.

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Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture; all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-63 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

Second-hand National cash registers, office furniture, chairs, time clocks, partitions, mimeographs, $8; safes, typewriters, filing cabinets, showcases. Nathan's, 4 White.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

SOHMER & CO., 315 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Corner 32d Str. will sell a number of discontinued styles of pianos and player-pianos, also used pianos in excellent condition, and fully warranted, of other well-known manufacture, at greatly reduced prices. Time Payments acceptable.

WINTERROTH PIANOS, 5 West 14th St. and 14 West 125th St. Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

$149 new Livingston upright pano, $5 monthly; $95 Steinway & Son, $3 monthly. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

Highest cash price paid for furniture, pianos, bric-a-brac, rugs. Griffin, 115 University Place. 'Phone 2298 Stuyvesant.

INSTRUCTION.

SUMMER CAMP FOR BOYS
Opens June 24. On Long Island Sound, 25 miles from N. Y. Out-door life. Thorough tutoring if desired. W. H. C. Lyburn, Trinity School, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Graff-Havland Company, Chicago, Ill.; H. Graff, cloaks, suits, and skirts; H. F. Havland, cloaks, suits, and skirts; "Fall goods only;" 7 West Twenty-second Street.

Fair, Chicago, Ill.; L. H. Webb, dress goods, silks, linings, and muslins; G. W. Mittler, ladies' neckwear and laces; 684 Broadway.

McLaughlin Brothers, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; W. P. McLaughlin, furnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Hermocksburg, J. W., Syracuse, N. Y., millinery; Miss Buckley, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.

Haines, James B., & Sons, Pittsburg, Penn.; D. Maine, dress goods, silks, and linens; Herald Square Hotel.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; F. H. Meyers, dress goods; 2 Walker Street; The Hermitage.

Bacon, J., & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; Y. Elder, domestics; M. Mayer, boys' clothing and furnishing goods; Miss K. E. Miller, ladies' and infants' wear and corsets; J. I. Middleton, dress goods and silks; C. C. McAuly, dress goods; 214 Church Street; The Hermitage.

Innes, George, Company, Wichita, Kan.; W. G. Lewis, linings, notions, and laces; W. P. Innes, dry goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel Woodward.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. W. Morgan, dry goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Wellington.

Frank, A. B., Company, San Antonio, Texas; M. Bleather, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Filenes, William, Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; R. O. Durrell, dresses; Hotel Martinique.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; Julius Goldenberg, dry goods; Hotel Grand.

Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; L. D. Burnett, clothing; 31 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.

Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. P. Duplus, jewelry, 821 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.

Bennett, E. K., Pittsburg; millinery; Miss Arthur, ribbons; Hoffman House.

Dougherty-Little-Redwine Company, Atlanta, Ga.; D. O'Dougherty, domestics, dress goods, and silks; J. R. Little, dry goods; G. F. Freeman, dry goods; 258 Church Street.

Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; E. E. Snyder, clothing; 395 Broadway; The Breslin.

Arbuthnot-Stephenson Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; G. Dihm, carpets; 43 Leonard Street; The Breslin.

Fair, Cincinnati, Ohio; A. M. Noll, furnishing goods, hosiery, and gloves; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. T. Smith, men's neckwear and suspenders; W. M. Williams, ladies' neckwear, collars, and cuffs; G. E. Tarnow, ribbons and umbrellas; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.

McAuslan & Wakelin, Holyoke, Mass.; W. B. Wakelin, suits, laces, gloves, and ribbons; Hotel Navarre.

Little & Golze, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. Golze, woolens; Hotel Imperial.

Katz Brothers, Honesdale, Penn.; E. A. Katz, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Ryan & Laird, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. T. Ryan, clothing; Hotel Imperial.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.
For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY GOODS. Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.
CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMEN'S GOODS. Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS. Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
CUT GLASS. J. Hoare & Co. (Exhibit.) Grand Hotel.
FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties. C. Weisker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 4th, n. B'way.
HUMAN HAIR. Milton Mayer, Importer, (Mfg. trade,) 22 W. 21 St.
LADIES' KIMONOS and Dressing Sacques. R. Tahan & Co., "Mfrs.," 98 Washington St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES. Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 65 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's. Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way. Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS. C. K. Selick, "Florentine," 66 Leonard St.
RAINCOATS. Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods. Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS. Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS. James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

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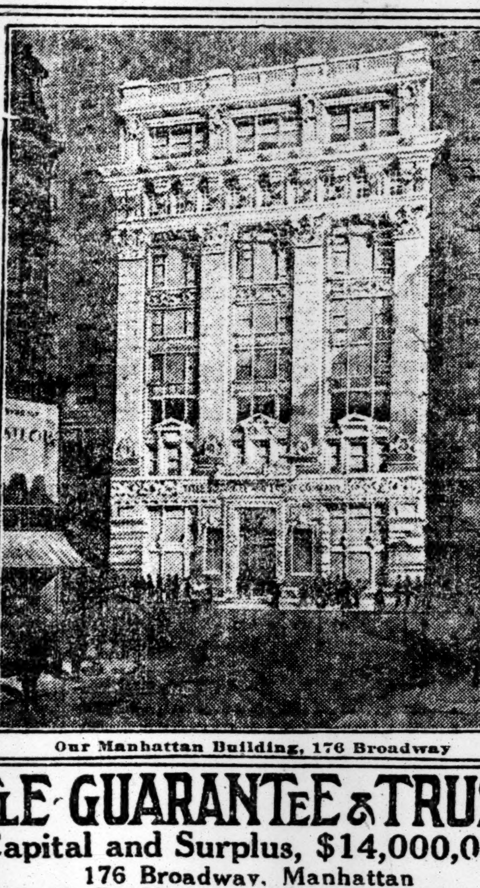

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Bryan L. Kennelly, Auc'r,
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TO-DAY
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735 Washington St.,
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three story and basement brick Dwelling; size of lot, 20x69.6x61x15.6.

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three story brick Dwelling; size of lot, 16x31x16.1x28.6.

39 Perry St.,
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Four story brick Dwelling; size of lot, 17.6x74.

60% on Mtge., 1 or 3 years, at 4½%
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101-103 Varick St.,
NEAR WATTS ST.,
two 3 story brick Tenements, with 3 story brick Stable in rear, use of alley; size, 42x80.
70% May Remain on Mortgage 4½%
Maps, &c., at auctioneer's office, 156 B'way.

GEORGE W. BARD, Auctioneer, Will sell at Mt. Vernon, N. Y., AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ON SATURDAY, MAY 14TH, At 2 P. M., on the Premises, 6 PARCELS OF UNIMPROVED LAND ON PROSPECT AV., ELM PLACE, AND COTTAGE AV., (CORNER OF PROSPECT.) These properties are at the entrance to restricted Chester Hill. The Prospect Avenue and Elm Place lots are unrestricted as to business. The Prospect Avenue and Cottage Avenue corner is subdivided into two plots, on which may be erected apartments or private dwellings. Title guaranteed absolutely by the Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co. and by United States Title Co. TERMS VERY EASY. Opportunities for future development assured; Diagrams and particulars of the Auctioneer, 11 Depot Place, City Hall Building, Tel. 249......Mount Vernon, N. Y.

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LOCATED
New and Larger Quarters,
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In a few days we will have ready for public inspection the most complete exhibit of front brick in New York City.
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PROMPT DELIVERIES ALWAYS.

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CALL, WRITE OR PHONE,
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4½% Mortgage Money 4½%
Charges 1% and disbursements; prompt attention; liberal Manhattan loans; special funds; applications wanted. SUGARMAN & KAHN, 302 Broadway.

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LOW RATES—LOW NET CHARGES.
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TWO-FAMILY HOUSES
Handsomest in Greater New York, full lot, brick, semi-detached. Built by Johnson, in the beautiful Hunts Point Section, Bronx.
MANIDA STREET
near Garrison Av.; $1,500 cash, balance mortgage; Simpson St. Station of Bronx Subway Express and 2d and 3d Av. Ls. Agent on premises, or telephone 3381 Melrose.

One Family Brick Houses
Briggs Av., north of 194th St., Fordham. ALSO ONE-FAMILY FRAME HOUSES, 263-265 Kingsbridge Road, facing Poe Park. Wm. H. Wright & Son, Inc., Builders.

Builders, Attention! Absolute Sacrifice. Two choice Webster Av. lots, 50x100. PRICE ONLY $1,875 EACH. Clement H. Smith, 464 Tremont Av.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

For Sale.—One hundred-acre farm, (100;) fine estate; two (2) houses; fine barns and outbuildings; house has all improvements; five (5) cows; a pair of fine work horses; all tools etc.; bargain. G. W. Munson, Milford, Conn.

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CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
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Tenements of every description for sale. Address Wm. M. Smith, 218 West 64th St.

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41 Riverside Drive
5-story American basement dwelling, containing 18 rooms and 3 baths, located on one of the highest points of the Drive. Will be sold at a great bargain; liberal terms will be made; full commission to brokers.
Bryan L. Kennelly,
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HERALD SQUARE.
Fine building site for mercantile building, 50x100 on 36th St., between Herald Square and Pennsylvania Terminal; great chance for builder; will be sold at less than $3,500 a front foot to a quick purchaser.
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FIFTH AVENUE SECTION.
Four-story Dwelling in 50th St., near 5th Av.; Columbia College leasehold; laundry, dining and bedroom extension; trimmed in hardwood; gas fixtures and mirrors complete; admirably arranged for physician; property free and clear; will be sold at a very low figure.
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WHY GO TO THE COUNTRY? SAME RESULTS CAN BE OBTAINED ON SHADY LENOX ROAD, FLATBUSH, IN HEART OF CITY. All improvements installed; no further assessments. Beautifully decorated single frame cottages, containing nine rooms; steam heat, parquet floors, shower bath, gas, electric fixtures, etc. Lots 25x200. Suitable for keeping poultry and garden. PRICE $8,500; TERMS TO SUIT. ASHLEY FORMOSO, 235 Lenox Road, Brooklyn.

Flatbush houses my specialty; cottage or mansion; 40 varieties; one special eight-room house; perfect gem, $5,500, worth $7,500; open Sundays. Edwards, Church Av. Station, Brighton Beach "L."

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

INVEST NOW AND MAKE BIG PROFITS THIS SUMMER
WHEN THE PENNSYLVANIA AND BELMONT TUNNELS OPEN FOR TRAFFIC.
THE WELDING TOGETHER OF QUEENS AND MANHATTAN WILL NOT ONLY INCREASE THE POPULATION OF QUEENS, BUT WILL BRING COMMERCIAL PROSPERITY AND WITH THIS UNION WILL BEGIN AN ERA OF GROWTH UNDREAMED OF FOR BEAUTIFUL
ELMHURST HEIGHTS,
THE PRETTIEST HOMESITE IN NEW YORK CITY.
NOW BUT 18 MINUTES FROM MANHATTAN BY TROLLEY. WE HAVE ONLY A FEW CHOICE PLOTS LEFT. DON'T DELAY. WRITE AT ONCE FOR PARTICULARS, OR TAKE CORONA CAR TO WOODSIDE AVE. AND PENFOLD ROAD.
BANKERS LAND CORPORATION,
887 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A.—A.—GRAND VIEW country seats and Villa Sites for immediate possession or future investment; choice now available at $800 upwards, only 10% cash, balance in 5 years; now 30 minutes Herald Square, 22 minutes next month. Highly restricted and charming to the most fastidious. Water fronts, shaded lawns, broad boulevards, shrubbery, and flowers; quick service; commutation 12 cents; macadamized avenues, pavements, gas, city water, sewerage, telephone, electric light; in fact all modern city improvements now ready. Several strictly up-to-dat houses and grounds, $6,300 to $15,000, easy terms. Write, call, or telephone to-day for plans and photos. Automobiles and carriages for the convenience of our guests. Shore Acres Realty Company, 146 East 34th St., New York. Tel. 1481 Mad. Branch: 395 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

ELMHURST
Plot 40x100 on Claremont Av., two blocks from station, at a sacrifice for cash. James Starbuck, Room 424, 47 West 34th St.

FLUSHING.—Brick and stone dwelling; all improvements; 18 rooms; 2 bathrooms; large lawn; Washington and Lawrence Sts., $85,000, or will rent. Elliott & Bush, 194 Broadway, New York, or local agents.

A WORKINGMAN'S CHANCE.
Must sell quickly, two lots in Flushing; all improvements; $925 each; $100 cash, balance monthly. R. L. Paris, 47 West 34th Street.

EXAMINE OUR HOUSES on 29th St. and Broadway, Flushing, before buying or renting; it will pay. Your own terms. CHRISTENSEN, 1 West 34th St.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

A REAL LIVE BARGAIN

HARRISON-ON-THE-SOUND
A 14 room House, bath, toilets, open fireplaces, butler's pantry; LARGE PLOT OF GROUND; 3 blocks from trolley.
ON EASY TERMS.
For further particulars, HALLEY LAND AND IMPROVEMENT CO., Station square, Harrison, N. Y.

I WILL DIVIDE MY BEAUTIFUL ESTATE
OVERLOOKING THE HUDSON
Into Villa Plots to Suit Purchasers
Commutation is 40 minutes to Grand Central.
I have installed sewers, water, gas, paved the roads, etc.
The estate commands unlimited views. Is beautifully wooded, and an ideal location for all-year homes.
Fifty fine families now building homes. References demanded, as none but cultured people are desired.
Address ESTATE
Box 29, Grand Central Station

HAVE CHANGED MY POSITION MUST GO WEST
Will sell my house of 6 rooms and bath on easy monthly payments; 2 lots nicely graded and fenced in, with chicken run; bath, toilet in house; running water; gas; only built 2 years; in first-class condition. Write for particulars to my broker, Room 308 Terminal Bldg., 41st St. and Park Av., City.

Mount Vernon.

See! George W. Bard's
ADVERTISEMENT
UNDER AUCTION SALES
of 6 Unimproved Lots
in the business section, at the entrance of restricted Chester Hill, near the New Haven Station, at MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED, for Summer season or longer, attractive residence in convenient and pretty section of Chester Hill; 10 rooms, 2 baths; well furnished; electricity; spacious piazza; asking $150 monthly; will consider reasonable offer. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

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PINECREST
A poem in trees, hills, and glens, on the Hudson. Lots, acreage; 5c. ride from Subway. Write Pinecrest Co., Yonkers.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

All or part 150 choice improved Flatbush lots; will exchange for good income property. Edwards, Church Av. station Brighton Beach "L."

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

RIGHT ON SOUND.
Beautiful large house, restricted section, 17 rooms, 3 baths; every modern improvement; elegant bathing beach, lock, anchorage, &c.; 30 minutes to Manhattan, 3 minutes to station; rent, $2,000; no agents; owner. J 36 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

1 West 68th St.—Completely furnished 7-room apartment at a bargain.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Floors furnished or unfurnished; large and small rooms; private baths.

Elegantly furnished seven rooms, 2 baths; delightfully cool; piano, linen, silver; corner Broadway Subway express; Summer rates; 231 West 56th St. Simpson.

19 East 82d St.—Large, handsome front room; private bath; meals served in apartments.

Brooklyn.

Upper part detached cottage, 8 rooms, best section Flatbush; porch; piano; pool and billiard table; May to October. W. R., 412 Rugby Road.

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Brooklyn.

Beautiful new eight-room house in Flatbush; all latest improvements; rent, $45 per month. Edwards, Church Av. station Brighton Beach "L."

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To let at Larchmont, $250 a month for the Summer, attractive furnished cottage, six bedrooms; 3 minutes' walk from the Sound, 35 minutes from city; fine bathing and boating. Address C. C., 55 West 44th St.

Hot days coming! Cool Cape Cod! Wychmer seashore cottages, (Harwich, Mass.;) complete appointments; beautiful surroundings; tennis; $375. Cape, 505 West 124th St.

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WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT
NEWARK NEWARK
A Handsome Residential Development.
This tract is almost as accessible from New York as it is from Market and Broad Streets, Newark. This property is directly opposite Weequahic Park, one of the handsomest park developments in Essex County.
The Lehigh Valley "Park View" Passenger Station is located at the property. This Railroad is operated over the Pennsylvania R. R. tracks and ferries to New York.
Upon completion of Pennsylvania R. R. tunnels under the North River, this development is only 20 minutes from New York City. WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS ON JERSEY SIDE.
TERMS THAT WILL PERMIT YOU TO BUY—MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
Agents on Property. Maps and Particulars.
Take Lehigh Valley Train (Sunday), Pennsylvania Railroad Ferries. Or take Jersey Central, Pennsylvania or Lackawanna Railroad to Newark, and take Mt. Prospect Ave. or "Main" Line trolleys to property.
FRANK J. BOCK, 800 BROAD ST., NEWARK.

SMALL FARM AND THIS BUNGALOW

Four rooms and ½ acre of land; charming suburb; 56 minutes from City Hall; boating, bathing, and fishing; raise your own chickens, vegetables, and enjoy the peace and happiness of country life; 15 trains daily, fare 11c.; 15 minutes' walk to depot. Apple and cherry trees; price only $550. Small monthly payments. Write, call, or telephone 6371 Barclay. K. NICHOLS, No. 238 Broadway, opposite City Hall.

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ASBURY PARK
To Visit ASBURY PARK ESTATES.
Large Bungalow plots $275 to $375.
Easy terms. Improvements.
L. SMADBECK, Mgr.,
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CHICKEN FARM $99
10,000 square feet of land for $99—$10 down, $5 monthly. Charming suburb, one hour from city. Fare 15c. Orchard of 100 trees with each acre FREE. Call, write, or 'phone 4309 Beekman. B. Finley, Room 324 World Bldg.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Ten-room dwelling, hot water heat, a perfect home, $9,500. J 119 Times.

Artistic Nutley houses, $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

$500 CASH—$10 MONTHLY
Purchases beautiful cottage with modern improvements; electric lights and high elevation; large plot; near school and station; 25 minutes out; Lackawanna R. R. Call, write, Nicholson Co., Lindhurst, N. J.

A charming new house at Westfield, near station, $5,250, $750 cash; has sewer connections, stone walk, gas and electric light, furnace, hardwood trim; beautiful decorations. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York.

Biggest bargain in New Jersey; elegant new cottage, six rooms and bath; fine location, near station and school, at beautiful Bergenfield; 35 minutes out; lot 100x100; only $4,000; $300 cash, balance as rent; photo sent. Carl Hallberg, owner, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Factory site at Garwood, 300 feet deep from street to railroad; can furnish from 100 to 1,000 feet of track frontage cheap. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York.

Choice plot, 50x175, near everything, Westfield, $450, $10 cash, $5 monthly; this is worth seeing; free tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York.

Rent reduced, perhaps free, to enterprising man, reasonable hours; price right to purchaser; easy terms; Hasbrouck Heights dwelling, 8 rooms; improvements; newly painted, decorated. White, 25 West 42d St.

Five acres high ground, Westfield, near stone walk, &c., paved street; only $5,000; would make fine little subdivision of 50 lots. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York.

East Orange.—5 minutes Lackawanna station, modern house, 8 rooms, all improvements; also 2-family house with tenant; easy terms; both good investments. Address Owner, 90 8th Av.

Big plot, 100x100, well located on trolley at Westfield; only $650, $10 cash, $6.50 monthly; covered with large trees. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway, New York.

90 acres, 45 minutes from Broadway; consider sale, exchange for income property, or proposition to market same. Owner, 150 Times Downtown.

Farms, country homes, all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 78 Bible House, Manhattan.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

A.—A.—GRAND VIEW country seats and Villa Sites for immediate possession or future investment; choice now available at $800 upwards, only 10% cash, balance in 5 years; now 30 minutes Herald Square, 22 minutes next month. Highly restricted and charming to the most fastidious. Water fronts, shaded lawns, broad boulevards, shrubbery, and flowers; quick service; commutation 12 cents; macadamized avenues, pavements, gas, city water, sewerage, telephone, electric light; in fact all modern city improvements now ready. Several strictly up-to-date houses and grounds, $6,300 to $15,000, easy terms. Write, call, or telephone to-day for plans and photos. Automobiles and carriages for the convenience of our guests. Shore Acres Realty Company, 146 East 34th St., New York. Tel. 1481 Mad. Branch: 395 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

BELLEROSE.
Villas and Villa Plots.
Artistic high-class homes at minimum prices. Landscaped streets. Fully restricted. Beautiful $10,000 Pennsylvania, main line, station on property, 23 minutes from Herald Square; also trolley; elevation 85 feet. Booklet upon request.
UNITED HOLDING COMPANY,
1,007 Flatiron Building, N. Y. C.

A splendid bungalow site, 50x150, hill top, in exclusive residence park, five minutes' walk from Manhasset Station, with grand view of Manhasset Bay; all improvements; boating, bathing, golfing; private docks; $1,200; a fine opportunity for the right party; liberal building arrangements; write for information. Desirable, 154 Times Downtown.

Floral Park $275 for fine plot of land right at railroad station and trolley; cottages on both sides; this plot is worth no less than $500; must be sold at once; private reasons; $10 cash will buy it; balance in 5 years; perfect title. TUNNEY, 430 5th Av., near 9th St., Brooklyn.

If you want HOMESITES or SMALL FARMS in nearby suburbs on Long Island, send for a free copy of the
A. B. C. OF SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.
It tells what you want to know.
J. F. MINCHER, Dept. E, 351 5th Av., N. Y. C.

Woodmere, L. I.—To rent, handsomely furnished three-story house, near station; five masters' bedrooms, two baths, and two servants' rooms and bath; garage; owner going abroad; rent, $1,400. Apply to DOUGLAS ROBINSON, CHARLES S. BROWN CO., 10 East 45th St.

Country at seashore; eight-room house; all improvements; thirty minutes from Manhattan centre; no assessments; buy like renting; also building plots; easy terms. Convenient, Box J 145 Times.

3 CENTS A DAY buys a lot at Beautiful Patchogue Manor, adjoining 4 R. R. stations. Titles free and guaranteed. Write for particulars H. 150 Times, Times Sq.

When you are thoroughly disgusted, after many disappointments, in investigating home or bungalow plots call or write us for legitimate proposition that will surely interest you. Corcoran, 334 5th Av., Suite 307, New York.

A Mansion with 90 Acres, Sag Harbor.—Fully furnished; 10-foot ceilings; heat, light, water; Summer cottage; garage; half price; easy terms; long front; shade. Codling, Northport, L. I.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

28TH ST., CORNER 1ST AV.
Loft containing 8,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

Factory, 50x95, 6-story and basement, fireproof; whole or part; light on 4 sides; 415 and 417 East 93d St. Inquire Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Lofts and offices in modern light elevator building. Apply on premises. Rent moderate.

To Sublet.—Small office in Metropolitan Tower; moderate rental. Address Joseph O'Brien, 103 Waverley Place, city.

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Loft, 25x72, suitable for light business purpose. Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

Brooklyn.

LOFTS WITH POWER
60x90, 50x100 AND UP TO 80,000 SQ. FT.
LIGHT ALL SIDES; HEAT, ELEVATOR.
NEW BUILDING.
SPRINKLED. LOW INSURANCE.
Ins. Rate Less Than 10c. Per $100.
Splendid location to get help, either skilled or unskilled, in textiles, white goods, metal goods, shoes, etc. Owner on premises, 257 Classon Av., near De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

15-17 EAST 32ND ST.
Between Madison and 5th Avs.
New Lofts, Store and Basement,
50 ft. front 12-story Fireproof Mercantile Building. Three Otis Electric Elevators, steam heat. Electric and Gas light.
ALLIANCE CONSTRUCTION CO.,
OWNERS & BUILDERS,
203 Broadway. 'Phone 6347 Cort.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings,
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in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

FOR LEASE,
TERM YEARS, PLOT ON THE WEST SIDE AV. B, BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS., 9 LOTS, VACANT, SMALL STABLE AND OFFICE. JOHN U. BROOKMAN, OWNER, 88 WALL ST.

DESK ROOM
for rent, with or without stenographic service; telephone in office. Room 1,601, 45 East 17th St.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
LARGE, LIGHT LOFT,
148 EAST 57TH STREET,
For manufacturing, distributing depot, offices, or for any light business.

NEW HARDWARE DISTRICT
88-90 Walker St.; loft 25x85; elevator service, steam heat, power. Inquire engineer, or HELLINGER, 309 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side

103 West 77th Street.
Manhattan Square; wide apartment; seven rooms, bath; handsomely decorated; private house block; rent moderate.

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At Lincoln Square; seven rooms, bath; newly renovated; open plumbing; all conveniences; $33.00. Owner.

Apartment, new law house; improvements; large, light rooms; low rent. 964-966 Amsterdam Av.

93D ST., 46 WEST.—One flight; light rooms and bath; all large and light.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

VAN PRAAG
522-4 West 112th St.
Between Amsterdam and Broadway.
Beautiful 5 room Apartments, $37.00; telephones, etc.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

STANLEY COURT
134th St., Amsterdam Av. and Broadway.
4-5-6 rooms, large, light, elegantly finished; all modern improvements; telephones in apartments; 3 blocks to Subway.
Rent $25 to $35.
Apply to H. E. BOWIE, Agent, 506 W. 134th.

Nonpareil, 87 St. Nicholas Place, Near 155th.—Convenient elevated terminus; overlooking Viaduct, Speedway; small apartments; elevator, telephone; rents, $32, $40; seven-room apartment, furnished, sublet Summer responsible party.

A private Italian roofgarden with 20 miles view Hudson, Palisades; tennis courts; at the Belfort elevator apartment, Post St. and Hamilton Av., near Van Cortlandt Park; 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, $40, $50, $60, $70; write for booklet. Gerbereux Co., 369 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Cathedral Heights, $38
Five rooms, elevator, telephone. 509 W. 112th.

78 West 139th St., corner St. Nicholas Av.—Elegant apartments; 7, 8 rooms; all improvements. Janitor.

East Side.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET.
Handsome apartment; eight large, light rooms

Bronx.

If you're fond of outdoor life
why don't you live where you can get it?
You can get Tennis, Baseball, Field Sports, Motor Boating and Sailing—
Your children can have Swings, Sand Piles and large Playgrounds in the private park that goes with the apartment in
The A-RE-CO Apts.
At Simpson St. Subway Station
Only 30 minutes from downtown

ELEVATOR	NON-ELEVATOR
4 to 6 rooms	4 to 6 rooms
All-night Service	$21 to $33

Large, light, perfectly ventilated rooms. Electric lights. Hardwood floors. Artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Apply to Rental Office, 1028 Simpson Street (at Simpson Street Subway Station). Take Lenox Ave. Express.

Settle Your Home Question To-day
Settle it at once and SATISFACTORILY in the BEST appointed building in New York. NEW, BRIGHT, CHEERFUL, HEALTHFUL. No house can compare with
"The Hunts Point"
Most Modern Elevator Apartment in City.
163D AND SIMPSON STS.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
Why tramp, search and figure when the apartments you'll eventually select are HERE. You'll be proud to live here—delighted to entertain your friends in the SPACIOUS ROOMS—glad to pay the LITTLE RENT for the BIG VALUE you get in return.
Faces THREE wide streets and a PRIVATE PARK. Tennis and Croquet for the sole use of the tenants.
HANDSOMEST ENTRANCE HALL IN THE CITY.
Conveniences that border on Luxuries.
Apartments of 2 and 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 1 to 3 baths, at the extremely low
Rents, $300 to $1,000
HENRY MORGENTHAU CO.,
Tel. 4600 Melrose.
Open for inspection day and night.

Park Av., 4,294, near 179th St.—Elegant new apartments; choice neighborhood; four rooms and bath; all improvements; rents, $19 to $22; call and see them; liberal inducements.

Brooklyn.

RENT $20.00 TO $28.00.
Refinement—High Class Apartments
Extra large rooms; parquet floors; carpet needed.
All Rooms Open to Light and Air. Healthy, highest altitude in the City. Very dainty apartments with beam ceilings, paneled Dutch dining rooms, beautifully decorated, hot water supply, iceboxes, all improvements. Janitor services.
Only 20 minutes from City Hall. Take Fulton St. "L" to Saratoga Avenue Station; premises 2,149 to 2,167 Fulton Street, between Saratoga and [illegible]son Avenues.

Country Board.

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

New York State.

A.—ROCKLEDGE,
LOWERRE-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK.

Accommodates 30 guests; five acres lawn, woods, garden; beautiful view; wide verandas, large rooms; billiards, tennis, golf; three minutes' walk to stations, Lowerre or Caryl; 50 minutes to Rector St., 35 to Grand Central.

Country Board Wanted.

20c a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c a line a day.

BY FAMILY OF ADULTS, board for the Summer in pleasantly situated, well-appointed house within convenient commuting distance of Manhattan. J 138 Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Monday afternoon, May 2, on 5th Av., between 17th and 26th Sts., silver watch, owner's name inside, small silver chain purse, both on silver fob; $10 reward, no questions asked, if returned to 21 East 9th St.

LOST.—Black leather pocketbook, containing unindorsed checks, check book, American National Bank, Tampa, Fla.; receipts, &c.; no money; reward. Scarr, Weather Bureau, 100 Broadway.

LOST.—Lady's gold chain bag, green and white stones, Broadway and Van Cortlandt Park; liberal reward. Address MacIntosh, 80 Madison Av. Telephone 2010 Madison.

LOST.—Madison Av., on 33d St., to Hotel Imperial, or in the Imperial, pearl pin, 2 hearts surmounted by crown. Reward if returned to Room 459, Park Av. Hotel.

LOST—May 7, vicinity 6th Av. and 23d St., crown of diamonds and pearls; liberal reward. Jno. R. Greason & Son, Jewelers, 14 John St.

LOST—May 2, diamond bowknot brooch; reward offered. Return Mrs. Schmallholz, Sherman Square Hotel.

LOST—May 2, diamond bowknot; reward offered. Return Mrs. Schmallholz, Sherman Square Hotel.

LOST—Poor peddler lost pocketbook containing $35 Saturday noon; reward. Louis Brown, 826 East 100th St.

LOST.—Saturday night, key ring, with assorted keys. Finder kindly return to Sam Friedman, 97 5th Av.

LOST.—Gold arrow sorority pin, Pi Peta Phi. Return to Mary Coors, 210 West 107th St. Reward.

LOST.—On April 27, a bar pin with 3 diamonds and pearl; liberal reward. 161 West 73d St.

LOST.—Pearl and sapphire horseshoe brooch; $25 reward. Hale, 1,048 5th Av.

$50 REWARD for crescent brooch, containing two rows of diamonds; lost May 5, between Stuyvesant Theatre and East 54th St.
TIFFANY & CO., Fifth Av., 37th St.

$200 REWARD for lady's ring, containing two pearls and one diamond, surrounded by smaller diamonds, lost May 8, between 4th Av., 34th and 42d Sts.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av., 37th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost & Found Cats & Dogs.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—French toy poodle, white; answers to the name of Teddy. Reward if returned 132 West 72d St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.
THE LAW:

"A person who finds lost property under circumstances which give him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use, or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without having first made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny."—New York State Penal Code.

Lost and Found advertisements for The New York Times may be left at any Advertising Agency, or call 1000 Bryant.

FOUND, May 6.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Four packages, purse, small box, three large envelopes.

FOUND, May 6.—ERIE R. R.—Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Roll frames, five umbrellas, pair gloves, six packages, grip, oil can, satchel, suitcase, purse, roll, cardcase.

FOUND, May 6.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Three packages, roll, pair eyeglasses, pair gloves, small bag.

FOUND, May 6.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: RAILROAD TRAINS—Handbag, two pairs gloves, coat, grip, two packages, bundle. 23D ST. STATION—Pair eyeglasses. 23D ST. BOAT—Package.

FOUND, May 6.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Pasteboard box, package, umbrella, commutation ticket.

FOUND, May 6.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply foot Liberty St., city: FERRIES—Two books, package, package of underwear, package of vegetables. TRAINS—Grip, four umbrellas.

FOUND, May 6.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master, Weehawken, N. J.: Two umbrellas.

FOUND, May 6.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.—2D AV. ELEVATED: Umbrella, gloves, shoes, rubbers, badge. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Six umbrellas, cigars, ring, book, picture, plans, key, card, papers, tags, gloves, shoes, shirt, cuffs, curtains. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Cane, eight umbrellas, purses, beads, book, odd glove, gloves, collars, slippers, rubbers, overalls, samples, hand cleaner, dog biscuit. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Handbag, badge, card, eyeglass case, hat, clothes, casting, paint. SUBWAY: Ten umbrellas, eyeglasses, purses, pocketbook, books, pattern, papers, music, gloves, screws, shoe, boa, shirt, broom, horseshoes, razor, &c., harness, bottles, brush, gasoline, wood mold, pump, square, gas globe.

FOUND, May 5.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA: Lady's coat, tooth pate, straw hat, book, package, derby hat, wool sox, lady's shoes. S. S. CHAPIN: Cuffs and buttons, child's jacket, toothbrush and pen.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOMPLISHED, versatile business woman, capable of handling large transactions; business requires keen mentality and conversational ability; an excellent connection and future prospect to one possessing these qualifications. Apply, after 1 P. M., Mr. Keyes, Room 13, sixth floor, 15 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER.—By a publishing house, stenographer operating Remington machine; must be well educated, rapid, careful, and have a good memory; reply in own handwriting, stating age and experience; $12. J 44 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

EXPERIENCED OFFICE MAN and correspondence clerk wanted in mercantile collection office. D 159 Times Downtown.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES WANTED.—Write for New York examination schedule; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 2,430, Rochester, N. Y.

GROOM—CHAUFFEUR.

Wanted, competent groom who also understands automobiles. Address, with full particulars and references, Groom-Chauffeur, 168 Times, Downtown.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.

We are placing on the market a new high grade development on the Palisades; excellent opening for good salesman. H. D. Douglas & Son, 174 Manhattan St., N. Y.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.

Experienced men to sell Lynbrook estates consisting of 450 lots, in the best residential district; 7 minutes from depot; prices low; expenses paid; liberal commission. Frank L. Ferguson, 1,328 Broadway, New York City.

SALARY and commission paid experienced, convincing salesmen capable of earning $30 to $50 weekly; territory Greater New York; only successful, forceful men need apply; not real estate. Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; hundreds of positions now open, paying from $100 to $500 monthly. Our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get one of them. Write, (or call,) for it today. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 D., Flatiron Building, New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

SALESMEN — SALESMEN WANTED IN TOWNS ABOUT NEW YORK FOR FIRST-CLASS HIGH-GRADE AUTOMOBILES; SALARY AND COMMISSION; MUST BE A1. H 28 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Big opportunity for shirt salesman, commanding trade, to sell our flannels to department stores and big trade in general; state experience. Shirt, 220 Ashford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN. — Man having acquaintance wanted to sell nearby lots; high commission; drawing account after first sale made. Samuel Kraft, 80 Church Street.

SALESMEN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMAN wanted who travels South to take a side line of popular priced cloaks and suits. D. Waldman, 28 East 10th St.

TEA AND COFFEE SALESMAN.—An old-established importing tea and coffee house of Boston desires an experienced salesman on the N. Y. C. Road, between Albany and Syracuse and territory adjoining; only men of first-class ability with trade in this territory will be eligible; a salesman desiring to improve his present condition can make a desirable connection promising favorably for a term of years; full references and statement of age and experience must accompany reply; all communications confidential. J 23 Times.

WANTED—We want to train two or three young men, college or High School graduates preferred, to sell a good, clean book proposition; no previous experience required; must be intelligent, ambitious, and have a good address; an opportunity to make $25 to $75 a week in commissions. Call at Funk & Wagnalls Company, 44 to 60 East 23d St., New York City.

WANTED.

High-class, intelligent salesman on investment proposition; quick promotion and permanency to right man. Call, 10 A. M., Mr. Keyes, Room 28, sixth floor, 15 Broad Street.

WANTED—Several young men of strong physique not afraid of hard work; excellent chance of advancement, for employment in South Brooklyn. A. L. M., Box J 116 Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, office assistants, cashiers, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. Franklin 978.

COMPETENT MANAGER for Western store; experienced linens, domestic blankets, white goods, lace curtains, draperies; kindred lines. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHERS, MALE, SEVERAL 1 TO 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, $8 TO $18. NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 47 WEST 42D ST.

STENOGRAPHER, who teaches clerical workers; furnish free public typewriter; 4,235 John. Biehl Exchange, 108 Fulton St.

UNIVERSAL EXCHANGE, 1 West 34th, provides clerical positions for all grades of office help.

Domestic Help.

A.—A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, (moved to) 56 West 39th; strictly reliable domestic help. 5582—Murray Hill.

CHAMBERMAIDS, cooks, kitchenmaids, waitresses, laundresses, ladies' maids, nurses. Harry Turner Bureau, 34 West 45th.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4696—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.

Competent servants supplied after a careful, thorough investigation of their references.

MRS. KERNAGHAN'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.—High-class help, male and female; established 19 years; references most carefully investigated. 844 6th Av. 'Phone 683—Bryant, New York.

MISS WILD, Registry Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1,011-1,015-1,017.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.

Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

The Waldorf Bureau of Employment, 12 West 33d St.—Reliable English-speaking servants of all classes and nationalities, (male and female,) with good references, wanted immediately; city and country; bright, airy waiting rooms and no fee charged until placed. Telephone 300—Madison.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.

Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COOKS, laundresses, houseworkers, chambermaids, elevator runners, usefulmen. Porter's Bureau, 142 West 133d St. (94 Morningside.)

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers, furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, man, wife, useful men, country. Henderson, 110 West 134th St.; telephone 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th; bond, $1,000, guarantees colored help; 1,119 Harlem.

RELIABLE COLORED HELP furnished. Duncan's Help Exchange, 66 West 133d St. Telephone 1447—Harlem.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHAMBERMAID.—City or country; good references from present employer. 124 East 55th St.

GOVERNESS.—German lady; good teacher in music, German, wishes another position to grown children; best references. Kaestner, 29 West 127th St.

GOVERNESS, experienced, highly recommended, desires position; French, German, English, music. Reliable, 233 East 60th St.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper washing at home by the month; private house; reference. Mrs. Reed, 862 East 224th St., N. Y. City.

MAID.—Tall, neat colored girl wishes position as maid; best references. Wells, 73 West 133d St.

NURSE.—Jewish girl, 21, desires position with family going away for the Summer, to take care of children. F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, City.

SECRETARY and stenographer; expert; 12 years' commercial experience; permanent position with good house; best of references. Y 142 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, accurate, reliable, thoroughly experienced; operates standard machine; understands office work; best references furnished. Capable, D 175 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Somewhat experienced; advantage excellent education; good foundation for expert; moderate salary; advancement. K., 804, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, painstaking, and reliable; hours immaterial; $7-$8. Miss Dorothy, D 176 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY — Capable young woman of wide experience; possesses executive ability. Possessing, D 158 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; competent; capable taking difficult dictations; high class work. H 144 Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER.—Absolutely competent to handle any work, no matter how difficult. Positive, 165 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, careful; any machine; transcribes accurately, intelligently; $12; references. K 155 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High School graduate; good grammar scholar; $6; superior references. B. C., 22 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Excellent speller; reads notes well; operates machine neatly; $8. K 122 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires permanent position; neat, accurate; two years' experience. Miss Kalb, 42 West 99th St.

TRAVELING COMPANION. — As traveling companion by young woman who has visited many countries. Miss Smith, P. O. Box 455, Elm Grove, West Va.

YOUNG LADY, (21,) desires position as assistant in doctor's office or as companion to invalid; Jewish. Address F. B., Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St.

YOUNG Jewish lady, 26, desires employment in small family. Address F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.
156 Fifth Av.

Room 923; telephone 2458 Gramercy; audits, investigations, systematizing, reports; books kept for small concerns, trustees, and estates; highest references; reasonable rates.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

A FRENCH GENTLEMAN, superior education in both languages, is open to position; can furnish as bond his Jersey property, worth over five thousand. French, J 49 Times.

A LIVE, HUSTLING SALESMAN.

A-1 salesman, 28; 8 years selling experience, wants to hear from wholesale or manufacturing concern that requires a wide-awake salesman who had shown results. J 102 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, or assistant; American young man; good education; address; experienced; rapid; accurate; understands stenography, typewriting; present employers retiring; furnish exceptional credentials, character, ability. Greer, care of Laurie, 205 West 101st St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2825—Worth.

BOY, 17, school graduate, desires position in broker's office; best references. D 174 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS man with 30 years' experience wants work; is industrious, capable, trustworthy, and loyal; hardware and electrical lines preferred. Opportunity, Y 147 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married, sober, reliable, seven years' experience, wishes steady position in private family. Charles Pihl, 336 East 67th St.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY STUDENT EMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE can furnish thoroughly competent men and women tutors and companions; also clerks and draftsmen for part time and Summer work. Employment Committee, Sub-station 84, City. Telephone 1400 Morningside.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

EIGHT YEARS' experience large merchandise houses and manufacturers. Lewis Rockmore, 1,587 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

GENERAL SALES MANAGER, EIGHTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE, WITH PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF SALES, MANUFACTURING, PURCHASING, AND TRAFFIC DETAILS, IS OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT REQUIRING HIGH-CLASS MAN. J 115 TIMES.

MASSAGE BY REGISTERED PHYSICIAN; EUROPEAN GRADUATE; MODERN METHODS AND APPARATUS. J 29 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Experienced motor truck salesman, executive ability, friction transmission preferred; references furnished. Address D. D. Davis, 722 West 180th St.

STEWARD—CATERER.—Eleven years with the Baltusrol Golf Club; open for engagement; city or country. E. J., P. O. Milburn, N. J.

WATCHMAN.—Middle-aged man wants position as night watchman; sober; reference. Janitor, 223 East 5th St.

YOUNG MAN, 18, American, theoretical knowledge of bookkeeping, best references, wants position where diligence and intelligence insure advancement. J Box 46 Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms, with board; front parlor; Southerners accommodated.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Second-story front rooms, excellent surroundings; Summer rates; telephone.

22D, 245 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; early breakfast; $5.50-$6; parlor; telephone.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; southern home.

44TH ST., 221 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; superior board; refined home; table board; references.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Single and double rooms; large closets; parlor, telephone; good table; reasonable.

57TH ST., 319 AND 321 WEST.—Large and small comfortable rooms; private baths; reasonable rates for Summer or by year.

58TH ST., 135 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near "L" and Subway; parlor dining; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private hall; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Rooms; high-class accommodations; cuisine unexcelled; moderate; references; table guests accommodated.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive double rooms; private bath; also small room; telephone; table board; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, large closets; with or without bath; parlor dining room; excellent table; fine neighborhood; rates reasonable; table board; telephone; doctor's offices; references exchanged.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Pleasant medium rooms; suitable one or two; telephone; references; table boarders.

79TH ST., 137 WEST, (old No. 151.)—Large room with board.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Delightfully furnished double and single rooms; Southern cooking; table board.

82D ST., 8 WEST.

Highest grade cuisine; exceptionally fine rooms; cleanliness; parlor, dining room; individual tables; summer rates.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, board; parlor floor; bath; furnished to suit; references.

82D ST., 126 WEST.—Rooms suitable for one or two; table board; American; reference.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Small rooms; parlor dining room; excellent table board.

87TH, 65 WEST.—Very best accommodations; private family; board optional; 'phone. Jackson.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; near "L" and Park; table guests; telephone.

91ST ST., 29 WEST.—Very desirable rooms for summer accommodation; near Park; parlor dining; telephone.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; all conveniences; fine closets; near Park, Drive, "L."

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Exceedingly attractive rooms; select; excellent cusine; table guests; reasonable; references, telephone.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; refined Southern cuisine; home environment; parlor dining; table guests.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Exceptionally large, handsome room; strictly private bath, shower; high-class private house; excellent table; ideal Summer locality.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Airy, nicely furnished large rooms; dressing room; first-class board optional; references.

126TH ST., 108 WEST.—Desirable rooms; conveniences; Summer terms; near Subway; telephone; table board.

149TH ST., 540-46 WEST, (near Broadway Subway, "The Audubon.")—First-class rooms and board very reasonable to desirable parties; reception parlors, billiard room, parlor dining rooms; large porch and gardens; every comfort; a real home; move to beautiful Washington Heights, you will not miss country; healthiest section New York; write for booklet.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

THE HUMPHREY, 102 West 44th St.—American plan; two and three rooms, bath; single rooms; reasonable rates.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
Broadway at 215th St., OPPOSITE SUBWAY STATION; ONLY PLACE OF ITS KIND IN CITY; FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS; large, small rooms; suites; immense grounds, overlooking Hudson, Palisades, Harlem River. Telephone.

WEST END AV, 879.—Large corner vine-covered house; beautiful rooms; private baths; private telephones; first-class table and service; reduction Summer months; block Riverside Park; Subway express.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Front parlor, suitable light business or small family; table board; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small rooms, suites; reasonable; excellent table; transients.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Subway 5 minutes Broadway; trolley connects seashore, all points Greater New York; neighborhood, house high-class; table choice products New York markets. 905—Main.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,123 Broadway.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large room, one flight; private bath; also other rooms; telephone.

24TH ST., 418 WEST.—Large and small room; reasonable; telephone connection.

34TH ST., 214 WEST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; baths; hot and cold water; telephone; rent moderate.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms, large closet; running water; bath; conveniences.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

46TH ST., 29 WEST.—One floor; rooms separate, en suite; private house; gentlemen; reference.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, private baths; furnished or unfurnished.

47TH, 53 WEST. — Exceptionally beautiful; with or without private bath; 'phone; breakfasts; clean, refined.

47TH ST., 113 WEST.—Two front connecting rooms; running water, bath, telephone; gentlemen.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room, bath, for gentleman; house private; quiet; reference.

57TH ST., 319 AND 321 WEST.—Large and small comfortable rooms; private baths; reasonable rates for Summer or by year.

64TH ST., 35-37 WEST, Between Broadway and Central Park; Subway, 6th and 9th Avs. "L" to 66th St.—Large and small rooms, with plenty of tub and shower baths, for gentlemen; also 1, 2, and 3 room suites; elevator; modern hotel service restaurant. Telephone Columbus 1390.

64TH, 119 WEST.—Unusually pleasant room; attractively furnished; all improvements; low rental until September.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 62 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; private house; select, convenient neighborhood; moderate.

69TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large rooms, next bath; dressing rooms; running water; telephone; meals optional.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms or suite; shower bath, telephone; gentlemen, couple, $5 up.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room, medium rear room; private baths; electric light; parquet floor; plenty hot water; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, third-story front room; telephone; references; Summer rates.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.

Desirable small rooms; fine location; gentlemen; reasonable.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large sunny room with extension; doctor, dentist, or gentlemen; telephone.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private House; large second floor, front; private bath; newly furnished; references.

81ST ST., 202 WEST.—Desirable room; kitchen and piano privileges if desired; $18 month. Hull.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Room for single man or business woman in private house; $3.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large room; one flight; southern exposure; also parlor floor; sitting, bedroom; bath; electric light; piano; summer rates.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; suitable physicians; electrical installation; telephone; baths. Inquire mornings.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, medium room, dressing room; running water; telephone; convenient "L" Subway.

82D, 113 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, adjoining bath.

82D ST., 125 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, dressing rooms; running water, telephone.

83D ST., 202 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor suite; also single front room, bath; independent entrance; second apartment; private; gentlemen; reference; terms moderate. Johnson.

83D ST., 65 WEST.—Elegant two, three rooms; bath extension; conveniences; $15 weekly; near Park.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful, large room, with bath; private house; references.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Parlor suite, suitable one or more; single room; Summer rates. Deisinger.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, bright, single rooms, running water; well furnished; $2.50, $4. Anderson.

87TH ST., 176 WEST.—Comfortable, cool room for gentleman appreciating refined home; Subway; $5 week. Bruns.

88TH ST., (570 West End Av.)—In private house; handsomely furnished rooms; dressing room, bath; terms moderate; telephone 7996 Riverside.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom; lavatory; kitchen privileges; attractive small room. 'Phone 9160 Riverside.

91ST ST., 9 WEST.—Desirable single, also double room; conveniences; elevator apartment; telephone; near Park.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortable, newly furnished rooms, near bath; running water; select; telephone.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Medium front room, bath on floor; conveniences; near "L" and Park.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Beautiful, front alcove room, lavatory; telephone; near "L," Park; Summer rates.

94TH ST., 205 WEST.—Suite three well-furnished, airy rooms; 'phone, elevator; reasonable; evenings. Sander.

94TH ST., 107 WEST.—Bedroom, with use of parlor and piano; reasonable; reference. Apply Bateman.

101ST, 190 WEST.—Refined couple having nice apartment would rent one large, light room; kitchen privileges; $3-$3.50; one flight. Quin.

104TH ST., 64 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; housekeeping privileges if desired; private family. Williams.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

108TH ST., 211 WEST, (Broadway.) — Neat sunny room; well furnished; brass bed; telephone; gentlemen. Ledger.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Attractive front suite; dining, bedroom; telephone; elevator; shower; references. Cooke.

113TH ST., 541 WEST.—Two front rooms; private entrance from street; most suitable for doctor. Horry, Apartment 5. Telephone 3260 Morningside.

118TH ST., 430 WEST, cor. Amsterdam Av., Apartment 46.—Large, desirable outside room, all conveniences.

118TH ST., 353 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room; private family; no other roomers. Weinstein.

121ST ST., 203 WEST.—Large back parlor, suitable for doctor or dentist; modern conveniences; telephone.

121ST ST., 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; board if desired; all conveniences.

127TH ST., 229 WEST.—Front room suitable for man and wife; reasonable.

137TH ST., 622 WEST.—Light, airy room, high-class elevator apartment, adjoining Riverside Drive; $4 week. Goodrich. 'Phone 2330 Audubon.

138TH ST., 519 WEST.—Lady living alone would share daintily furnished five-room apartment with refined married couple or two business women; piano, telephone; Subway and elevated. Deats.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; running water; private house; bath; shower; Subway; reasonable.

142D ST., WEST.—Bright, cool, comfortable rooms in newly furnished bachelor apartment in most desirable neighborhood; references required. Lawrence Dunham, 31 Nassau St.

149TH ST., 548 WEST.—Delightful southern location; cheerful rooms; refined home; private house; Broadway Subway.

149TH ST., 548 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; cheerful rooms; refined home; private house; Broadway Subway.

240 WEST END AV.—Pleasant suite; two gentlemen or man and wife; single rooms; all conveniences; private house; Summer rates.

ATTRACTIVE SMALL ROOM for gentleman only; Summer rates; references. J 140 Times.

BROADWAY, 2,728, (104th and 105th St.)—Outside suites, single rooms, kitchenette; worth investigating. Keith.

BROADWAY, 546 West 124th St.—Desirable suites, also single rooms; high-class house. Apartment 51.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished rooms; all improvements; suitable one, two; reference. Fischer.

MOTHER and daughter would rent pleasant room, home comforts, very reasonable; private 'phone; all night elevator service. Pollem, 546 Lenox Av.

OWNER, with attractive home, desires to rent second floor (bath) to three or four responsible gentlemen; furnished, unfurnished. Telephone 322 River.

East Side.

1.—76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms; bathroom; by month; references.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; showers, needle baths, and swimming pool; $6 weekly.

48TH ST., 237 EAST.—Very desirable room; running water; private house; gentlemen only; reference.

55TH ST., 207 EAST.—Large front hall room, newly furnished, $2; gentleman; private house.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms for gentlemen; small; all conveniences.

58TH ST., 36 EAST.—Two large connecting rooms; private bath; single rooms; reasonable; references.

86TH ST., 58 EAST.—Dentist office, with physician; large practice; exceptional opportunity. S. J. O'Neill.

83D ST., 15 EAST.—Rooms to let furnished; bath; 'phone. 5299 Madison Square.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; private baths; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; tiled bathrooms; box spring beds; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

LEXINGTON AV., 624.—Physician's, dentist's office; parlor floor; private house; vacated recently; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 348, (Near 44th St.)—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished; private baths; Subway; new management; desirable offices for physician or dentist; newly renovated and decorated. Telephone 228—Murray Hill.

PARK AV., 562.—Large, cheerful hall room. H. Williams.

Bronx.

201ST ST., 322 EAST.—Bachelor apartments; large single rooms; bath; suburban. Tel. 2370 Tremont.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Large, sunny room, or two with bath; sublet; all night elevator, with absolute quiet and privacy, in beautiful building, near Fifth Av. and 40th St.; price no object if to right person. Address Bargain, J 40 Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

BACKER WANTED.

Boom now starting in section 90 miles from city. Land values will enhance 300% few months. Can purchase or secure on lease or option thousands of acres water-front property at ridiculously low price. Can get land adjacent water front as low as $10 acre. Fortunes can be made selling off in small farms. Half interest party with $5,000 to $10,000. If you have the money address immediately. SOUTHERN, Box J 48 Times.

Wanted—Advertisers who may be seeking to increase their output, and not seeking to increase their expenditures, may learn something to their advantage, and incur no obligation, by addressing Preston, care D. N. Club, 903 Pulitzer Building, New York.

A good man with means can join owner of Flatbush property ripe for building; positively grand opportunity; absolutely safe. Albert Edwards, at Church Av. Station, Brighton Beach "L."

Having superior office accommodations vicinity of Wall St., will personally represent any legitimate business in or out of city; state requirements. Address Confidential, 127 Times Downtown.

Why not let a high-class printer do your work at very low prices? Be sure and obtain our estimate before having your printing done; save money. Call Press, Johnson Press, successors, 141 Fulton St.

ENGINEER with capital and brains can secure active interest in mining proposition; established reputation and profitable; bank references. Address Lock Box 127, Bethlehem, Pa.

Wanted—An energetic man with small capital to take an interest and office management in good paying business. Call or write New York Lace Import Co., 22 East 21st St.

WANTED.—Responsible real estate firm or promoter to syndicate or develop about 100 acres situated in heart of a Long Island village. Address Exceptional Opportunity, J 118 Times.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY for young and active business man with $12,000, to buy out a retiring partner in a well-established manufacturing concern. J 113 Times.

Bills discounted; merchants and manufacturers financed; business investigations with guaranteed reports. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Collections promptly and vigorously handled. H. P. Fry, Room 1,302 Singer Building.

Salesmen.

The high-grade, broad-gauge kind that every employer wants and must have if he wants to be successful are easily obtained by advertising in the Help Wanted column of The New York Times. Go to any advertising agency or telephone 1000 Bryant.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF SALE.

And to Bondholders of Bonnie Doone Gold Mining Company to Produce Bonds and Coupons.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Union County.
In the Superior Court.
The Trust Company of America, Plaintiff,
against
Bonnie Doone Gold Mining Company, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to judgment entered in the above-entitled action at the February Term, 1910, in the above-mentioned court, as modified by order entered April 2, 1910, for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage made by Bonnie Doone Gold Mining Company to The Trust Company of America, as trustee, which said mortgage bore date November 23, 1904, the property hereinbelow described will be sold by the undersigned commissioner at public auction at the court house door in Monroe, Union County, North Carolina, on the 6th day of June, 1910; such sale will be subject to confirmation by the court. The purchaser will be required to pay five hundred dollars ($500) in cash on the day of sale, and to pay the balance of the purchase price in cash within thirty days after the confirmation of said sale, but after paying in cash such further sum, if any, as the above-mentioned court shall determine to be necessary to provide for the payment of the expenses of said sale and of said action, including compensation to the plaintiff as trustee and its expenses, attorneys' and council fees, the purchaser will be entitled to apply to or toward the satisfaction of the balance of the purchase price any bonds or coupons issued under the above-mentioned mortgage, counting each such bond and coupon for that purpose at the net sum which would be distributable to the holder of such bond and coupon out of the purchase price, all sums so allowed to be stamped upon such bonds and coupons as paid thereon.

If the minimum cash sum required to be paid by the purchaser shall not have been ascertained before the time fixed for final settlement of purchase price the whole cash balance of purchase price over and above the amount required to be paid on the day of sale may be settled by credit on bonds and coupons as hereinbefore set forth, but in that event the court will retain jurisdiction of the property for the purpose of re-taking and re-selling the same if the purchaser fail within such time as the court shall fix to pay such cash amount as the court shall determine to be necessary for the purpose hereinbefore specified.

All that certain tract of land situate, lying, and being in Union County, State of North Carolina, containing within its boundaries the following mines: Smart, Fulwood, and Dan Alexander, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone and pointers, 2 B. J.'s gone; thence S. 14¼ W. 13 poles to a P. O. stump and pointer, "Secrest's corner"; thence with two of his lines, (1) S. 12 E. 109 poles, crossing a branch to a stake, pine gone; (2) S. 23 E. 129 poles to a pine stump, three black gum pointers, a corner of the Lewis Conder old place; thence with three lines of the same, (1) S. 28½ W. 121 poles to a pine stump and pointer; (2) S. 44¼ W. 31¼ poles to a stake, 18 links of a black jack marked; (3) South 11¼ East 42 poles to a stone and pointers, near the branch, a corner of the Black Mine tract; thence with two lines of the same, (1) N. 55½ W. 61 poles, crossing the branch three times, to a post oak stump, near the branch; (2) S. 89¾ W. 171 poles to a stone; thence with Gribble's and Conder's land, N. 2¼ E. 234 poles to a P. O. stump and pointers, a corner of the Robertson land; thence with three of the same, (1) N. 5 E. 38 poles to a stone, stooping P. O. gone; (2) S. 87 E. 165 poles, crossing a small branch to a hickory stump and pointers; (3) N. 30¾ E. 181 poles to a hickory, David Stinson's corner; thence with two of his lines, (1) N. 57 E. 44 poles to a pine stump; (2) S. 17¾ W. 72 poles to the beginning, containing 496¼ acres, more or less, together with all personal property and fixtures now on said premises, and placed thereon during the continuance of the deed of trust executed thereon; and also all the corporate franchises and corporate rights, privileges, immunities of the defendant, and all the estate, rights, titles, reversions and remainders, and all personal property and rights owned by the defendant, as described in the complaint and in the deed of trust thereto attached as an exhibit, for the purpose of securing the payment of bonds issued.

This April 4, 1910.

FRANK ARMFIELD,
Commissioner.

All persons holding any of the bonds of the Bonnie Doone Gold Mining Company, issued under the mortgage mentioned in the above notice, or any coupons for any interest on any of said bonds, are required to present their said bonds and coupons to the undersigned Clerk of the Superior Court of Union County, North Carolina, on or before the next civil term of said court, beginning 2nd Monday before 1st Monday in September, 1910, to be filed for payment thereon of such portion of the proceeds of the sale mentioned in the above notice as may be distributable thereto.

This April 4, 1910.

[Seal] D. A. HOUSTON,
Clerk Superior Court, Monroe, N. C.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR ORDER TO CHANGE NAME.

Notice is hereby given that DERRY & WRIGHT, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term thereof, Part II., to be held at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 12th day of May, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to A. W. WRIGHT & COMPANY.

Dated New York, April 28, 1910.

DERRY & WRIGHT COMPANY,
ALLAN W. WRIGHT, President.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of TRUEFITTE UNDERWEAR COMPANY, bankrupt.

By order of this Court, the assets of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction, under the direction of Charles Shongood, United States Official Auctioneer, at the bankrupt's premises, No. 104 Greene St., New York City, on Monday, May 9th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M.

The assets for sale consist of a complete plant and manufactory of ladies' underwear, such as gowns, laces, ribbons, trimmings, etc., also sewing machines, power tables, motor, desks, bookkeeper's desk, etc., and can be inspected on the premises on May 6th and 7th, 1910, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. Information can be obtained from the undersigned. OPPENHEIMER & ARNOLD,
Receivers, 170 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCIES SALES OF THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of J. M. FISKE & COMPANY.—In Bankruptcy.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, will sell on May 9th, at 10:30 A. M., by order of the court, at the Marine Basin, Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, New York, one 6-cylinder Lozier engine motor boat, named "Wee One"; also a 35-foot catboat, named "Myrtle," with 2-cycle, 2-cylinder Lozier engine, complete, with new rigging, kitchen, toilet, sleeping accommodations for six, fine cushions and draperies, &c. Inspection may be had at any time at the Marine Basin.

IRVING L. ERNST, Receiver,
170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, N. Y. City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISIDOR BRAVERMAN, Bankrupt.—No. 13,484.

To the creditors of Isidor Braverman of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the fourteenth day of April, A. D. 1910, the said Isidor Braverman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the nineteenth day of May, A. D. 1910, at eleven-thirty o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, May 2d, 1910.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 12,325.—WILLIAM P. HAMPSON, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William P. Hampson, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 2, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 16, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 2, 1910.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARK J. O'BRIEN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at place of transacting business, at the office of Leventritt, Cook & Nathan, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of October next.—Dated New York, the 30th day of March, 1910. ANNIE M. O'BRIEN, Administratrix.
LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Administratrix, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

AUCTION SALES

Fifth Avenue | Auction Rooms

Incorporated.
Nos. 333-341 4th Av., S. E. corner 25th St.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auctioneer.

NOW ON VIEW,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
CHOICE HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS
COMPRISING, IN PART:—
Parlor, Dining Room and Bedroom Furnishings,

Upright Case Piano, Porcelains, Silver Plate, Etchings, Engravings, Rugs, Carpets, Oil Paintings, Books, &c.
Suitable for City and Country Homes.
Sold to close estates and consignments from private families.

DAYS OF SALE:—
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, May 11, 12, 13 and 14, at Two o'clock each day.

Auction Sale of Stock at 11 o'clock A. M. at Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., N. Y. C.

MONDAY, MAY 9.

For the account of whom it may concern. Certificates Nos. 28 and 29 for 87¼ shares each of the capital stock of No. 471 Park Avenue, (Inc.,) of the par value of $100 per share.
W. H. BRADY, Esq., Atty., 17 Battery Place, N. Y. C.

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer.
31 NASSAU ST, N. Y. CITY.

$168,000 WORTH OF
CLOTHING
GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR
DEPARTMENT STORES
to buy clothing at their own prices.

We are going to sell THURSDAY, MAY 12TH, to highest bidder, at 390 Broadway, the above stock, made by absolutely one of the best manufacturers in New York City, and comprises 42,000 children's suits, 11,000 young men's suits, 6,800 overcoats. Full particulars later.

MACHINERY.

For Sale—New tenoning and morticing outfit; does coping; less than half ordinary cost; greatest capacity and efficiency; machine demonstrated. Mechanical Engineering Co., 133 Reade St.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—WALTER H. CLOSE and another, Plaintiffs, against LULU T. CONSIDINE and others, Defendants.

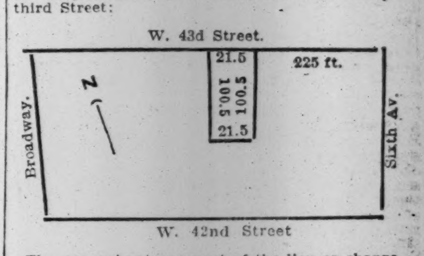
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 5th day of May, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 2d day of June, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that lot of land in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly side of Forty-third Street distant two hundred and twenty-five feet westerly from the intersection of the southerly side of Forty-third Street and the westerly side of Sixth Avenue, and running thence southerly parallel with Sixth Avenue one hundred feet five inches; thence westerly parallel with Forty-third Street twenty-one feet five inches; thence northerly again parallel with Sixth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred feet five inches to the southerly side of Forty-third Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of Forty-third Street twenty-one feet five inches to the point of beginning.

Dated New York, May 7th, 1910.

ALFRED W. KIDDLE, Referee.
A. RICHARD ANGELL, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 203 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street Number is 118 West Forty-third Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $47,156.25, with interest thereon from the 15th day of April, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to $464.10, with interest from May 5th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $851.00 and interest.

Dated New York, May 7th, 1910.

ALFRED W. KIDDLE, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—CATHARINE CUSACK, Plaintiff, against JACOB BIER and others, Defendants.

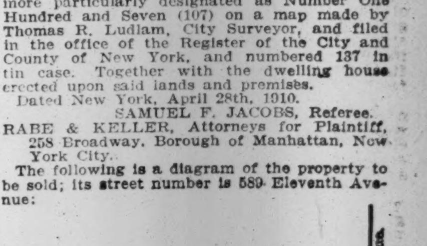
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 23d day of April, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of May, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by J. H. Mayers, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, being about twenty-five feet front and rear, and about one hundred feet deep, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-second (late Twelfth) Ward of the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, on the north side of Forty-fourth Street and on the west side of Eleventh Avenue, and on the corner formed by the intersection of said street and avenue. Said lot is more particularly designated as Number One Hundred and Seven (107) on a map made by Thomas R. Ludlam, City Surveyor, and filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, and numbered 137 in tin case. Together with the dwelling house erected upon said lands and premises.

Dated New York, April 28th, 1910.

SAMUEL F. JACOBS, Referee.
RABE & KELLER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 258 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 589 Eleventh Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is sixteen thousand seven hundred thirty-seven and 78-100 ($16,737.78) dollars, with interest thereon from the 20th day of April, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred forty-five 53-100 ($345.53) dollars, with interest from April 23d, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is seven hundred four and 39-100 ($704.39) dollars and interest.

Dated New York, April 28th, 1910.

SAMUEL F. JACOBS, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—JOHN W. ISHERWOOD, executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Isherwood, deceased, against ANNA HABICHT, G. T. LAWRENCE & GREGORY COMPANY, and FANNIE BLOCH.

To the above-named defendants and each of you:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Borough of Queens, December 8th, 1909.

A. T. & B. B. PAYNE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office address, 21 Jackson Avenue, (L. I. City P. O.,) Borough of Queens, City of New York.

TO FANNIE BLOCH:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, dated the 13th day of April, 1910, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of New York County, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of April 1910.

Dated April 15th, 1910.

A. T. & B. B. PAYNE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
21 Jackson Avenue, (Long Island City P. O.,) Borough of Queens, City of New York.

THOUSANDS HAIL RETURNING PRIEST

St. Agnes's Parish Turns Out in a Body to Welcome Father Brann from Europe.

HOUSES ALL IN GAY COLORS

He Comes Back After a Year's Absence, Bringing the Papal Blessing to His Flock.

Probably no pastor ever got a warmer welcome from his parishioners after being away from them a year than did the Rev. Dr. Henry A. Brann, who returned to his parish of St. Agnes, in East Forty-third Street, near Lexington Avenue, yesterday after his long trip to Europe.

Father Brann received many honors and had many interesting experiences during his stay abroad, but the incident which he says touched him most was the way the several thousand members of his parish festooned all the long lines of tenements with flags and bunting and swarmed out into the street, packing it so tightly that even the two horses which pulled his carriage up from the pier could not get within half a block of the parish house.

Taking the first real vacation which he has had since he took charge of the parish twenty years ago, Father Brann went to Europe about twelve months ago, leaving his assistants, Fathers Duffy, Scanlon, Smith, Murphy, Lalli, and Lennon, in charge. He went all through Ireland, visiting the now nationalized Roman Catholic parochial schools of that country and then going to France and Italy. He had three audiences with the Pope, telling him all about the details of the New York parish. He received the apostolic blessing, twice repeated, to convey to his flock. He returned on the White Star liner Baltic yesterday. It had been hoped that the Baltic would reach her pier early enough for Father Brann to conduct the 11 o'clock services, but it was after 3 o'clock in the afternoon when the vessel got in. The morning services were conducted by Father Scanlon.

"Father Brann will reach home about 5 o'clock this afternoon," he announced from the pulpit just before beginning the sermon. "We should all do something to welcome him. Those of you who can should decorate your windows and houses with flags and bunting. He is coming back from the first vacation he has allowed himself in all the twenty years he has been in charge of this parish. We should all make ready to give him the welcome he deserves."

The church and parish house had already been draped with Irish and American flags. But during the six hours intervening between Father Scanlon's suggestion and Father Brann's return the street underwent a metamorphosis which made it hard to recognize. Every fire escape in front of every tenement window was hung with red, white, and blue. Flags fluttered from scores of windows.

Fully an hour before Father Brann's carriage hove in sight the street was thronged, and a squad of police from the Fifty-first Street Station had to turn all traffic aside and have vehicles go around through Forty-second or Forty-fourth Street. Immediately in front of the parish house, with a big green banner waving, was the County Meath Association, composed of about 100 of Father Brann's men parishioners. Between the curbs and the centre of the street were 1,100 red-jacketed girls and boys, with pennants in their hands.

The two sidewalks for the entire block were jammed with members of the parish. It was a tight-packed crowd, but an orderly one. A few minutes before 5 o'clock a shout went up from the 3,000 adults and children. Some one standing on the Lexington Avenue corner had seen a clerical-looking sleeve being waved out of the first of two approaching carriages.

"Here he comes! Here he comes!" every one shouted; and all the 1,100 children waved their pennants wildly and set up a cheer. The drivers of the two carriages did their best to force their vehicles as far as the parish house curb, but it could not be done.

Father Brann, in his black clerical traveling suit, jumped out of one of the carriages and, with James Boyle, Dr. Dennis MacDonald, his two nephews, John A. and Henry Brann, and Secretary McAllister, all of whom had gone down to the pier to meet him, forced his way to the parish house.

"How are you now? I'm glad you're all so well," he said laughingly to his assistants. Then every one crowded into the church, the children overflowing into the choir and sitting on the altar steps. About half of the welcoming parishioners could not even get standing room, and had to hear what followed from the street. When Father Brann, after changing his traveling clothes for his red-sleeved surplice, walked through a side door and across the altar every one began to clap their hands:

"Don't applaud in the church," he shouted.

"My dear children," he went on as soon as he had mounted the pulpit, "I am delighted to see you all again. I have been thinking of you from the time I left right up to the present moment. I have a mission from the Holy Father. He sent the apostolic blessing twice to the people of this parish.

"You children are the hope of the flock. I visited many Roman Catholic Sunday schools abroad. In a boys' Sunday school in Paris I said mass several times. I also went to both the day and the Sunday schools in Ireland. There the old parochial schools have become national schools, the entire expense being borne by the Government and the managers of the schools being Roman Catholic priests. Next to your own boys' choir, the best one I ever heard is at Fairview, in Dublin. They sing in Gaelic, and the school children in Ireland are now taught the Gaelic spelling and pronunciation.

"In a Genoa side street I saw three little Italian boys playing 'old cat,' and imperiling the street lamps, just as you do. I've come back meaning to make this school better than ever. I had three interviews with the Pope while I was at Rome, and I told him so much about you that he smiled several times, as though he thought I believed that every one in this parish was a saint."

Father Brann denied himself to reporters last night. A statement was made at the parish house, however, by his assistants to the effect that he denies having made any public statements derogatory to Col. Roosevelt in connection with the Vatican incident.

"A Roman Catholic magazine, which had Father Brann's picture on the cover, was published recently," they said. "It contained a comment on Col. Roosevelt by the editor on the Vatican incident. Father Brann had nothing to do with this comment. The article was erroneously attributed to him by the newspapers."

WIVES FREE OF A BIGAMIST.

Self-Styled Count Is Now a Convict in Sing Sing.

The three wives of "Count" Royal von Helden, who is now serving three years and three months in Sing Sing Prison for bigamy, have all obtained divorces from him, and when he is released from prison he will again start life as a bachelor. The wives were witnesses for each other in their different suits, which were brought before Supreme Court Justice Keogh at White Plains.

The first wife of the so-called Count was a Miss Loretta O'Neill of Jersey City, and Justice Keogh now has the testimony in her action for a divorce, which is the last one to be brought, and a decree will be signed this week. Her witnesses were Miss Gertrude Lewis, wife No. 2, of Manhattan, whose marriage to the Count was annulled a few months ago, and Miss Emily Bromback of Mount Vernon, who was the last one to marry von Helden and who was also granted a decree by Judge Keogh.

WILL APPEAL TO HUGHES.

New Haven Commuters Will Ask Him to Stop Increase in Rates.

Residents of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, Larchmont, Mamaroneck, Rye, and Port Chester will go to Albany on Tuesday to ask Gov. Hughes to take action to prevent the New Haven Road from increasing its rates. The delegation will ask Gov. Hughes to send an emergency message to the Legislature urging the passage of Senator Wainwright's bill, which will put the matter of commutation rates on all railroads in this State in the hands of the Public Service Commission.

The delegation to Albany will be made up of members of the Westchester County Chamber of Commerce and other civic bodies, headed by Mayor Edwin W. Fiske of Mount Vernon, Mayor Colwell of New Rochelle, and the heads of the different towns. The statement given out by the New Haven officials that the commuters should be thankful that they have a railroad through the suburban towns, and that there should be no outcry against the increase of fare because the company has been losing money on its commutation tickets was ridiculed by city officials yesterday. Mayor Fiske of Mount Vernon said:

"The statement of the company is absurd. There is no justification in my mind for the company to increase its fares when the large amount of traffic to the suburban towns is considered. Why, the company wants to increase its commutation fares from Mount Vernon to New York, a distance of fourteen miles, from $5.50 to $6.50, whereas, on the Harlem you can travel from White Plains to New York, a distance of twenty-five miles, for $7.35 a month on commutation. I think that the New Haven should be thankful to the people that it has been allowed to make its improvements to the detriment to some extent of some of the communities, and more especially Mount Vernon."

THREE AIR PILOTS QUALIFY.

Ascend and Descend in Big Balloon, Then Make Good Flight.

ORANGE, Mass., May 8.—A unique balloon trip in which three men, Jay B. Benton of Boston, J. Walter Flagg of Worcester, and William Van Sleet of Pittsfield, made their final qualifying ascensions as pilots under a critic, ended near here to-day, after a flight of fifty miles in four and a half hours. Charles J. Glidden of Boston was critic and William Moisan of Pittsfield a passenger.

The ascent was made in the balloon Boston from Pittsfield at 4 o'clock this morning. After rising to a considerable height the balloon was brought to earth ten minutes later, this being repeated twice so that each of the three pilots might handle the air craft separately on the short flights. All three flights were made within the city limits of Pittsfield.

Mr. Glidden left the basket after the third descent, and his place was taken by Mr. Moisan, who with the three pilots started on their long flight. The highest altitude reached was 7,800 feet.

SHACKLETON IN CHICAGO.

Says the King's Death Is a Blow to Antarctic Exploration.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Sir Ernest Shackleton, British polar explorer, accompanied by Lady Shackleton, arrived to-day. The explorer said the death of King Edward was a great blow to antarctic explorations, as the King had materially aided in the Shackleton expeditions.

A gold medal will be presented Lord Shackleton by the Chicago Geographical Society to-morrow night. He will witness the Chicago-New York baseball game at the National League Park to-morrow and will deliver several lectures before his departure for Valparaiso, Ind., on Tuesday.

A NEW LONGWORTH BOOM.

Taft Men Now Want Him to Run Against Harmon in Ohio.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 8.—Although the State Convention is only a short time away, the Republicans of Ohio are still in a quandary as to whom to put up against Gov. Judson Harmon. The leaders have canvassed the State thoroughly, but have been unable to find a man considered strong enough. The organization is badly damaged by feuds, and the party is largely discredited by the record of former Republican officers, who have been exposed by Gov. Harmon.

The first Republican candidate for Governor to be brought out was Congressman Nicholas Longworth. George B. Cox, boss of Cincinnati, believed he could be elected by the Roosevelt sentiment. Taft men did not take kindly to him, and Cox shifted his choice to Judge Brown of Dayton, but the Administration forces brought out Judge Kinkade of Toledo, and a deadlock resulted.

A new turn was given to the situation by the recent declaration of Mr. Longworth in Washington that he was a Taft man through and through, and would remain one under all conditions. As a consequence a new boom for him has been started both in Washington and Ohio by the followers of the Administration. It is said that with him running doubt as to the outcome in Cincinnati would be set at rest. He is a liberal, and the liberal vote of the county and the State would be expected to support him. At the same time, the anti-saloon folk see no enemy to public morals in him. It is believed that Mr. Roosevelt would see that he had fair play.

McCALLA THE MARTINET.

Late Admiral's Strictness Once Won Him a Court-Martial.

It was a near thing as to whether duty or discipline stood first in the principles of the late Rear Admiral Bowman H. McCalla, who died recently. One incident of the trial to which he was subjected in 1890, on his return to New York and the Brooklyn Navy Yard after his cruise as Commander of the Enterprise, sems to put duty first, and his career verifies this.

Capt. McCalla, as he was then known, took out a ship with a hurriedly-recruited crew, and among his enlisted men were many reckless and untrustworthy hooligans, shipped chiefly as firemen, from Brooklyn.

It was one of the Brooklyn recruits, a young man who seemed on his record in the navy to be wholly bad, who was responsible for the charges against Capt. McCalla. The hooligan was intoxicated when he was brought back to the ship after overstaying his shore leave. Capt. McCalla met him at the gangway by chance and made a few remarks. The man retorted with an oath, and the Captain tapped the abusive sailor with his sword scabbard as he ordered the prisoner taken below. The light tap of the sheathed sword made material for a charge of cutting down sailors with his sword. At the trial by court-martial, some odd testimony crept in. Capt. McCalla's strict discipline on his long voyage with the Enterprise had not endeared him to the rough element of the crew. One ancient mariner found his chance when he was called.

"Leftenant Mulligan was officer of the deck one day and a lot of men were skylaking on the forecastle," he said. "'Master of Arms,' sings out the Leftenant, 'order every blankety blankety blank off that deck.' And the Master at Arms bawls out quick so that everybody on the ship hears him: 'Every blankety blank blank get off that deck.' Leftenant Mulligan looks at him a minute and says: 'My man, next time you repeat an order of mine, don't be so literal.'"

UPROAR CAUSED BY A PIN.

Gets Stuck in a Child's Throat and Many Try in Vain to Remove It.

Nine-year-old Mary Arian of 263 North Sixth Street, Williamsburg, caused an uproar in the neighborhood of the house yesterday afternoon when she swallowed a pin.

The girl had the pin in her mouth, when she heard a noise in the street, and while rushing to a window the pin went down her throat.

The girl's screams brought her mother and neighbors. One woman after another tried to extract the pin, but it only went further down, and finally it disappeared. The entire neighborhood was aroused, and hundreds flocked to the Arian home.

A hurry call for an ambulance was sent to the Eastern District Hospital, but Dr. Cohen couldn't dislodge the bit of metal. He wanted to remove the child to the hospital, but her parents objected, so the girl was left at home with the pin still in her throat.

CHURCHES TAKE UP "DEATH AV." FIGHT

Pastors All Over the City Unite in Demanding That Central Tracks Be Torn Up.

A MENACE TO HUMAN LIFE

League Backing the Movement Hopes City Officials Will Now Push Injunction Suit Before Court of Appeals.

The officers of the league organized to do away with the tracks of the New York Central Railroad in Eleventh Avenue, which, owing to the number of deaths due to their presence, has come to be known as "Death Avenue," estimated last night that some 100,000 persons heard from the pulpits of this city yesterday sermons denouncing the conditions there.

The officers of the league feel that the activity of the churches will bring the city officials to a realization of the fact that the present Death Avenue injunction suit must be pressed to a speedy determination in the Court of Appeals.

In his sermon yesterday the Rev. Robert R. White of Faith Presbyterian Church, in West Forty-second Street, said:

> The fundamental question in the case is not whether the railway has the legal right to stay on the surface of Eleventh Avenue, but whether the vital interests of the human beings who must live along the line, especially the interests of the children, demand a change.
>
> There is a point at which the needs of humanity take precedence over the statutory law. Back of any rights which the railway may have under statute or franchise, lies the right of the people to have the necessary business of the city done in the safest and best way possible—the right of the mother to send her child to school or to play in comparative safety, and the right of the child to protection from needless temptation to dangerous forms of play.
>
> In other words, the situation of these tracks on the surface of a street like Eleventh Avenue constitutes a public nuisance, such as no franchise or statute can give the company an unassailable right to perpetuate.
>
> The unanswerable argument for this lies in the long roll of more than 500 dead and 1,500 maimed. Among the latter is one of our own boys, who was maimed for life while climbing upon a moving train on his way home from school.
>
> If there is a safer place for that train to run and do its work for the city, it has no business to be there for the boy to climb upon. There is a safer place, and it is a shame for the company to use its money and its great influence as it does in prolonging the danger to the boy.
>
> The claim that the tracks cannot be depressed is ridiculous. I can cite the existing subways and tunnels from Atlantic Avenue to West Farms, and from Hoboken to Long Island City.
>
> The reason for all this fight and delay and continued killing and maiming is perfectly transparent. It is dollars against children and nothing more. It is cheaper to kill children than it is to build subways—cheaper for the company. But how about the homes along Eleventh Avenue?
>
> As to the manner in which the railway can be obliged to protect its tracks, I am not prepared to advise. I am not a lawyer. But it seems to me it would be well for the company to try to remove the stigma it has brought upon itself by putting aside its dishonorable pretexts and doing cheerfully the thing which it will some day surely be forced to do.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue has frequently discussed Death Avenue in his pulpit. In a statement yesterday he said he would continue to do so. He thought the confidence of the justice of law was impaired when it was felt that the forms of the law were sufficiently pliable in the hands of legal counsel to cover any violation of the spirit of the law.

"An example," he continued, "of this quasi-legal lawlessness lies close at hand in the conduct of that railroad company which has for years refused to lessen its dangers to the public. It has insisted upon its legally dubious right to maim and slaughter men, women, and children on 'Death Avenue.'"

The Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Church of the Ascension, in his sermon last night said he was glad to see that labor organizations were allying themselves with such movements as that demanding removal of the railroad tracks from the surface of "Death Avenue." Such action made for the broadest citizenship, he declared.

"The tracks," he continued, "undoubtedly should be removed. We know they are causing loss of life, and they belong to a past age. The present tendency is toward transportation below the level of the street. The railroad never should have been permitted to go into St. John's Park. A great, congested city, such as New York, is no place for a freight terminal, which should be outside Manhattan."

At the request of Father Malick A. Cunnion of St. Raphael's Catholic Church, Forty-first Street and Tenth Avenue, his assistant, Father Bergin, delivered a sermon yesterday devoted to the work of the league.

"Clergymen are perhaps better fitted than others to note the detriment caused by an evil of this kind," said Father Bergin. "They are in constant touch with the people of the district. We can appreciate the hardships brought about by the conditions. Parents are in constant fear for the lives of their children, and property owners and merchants must put up with financial loss. The final result is moral deterioration.

"The railroad finds it cheaper to pay for a license to kill and maim, in the form of damages, than it would be to depress the tracks and stop the murder. There is not another civilized community in the world where a corporation would be permitted to run trains on the street level through a crowded district like this."

In addition to the sermons, statements, and addresses delivered in churches and chapels of all denominations and synagogues from Saturday morning to last night, petitions were circulated in many west side churches, especially below Forty-second Street, and thousands of signatures were obtained through the exhortations of the pastors to their flocks.

BAILEY TO SPEAK IN NEWARK.

Other Democratic Senators to Fight Republicans Outside of Congress.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—National Democratic legislators have decided to go outside of Congress to help their party in its efforts to defeat the Republicans. With this purpose in view, Senators Bailey of Texas, Johnston of Alabama, and Hughes of Colorado will go to Newark to deliver addresses on Wednesday night at the big political meeting to be held in the opera house there.

President Wilson of Princeton University will preside, and prominent Democrats from various parts of the State will speak. The meeting will be the opening gun in the Democratic campaign in New Jersey, where the Democrats have determined to put up a strong fight at the polls this Fall.

J. P. Sprigg of Essex Falls, N. J., Chairman of the Democratic Union, in explaining the purpose of the Newark meeting, yesterday said:

"Responses to invitations are being received from leading citizens in all parts of the country. The result will be far reaching and important not only to the State of New Jersey, but possibly to the whole country. The necessity for thoughtful men of the Democratic Party to get together and formulate a policy to meet the pressing questions of the day, such as those relating to corporations and trades unions, in opposition to the Republican policy of centralization, has long been felt, and this may be the beginning of such a movement."

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
1:20—255 Clinton St.; A. Kragman		Trifling
2:10—135 West 45th St.; Lillian St. Leon		$500
3:00—28 Macomb's Place; Samuel Benson		$10
6:00—197 Brook Av.; Charles Goldstein		$10
6:20—97-99 Avenue B; Mandel Koes		Trifling
9:30—271 8th Av.; Gould estate		$10
P. M.		
3:00—164 East 112th St.; S. Fisher		Trifling
4:40—262 East 4th St.; Joseph Deusman		$100
4:50—1,946 1st Av.; B. Zurlo		$200
5:05—160 Bleecker St.; unknown		Trifling
5:15—189 Avenue B; unknown		Trifling
7:00—30 Delancey St.; unknown		Trifling
7:10—[illegible] Grand St.; Leon Testini		$500
7:25—[illegible] East 91st St.; A. Lockowitz		Trifling
8:00—112 Ludlow St.; Katz & Co.		$25
[illegible]—867 2d Av.; Morris Pismervitz		$10

DEFINING THE GRAFTERS.

No Difference Between Voting for Money and for Bosses, Says a Senator.

The New Jersey legislators who fail to do their duty by the people are in effect grafters, according to the view of State Senator Harry V. Osborne of Essex County. Mr. Osborne is a Democrat. He does not contend that the legislators at the recent session received money for their votes, but that they voted or killed bills in committee at the behest of their bosses, which he says is just as bad.

The Senator expressed these views on Saturday night before the New England Society of Orange, N. J. He was brought to a discussion of the shortcoming of his colleagues by a question from Frederick W. Kelsey, who wanted to know why it was that Mr. Osborne's bill to bar children under 16 from moving picture shows was held up in committee.

"I can't see why," was the answer, "unless it is that certain interests, wanting the money from these children, simply went to the bosses and told them they wanted the bill killed. The bosses, then, must have gone quietly to the men they controlled and told them to lose track of the measure.

"Thus you see the evils of the boss system. The legislators do as they are told because they want to hold their jobs. They know very well that if they don't they will be put out. There is no difference between that kind of graft and the kind that has the dollar mark on it."

BUILDER STRANGELY MISSING.

C. V. Sutphen Gone Ten Weeks, Faced Bankruptcy.

It became known in Newark yesterday that Court V. Sutphen, a building contractor of 132 Wakeman Avenue, that city, has been missing from his home for more than ten weeks. It had been known by some of his intimate friends for several weeks, but the belief that he would return kept them silent.

The disappearance of Mr. Sutphen revealed that he was involved in financial trouble. It is said that he had worried about his financial affairs of late. When questioned about her husband's absence, Mrs. Sutphen admited that she had not seen him since the day he disappeared. Sutphen is a member of the firm of Sutphen & Waters. He has been in the building business for some sixteen years. Mr. Waters, who lives at 17 Triton Terrace, said that he had not heard anything from his missing partner since he left Newark.

WOMEN AID BREAD STRIKERS.

Their Wives and Daughters Organize to Help in the Movement.

The wives and daughters of the striking bakers to the number of 500 met yesterday morning in the Labor Temple, Eighty-fourth Street and Second Avenue, and were formed into a woman's auxiliary to help the strikers. They were then organized into committees, each to be assigned to a district, to visit the grocery stores, delicatessen shops, and restaurants and ask the proprietors if they are selling union-made bread.

Each committee, in case the reply is in the negative, is to furnish a list of union bakeries. If any of the proprietors of grocery stores selling non-union bread refuse to change their bakeries for union concerns, then the committee will send the names of the proprietors of these concerns to the delegates in the districts where these stores or restaurants are.

The Executive Committee of the strikers held a meeting last night behind closed doors in a hall at 240 East Eightieth Street. The conference lasted several hours, and at the close of the session it was learned that plans had been discussed at the meeting as to the advisability of asking the delivery drivers employed by the bakeries, many of whom are members of the Teamsters' Union, to join in a sympathetic strike.

GRACE CHURCH'S NEW RECTOR

The Rev. Dr. Slattery Preaches His First Sermon Here.

The Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery preached his first sermon yesterday morning as rector of Grace Church. The church was crowded in spite of the bad weather, but Bishop Greer was unable to be present on account of a slight illness. Mrs. Greer and Miss Greer, however, were there, and among others who welcomed the new rector after the service were Levi P. Morton, Mrs. J. Boardman Harriman, Mrs. L. B. Child, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wetherbee, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stickney, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Townsend, and Charles Durand.

In referring to his predecessor, the Rev. Dr. Huntington, Dr. Slattery said:

"I cannot forget to-day the one who in this place gave himself through simple honesty to Christ, that Christ through him might serve many people. I know that you, too, must be thinking of him, for he was your guide and master in the hard places of life. He was to me also a guide and a master.

"I come to-day not to take his place. That I could not do. What I can do is to urge that we all stand together, who have the common bond of his friendship, and in our corporate life as members of Grace Church give ourselves somewhat as he gave himself, to be an instrument through a willing surrender, to let Christ's light and Christ's love shine out upon the people, who day by day enter His church or come within its influence."

JERSEY MASONS CELEBRATE.

Fiftieth Anniversary of the Knights Templar in That State.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 8.—With an aggregate of 3,500 members in the nineteen commanderies of Knights Templar in New Jersey the Tuesday afternoon parade of the order here promises to be the brilliant part of the fiftieth anniversary of the organization in this State. The programme starts with the meeting of the order tomorrow. Officers will be elected on Tuesday after the parade.

The dinner of the order to-morrow evening will be the largest Masonic affair ever held in this city. The most eminent Knights Templar in the United States will be present and the toastmaster will be Right Eminent Sir I. Layton of Camden.

Among the guests will be Arthur McArthur of New York, Grand Generalissimo of the Grand Encampment of the United States and Thomas J. Shrylock, Past Grand Master of Maryland, who was Grand Master of Symbolic Masonry in that State for twenty-five years, a record only equaled by the late King Edward, who, as Prince of Wales, was Grand Master of the craft in England for the same number of years.

The speakers will be ex-Gov. Edward C. Stokes, Alton H. Sherman, Grand Master of Ancient Craft Masonry of New Jersey; Samuel G. Rudderow of Camden, Grand High Priest of the Royal Arch Masons of New Jersey; Charles H. Mohn of West Hoboken, Grand Master of New Jersey; Charles J. Hazard of Hightstown, Deputy Grand Commander of New Jersey, and the Rev. George C. Maddock of this city, Grand Prelate of New Jersey.

Heinze Jurors Give a Sunday Concert

The Federal jurymen who are hearing the trial against Fritz Augustus Heinze for violations of the National banking laws kept close to the Astor House for the most part yesterday, on account of the weather. In the morning some of them attended church, while others went walking. In the evening an impromptu concert was given in the parlor of the hotel. Deputy Marshal George Buschell played at the piano, and several jurors and Deputy Marshals sang popular songs and gave recitations. Several of the jurors were visited by their wives and other members of their families.

Locate the Loser.

If this meets the eye of the finder of an article of value let him consult the Lost and Found column of The New York Times. The chances are that the loser is advertising his Loss in to-day's issue. If you do not find his announcement insert a small Found advertisement and the chances are you will locate the owner.—Adv.

WOULD IMITATE PARIS IN BEAUTY ALONE

Mayor McCarthy Disclaims Any Desire to Make San Francisco a "Frisky" City.

HERE TO CLAIM THE FAIR

Going to Dine with Taft and Show Why San Francisco Should Have It —Uncle Sam's Cash Not Needed.

Anxious to consign Francis J. Heney and all of his graft-hunting associates to a long life and a merry one on the furthest edge of the continent from California, San Francisco's Labor Union Mayor, P. H. McCarthy, arrived in this city last night. With Gov. Gillett of California, he heads a delegation from the Golden West which is in quest of the Government's sanction for a Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915 to celebrate the completion of the ditch across the Isthmus.

Mayor McCarthy talked freely of the committee's plans at the Knickerbocker last night.

"We came to Washington," he said, "feeling sure New Orleans was going to be a hard competitor. Before we came we practically whipped San Diego out of the running, and felt it was no longer a three-cornered fight. Now we feel that we're going to win with hardly any struggle at all, for New Orleans could muster only $300,000 after weeks of effort, while in San Francisco the other night the people, many of whom were wandering around homeless after the big fire just four years ago, subscribed $5,000,000 in just twenty minutes.

"And since it's our show we don't want the Government to give us a cent. We'll pay the fiddler ourselves. All we want Uncle Sam to do is to invite the foreign Ministers and tell them they'll have a good time, and put up his own part of the exhibit—whatever he happens to wish to.

"President Taft invited us to dinner, and we're going back to Washington to keep the appointment he made with us for Wednesday evening. To-morrow evening we are to be guests at a dinner at the Hotel Astor arranged by some of our friends here."

Gov. Gillett left Washington at midnight and arrived here early this morning. He sent ahead of him an official statement outlining ten reasons why the whole country should unite in making San Francisco's fair a big and successful one.

Mayor McCarthy seemed to have Mr. Heney on his mind a bit, and said several things about him, including the statement that he was glad that he was going to become an ex-Californian, and planned to adopt New York as his permanent home.

"The worst of that reform gang," said the Mayor, "was that they tried so hard to give San Francisco a bad name. Now it is true I am trying to make San Francisco the Paris of America. But that is because Paris is the most beautiful of the world's cities—not because it is the friskiest. I am doing all in my power, by building boulevards, beautiful edifices, parks, and playgrounds, to make the city pleasing to the eye. The American who goes abroad just to find wickedness needn't think that San Francisco is a substitute. It isn't, and it isn't going to be. But the decent American who thinks of Paris as a city of wonderful architectural and natural beauty can come to San Francisco for its most perfect American rival.

"Graft died in San Francisco on Nov. 2 last, and it's not going to be resurrected. Schmitz had his day, and so did Ruef, and their day is over."

Mayor McCarthy, who was once a carpenter and still keeps his union card, declared that capital and labor in California have learned the art of getting along together, and that nowadays they seldom or never find ground on which to quarrel, and would never think of breaking the agreements on which they work in unison. By keeping up a high rate of wages after the earthquake, he said, the city had found its salvation, for its working classes all had money enough to keep the Sheriff's padlocks off the doors of the harried merchants. He pointed with pride to the fact that bank Presidents and union men were both numbered among his supporting delegates on the present tour.

ERIE DOESN'T EXPECT STRIKE.

Men Are Intelligent Enough to Know It Can't Increase Wages, Officer Says.

It was said yesterday on behalf of the Erie Railroad, whose trainmen and conductors are voting on the question of a general strike for the Baltimore & Ohio standard of wages, that an amicable settlement was still looked for. A representative of the company said:

"A vote to strike does not necessarily mean a strike. The committees of the trainmen and conductors are intelligent enough to realize that some roads are in a better position to grant the increases than others. The Erie has been spending a great deal of money in building up its service, and just now is only meeting expenses without declaring dividends, while the other roads which have settled have no such handicap. The committees in the other cases have not adhered to their original demands. In the case of the Erie the wages now demanded would be in some cases 65 per cent. increase on present wages."

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GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. TO-NIGHT AT 8:15. Henry Miller & CO. in "HER HUSBAND'S WIFE."

LYCEUM B'way & 45th St., at 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. Charles Cherry A Melodramatic Farce, "THE SPITFIRE."

HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE SPENDTHRIFT with EDMUND BREESE.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. Only at 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy and 3 times as funny." FRANCIS WILSON THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. Only at 2. LAST 6 NIGHTS. BEST OF ALL MUSICAL PLAYS, THE DOLLAR PRINCESS. NEXT MON.—Seats Thurs.—THE ARCADIANS.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Sat. only at 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.

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JOE WEBER'S B'y & 29th. Ev. 8:20. Ladies' Mat. Wed. Best Seats $1.00. THE CLIMAX By Edward Locke.

GAIETY B'WAY & 46th ST. EVS. 8:15. MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15. THE FORTUNE HUNTER WITH JOHN BARRYMORE

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. Greatest Comedy Hit in 20 Years. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Prices 25c. to $1.00. LAST WEEK THE LION AND THE MOUSE Bargain Matinee Wed., 25c. and 50c. Regular Mat. Wed. & Sat., 2. Evgs. 8:15. Next Week Rose Stahl in The Chorus Lady

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. 5TH MONTH H. B. WARNER IN ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE

MADISON SQR. GARDEN Now Twice Daily, 2:15-8:15 Only 6 Days More. Buffalo Bill's Personal Farewell to New York.

BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST
BOTH SIDES OF THE WORLD
PAWNEE BILL'S FAR EAST

COWBOYS—INDIANS—RIDERS—CAVALRY—BATTLE OF SUMMIT SPRINGS—PRAIRIE FIRE—MILITARY TOURNAMENT ALL NATIONS. Prices, 25c., 50c., 75c., $1, $1.50. Box Seats, $2.50. Children, Half Price to Matinee Only. Let The Youngsters SEE BUFFALO BILL FOR THE LAST TIME.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Carrie De Mar, Paris by Night, Ed F. Reynard, Al Jolson, others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Miss FANNIE WARD & Co., Bert Williams, Odiva, Dan Burke, others.

BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c B. A. Rolfe's Rolfonians, Rooney & Bent, Jack Wilson & Co., others.

PLAZA 59th St., Mad. Av. Daily Mats. 25c. Evs. 25c, 50c, 75c. CLARK & HAMILTON, FIELDS & LEWIS, Rice & Cohen, Violinsky, others.

American W. 42 St., n'r B'way. DAILY MAT 25c. To-day, American Premier CISSIE CURLETTE. Tremendous Sensation. LA ROBE DE NUIT. And 10 other big acts.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily. 25 & 50c. The Futurity Winner, Flanagan & Edwards, Chas. & Fannie Van, Mabel McCane, others.

CITY THEATRE E. 14th St. Eve. & Sat. Mats. 25c. to $1. Wed. Mat. 25c.-75c. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. ROBERT HILLIARD in "A FOOL THERE WAS."

STUYVESANT THE BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents (LAST 6 NIGHTS) THE LILY

MURRAY HILL Thea. Mat. To-day. Smoking THE JERSEY LILIES.

COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.

Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY, MARDI GRAS BEAUTIES.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME Entire Block, 6th Ave., 43d-44th Sts. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c.-$1.50. LAST 2 WEEKS. Entire Circus by 50 Little People | A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth

HACKETT 42d. W. of B'way. To-night at 8:15 Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY Entire Lyric Theatre Cast.

LYRIC 42d. W. of B'way. To-morrow Eve. 8:15 Wm. A. Brady (Ltd.) All-Star Production JIM THE PENMAN
Wilton Lackaye ✱ John Mason
Theodore Roberts ✱ Arthur Forrest
Florence Roberts ✱ Marguerite Clark
Jeffreys Lewis ✱ Grace Reals
Thurlow Bergen ✱ Ernest Glendinning
Frederick Paulding ✱ Louis Massen
✱ George Barnum
Staged by Lawrence Marston. Greatest Crime Play Ever Written. PRICES FROM 50c. TO $2.00.

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Evs 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. MARIE DRESSLER TILLIE'S NIGHTMARE

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. DE WOLF HOPPER in A Matinee Idol, with Louise Dresser.

Nazimova's 39TH ST. Theatre 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. MME. NAZIMOVA In Ibsen's LITTLE EYOLF.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE. 39th St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Mabel Barrison LULU'S HUSBANDS Harry Conor

BROADWAY Thea. B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The JOLLY BACHELORS with NORA BAYES

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Whitney Opera Co. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER Last Week.

71st Regt. Armory 34th St. & Park Ave. OPENING THIS AFTERNOON AT 1 O'CLOCK. 6 DAYS ONLY. DAILY, 1 P. M. to 6 P. M. and 7:30 P. M. to Midnight.
ACTORS' FUND FAIR
WM. H. TAFT PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES INAUGURATES THE FAIR.
3,000 THEATRICAL FOLK will participate. MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF COUNTLESS VARIETY OF ATTRACTIVE ORNAMENTAL & USEFUL ARTICLES. Brilliant Resplendant Festival. CONCERTS & STAGE PERFORMANCES All the prominent Artists now in the city will appear.
CONCERTS: THIS AFTERNOON MAX F. SCHMIDT'S Combined Band 125 Pieces. | TO-NIGHT 29TH INFANTRY BAND OF U. S. A.
TO-NIGHT at 9 o'clock in Theatre FRIARS' CLUB MINSTRELS.
General Admission 50c RES'V'D SEATS 50c. Xtra. Tickets all Hotels & Armory.

BRIGHTON BEACH MOTORDROME FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NEXT. 24-HOUR AUTOMOBILE RACE Starts eight o'clock Friday Night. Express train service every ten minutes from Brooklyn Bridge to track. Field Seats 50c. Grand Stand $1.50.

CONEY ISLAND'S GREATER DREAMLAND Opens Next Saturday Completely Changed—50 New Shows. AGAIN—1910—AGAIN Everything New But the Ocean.

Huber's 14th ST. Museum 2d Big Week of J. M. Moore's New Orleans Minstrels Allie Gillam & 20 People. Nick Murphy & Co., Hill's Dogs, The Dexters, Evans & Evans & others.

SPRINGER'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE ADOLF PHILIPP ALMA WO WOHNST DU?

EDEN MUSEE World in Wax. King Edward Lying in State. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Hewes, the famous "White Yogi."

HAMMERSTEIN'S DELLA FOX, BERT WILLIAMS, Models of Jardin de Paris & 8 other acts.